#### RECEIVED

AUG 12 1996
MPCA, HAZARDOUS
WASTE DIVISION

# Limited Site Investigation/RI Report

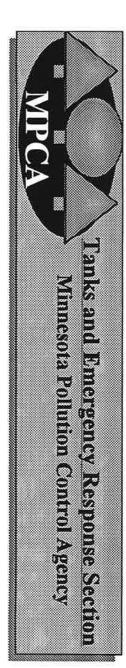
Leak #00008723
Holiday Stationstore #022
5247 Minnehaha Avenue South
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Prepared for Holiday Stationstores, Inc.

August 1996



Engineening Company 8300 Norman Center Drive Minneapolis, MN 55437 Phone: (612) 832-2600 Fax: (612) 832-2601



#### Remedial Investigation Report Form RECEVED

Fact Sheet #3.24 April 1996

AUG 12 1996

a Limited Site Investigation is applicable to this site, Section 6 and Section 7 may be deleted from this This form must be completed for all sites in which a remedial investigation (RI) is conducted—BIVISION includes either a *Limited Site Investigation (LSI)* or a *full RI*. Completing this form will provide the MPCA with the minimum amount of information necessary for a *full RI*. Additional information should be included if deemed important for making a site cleanup decision. If the consultant has concluded that MPCA, HAZARDOUS

Refer to MPCA fact sheet #3.19 "Leaking Underground Storage Tank Investigation and Cleanup Policy" for guidance for the overall objectives of an RI and other MPCA fact sheets regarding investigations.

and #3.7 "Excavation Report Worksheet for Petroleum Release Sites" for reporting requirements When a tank has been excavated, refer to fact sheets #3.6 "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil"

Product: Evaluation and Recovery" and fact sheet #3.4 "Free Product Recovery Report Worksheet." If free product is discovered, the initial reporting should be done in accordance with fact sheet #3.3 "Free

Leak Number: LEAK0000 8723	Date: August 29, 1995
Responsible Party: <u>Holiday Stationstores, Inc.</u>	R.P. phone #: <u>(612)830-8899</u>
Facility Name: Holiday Stationstore No. 022	
Facility Address: <u>5247 Minnehaha Avenue</u>	City: Minneapolis, MN
County: Hennepin	Zip Code: <u>55417</u>
Location of site: LAT: <u>483.831</u> LONG: <u>4,973,726</u>	73,726 Circle one: UTM

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1: Emergency and High Priority Sites

SECTION 2: Site and Release Information

SECTION 3: **Excavated Soil Information** 

MPCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

AUG 12 1996

RECEIVED

SECTION 4: Extent and Magnitude of Soil Contamination

Aquifer Characteristics/Ground Water Contamination Assessment

**SECTION 5**:

**SECTION 6:** Extent and Magnitude of Groundwater Contamination

**SECTION 7: Evaluation of Natural Biodegradation** 

**SECTION 8:** Well Receptor Information/Assessment

SECTION 9: Surface Water Risk Assessment

SECTION 10: Vapor Risk Assessment/Survey

SECTION 11: Discussion Section

**SECTION 12:** Conclusions and Recommendations

SECTION 13: Required Figures

SECTION 14: Appendices

SECTION 15: Consultant (or other) information

## Section 1: Emergency and High Priority Sites

4.	'n	2.	1.
Has the release occurred in the last 30 days?	Is there an existing surface water impact as indicated by 1) a product sheen on the surface water or 2) a product sheen or volatile organic compounds in the part per million range in ground water in a well located close to the surface water.	Are there existing vapor impacts?	Is an existing drinking water well impacted?
NO	NO	NO	NO

9 S Is sand or gravel aquifer impacted which is tapped by water wells within or potentially within 500 feet from the edge of the plume or does impacted soil Has free product been detected at the site? YES NO

overlie a karsted limestone or fractured bedrock? If yes, explain:

approximately with the soil/bedrock interface. Platteville limestone is present at about 20 feet beneath the site. The water table corresponds

to reduce or eliminate the risk posed by the release. If you answered YES to any of questions 1 through 6 above describe below the actions taken to date

The groundwater in the bedrock was investigated to determine whether it had been impacted. See

### Section 2: Site and Release Information

2.1 Describe the land use and pertinent geographic features within 1,000 feet of the site

and the Mississippi River bluffs). areas occupy the area west and south of the site. East of the site is open parkland (Minnehaha Park The land use adjacent to the site along Minnehaha Avenue is primarily commercial. Residential

Table 1.

Provide the following for <u>all</u> tanks that have been at the site:

Н	ı					
Removed 8/29/95	-	~25 yrs.	Gasoline	12,000 gal.	TSU	3
Removed 8/29/95	-	~25 yrs.	Gasoline	12,000 gal.	TSU	2
Removed 8/29/95	_	~25 yrs.	Gasoline	10,000 gal.	TSU	1
Status*		Age	Contents	Capacity	AST	Tank #
					UST or	

<sup>\*</sup>Indicate: removed (date), abandoned in place (date), or currently used

Notes:

2.2 those tanks listed above. Describe the status of the other components of the tank system(s), (i.e., piping and dispensers) for

8,000-gallon gasoline tanks. All piping and dispensers were also removed and replaced with up-to-date systems with leak prevention/detection devices (see Figure 2). All tanks, piping, and dispensers were removed from the site and were replaced with three

2.3 Identify and describe the source or suspected source(s) of the release.

dispenser leaks based on the pattern of soil contamination (see Figures 3 and 4). Actual source(s) of release are unknown. It is suspected that the sources were via tank overfills and

- 2.4 What was the volume of the release? (if known): Unknown gallons .
- 2.5 When did the release occur? (if known): Unknown

### Section 3: Excavated Soil Information

3.1 Was soil excavated for off-site treatment?

YES

If YES then complete the fact sheet #3.7 "Excavation Report Worksheet for Petroleum Release Sites" and include it as an appendix.

Date excavated:

8/29-9/12/95

Volume removed:

593 cubic yards

		3.2
Name and location of treatment facility:		3.2 Indicate soil treatment type:
C.S. McCrossan, Inc.; Maple Grove, MN	X_ thermal treatment composting/biopiling other (	land treatment

# Section 4: Extent and Magnitude of Soil Contamination

		4.1
areas)?	(e.g., UST basins, AST areas, piping, dispensers, remote fill pipes, known spill	Were soil borings conducted in or immediately adjacent to all likely source areas
		YES

4.2 completed at least five feet below the water table or ten feet below the deepest measurable (field screening and visual observation) contamination, whichever is deeper. Were all soil borings completed to the required depth? To adequately define the vertical extent of contamination soil borings should be NO

Borings were advanced to the top of bedrock.

4.3 To adequately evaluate site stratigraphy at least one boring should be completed 20 feet below the water table, unless a confining layer is present. Was this done? NO

The water table was approximately coincident with the bedrock surface.

and MPCA approval for depth of drilling): Ground Water Investigations Performed During Remedial Investigations" regarding exceptions If you answered NO to any of the three previous questions, explain why the borings were not conducted in the required locations or to the required depths (see fact sheet #3.19 "Soil and

				4.4
				Indicate the drilling method:
Note		×		×
Note: contact MPCA staff hydro before use of flight augers)	other (	X push probes—soil borings (5)	. sonic drilling	4.4 Indicate the drilling method: $X$ hollow-stem auger—upper well bores (3)

Table 2.

Complete the following table indicating jar headspace results (in ppm) for soil samples from soil borings.

ASTM Soil Classification	Depth		=		Soil	Soil Boring			
	(ft)	GP-1	GP-2	GP-3	GP-4	GP-5	MW-1	GP-1   GP-2   GP-3   GP-4   GP-5   MW-1   MW-2   MW-3	MW-3
SP	5–7 or 4–6	Ι	_	0.3	5.0	9.2	1.3	1.1	2.1
SP	10-12 or 9-11	I	Ì	1.1	2.1	8.7	1.0	1.2	4.0
SP	15-17 or 14-16	28	310	4.8	9.0	32	0.4	1.0	1.8
SP	17–19	2.7	230		F		-	1	1
SP	19–21	Ī	ĵ		Î		52	0.4	2.4
Limestone at 20-21 ft.	_	ī	1		1		I	1	1

Notes: PID measurements in ppm.

— Not sampled.

Locations shown on Figure 5. See logs in Appendix D.

Table 3.

Indicate the laboratory analytical results for soil samples in mg/kg.

<b>Benzene</b> <0.050 <0.050 <0.050 <0.050
Ethylbenzene <0.050 <0.050 <0.050 <0.050
Ethylbenzene         Xylene           <0.050

Notes: (use less than symbols to show detection limits)

NA: Not Analyzed

Locations shown on Figure 5. See Matrix Report in Appendix B.

Table 4.

samples. Indicate contaminant and list in reported units mg/kg. Indicate other notable contaminants (either petroleum or non-petroleum derived) detected in soil

Well/Boring, Depth (ft)	Date Analyzed			
NA				

Notes:

4.5 If any non-petroleum compounds were detected list them below and identify possible sources of these compounds.

NA

4.6 Describe the vertical and horizontal extent and magnitude of soil contamination

removed to a depth of 15 to 16 feet. These were the most impacted areas of the site. Contaminated soil remains beneath each basin and in the west sidewall of basin No. 1. The base of tank basin at 450 ppm remaining at the base and 770 ppm in the west sidewall soil. sampling (Appendix A) and the soil borings. Soil contamination in the two tank basins was No. 2/3 had GRO soil contamination remaining of 3,000 to 4,300 ppm. Basin No. 1 showed GRO The horizontal extent of soil contamination is depicted on Figures 3 and 4 based on the excavation

north and middle dispensers after excavation had GRO concentrations of 40 and 68 ppm; the south impacted soil (upper 5 feet) was removed from the dispenser areas. The bottom samples from the The soil contamination in the area of the dispensers appeared to be less than in the basin areas. Soil in the dispenser areas was generally discolored, light grey, with stale petroleum odors. The most had no detected concentrations. Boring GP-3 through GP-5 showed limited horizontal spreading from the dispenser areas.

#### Section 5: Aquifer Characteristics/Ground Water Contamination **Assessment**

	5.1
information for the determination in the Methodologies appendix:	Indicate the hydraulic conductivity and the method used to determine it. Attach all supporting

			$2 \times 10^{-2}$
			cm/sec*
Hazen approximation from grain-size distribution	permeability test	slug test	X estimate from reference

- Estimated from previous tests on the Platteville limestone in the area (U.S. Air Force Base, Barr, 1993).
- determine the aquifer thickness, assume the aquifer is greater than 20 feet thick: Indicate the thickness of the aquifer. If the investigation does not provide enough information to

- Assumes Platteville Formation is greater than 20 feet thick above the Glenwood Shale in the
- 5.3 Describe in detail the geology underlying the site including confining layers, bedrock formations and the lateral extent of these formations:

table approximately coincides with the alluvium/bedrock contact. The Geologic Atlas of Hennepin site is a thin layer of silty to clayey sand fill over sand alluvial terrace deposits with minor clay County (MGS, 1989) confirms the stratigraphy. Refer to boring logs (Appendix D) and Figure 6 for geologic information. The stratigraphy of the Bedrock (Platteville limestone) is present at a depth of approximately 20 feet. The water

aquifer if one of the following situations exist: The impacted aquifer or the aquifer that is likely to be impacted at the site is considered a resource

- The aquifer is a current water supply source
- minimum thickness of 10 feet. The water bearing unit has a hydraulic conductivity greater than  $1 \times 10^{-2}$  cm/sec and a
- The water bearing unit has a hydraulic conductivity between  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  cm/sec and  $1 \times 10^{-2}$ cm/sec <u>and</u> a minimum thickness of 20 feet.
- viable source of water supply is available. (Bedrock may be considered a resource aquifer if it The water bearing unit has a hydraulic conductivity less than 1 X 10<sup>-4</sup> cm/sec and no other is the only water supply available.)

5.4 Based on the aquifer characteristics and water supply availability, is the aquifer at the site a resource aquifer?

YES

5.5 If other water supplies are available, explain.

The site is within the city limits of Minneapolis. City water has been available in the area for many

5.6 Are there any other reasons the impacted aquifer should not be considered a resource aquifer?

The Platteville Formation is generally not considered an aquifer in the area. Areas wells are completed within the St. Peter Formation or deeper aquifers.

Table 5.

Indicate the water level measured in all of the soil borings.

NA	18	NA	18.5	19	Water Level Depth, ft. 19
GP-5	GP-4	GP-3	GP-2	GP-1	
		Soil Boring			×

Notes: See boring logs (Appendix D).

5.7 Is contaminated soil in contact with ground water?

YES

If YES or if ground water contamination appears likely then complete tables 6 and 7 below.

0

Table 6.

Indicate the laboratory analytical results for water samples collected from the borings, temporary wells

		_		_			
			*	GP-4	GP-2	GP-1	Well/Boring Number
				9/5/95	9/5/95	9/5/95	Date Analyzed
				<1.0	<200	4.0	Benzene
				<1.0	2,200	<1.0	Toluene
				<1.0	2,100	3.0	Ethylbenzene
				2	17,000	14	Xylene
4				<100	43,000	170	GRO
				<250	<50,000	<250	DRO

Notes: Concentrations in µg/L. See Matrix Report in Appendix B.

Table 7.

Indicate other notable contaminants (either petroleum or non-petroleum derived) detected in water samples collected from the borings, temporary wells or push probes. Indicate contaminant and report in units of  $\mu g/L$  (ppb).

			NA	Boring nber
				Date Analyzed

Notes: No other compounds were analyzed.

5.8 the HRLs. Also, identify possible sources of these compounds. If any non-petroleum compounds were detected list them below and indicate whether they exceed

No other compounds were analyzed.

5.9 professional opinion during a site visit? during site activities, referenced from geologic information, or estimated based on If contaminated soil is not in contact with ground water, what is the distance separating the deepest contamination from the surface of the water table? Was this distance measured

A limited area of contaminated soil is in contact with groundwater in the former tank basin areas

5.10 Describe observations of any evidence of a fluctuating water table and a seasonal high water table natural water table fluctuations in the area. (e.g., mottling). Also, from other sources of information describe the range of

the monitoring wells over a two-month period. No field evidence of fluctuating water table in borings. Up to 2 feet of fluctuation was observed in

5.11In your judgment, is there a sufficient distance separating the petroleum contaminated petroleum release (i.e., volume, when it occurred, petroleum product). explanation consider the data and information of this section as well as the nature of the petroleum contamination of the resource aquifer? Please explain in detail. In your soil (or an impacted non-resource aquifer) from the underlying resource aquifer to prevent

NO

contributing sources to the soil (former unlined tanks/dispensers) have been removed already present at the water table. The site is capped by concrete (limiting infiltration) and further further migration of soil contaminants to the water table would be anticipated beyond what is the site. Only a thin zone of impacted soil remains at the water table beneath the former tanks. No Contaminated soil is in contact with the groundwater, however, the bulk of soil was removed from

### Additional Ground Water Investigation

sections following Section 7 must be completed. separating the petroleum contaminated soil (or an impacted non-resource aquifer) from the underlying Minnesota Department of Health Health Risk Limits (HRLs), 2) a resource aquifer has been impacted below the HRLs, but the levels are likely to reach the HRLs, or 3) there is an insufficient distance resource aquifer. Regardless of whether you are submitting a Limited Site Investigation or a full RI, all Complete Section 6 and Section 7 only if: 1) a resource aquifer has been impacted at or above

### Section 6. **Extent and Magnitude of Groundwater Contamination**

Table 8.

Monitoring well construction.

_	_	_	Z.
MW-3	MW-2	MW-1	Well Number
578613	578611	578612	Unique Well Number
4/30-5/10/96	4/30-5/10/96	4/30-5/10/96	Date Installed
99.88	100.21	99.61	Relative Surface Elevation
At-grade	1.9'	2.0'	Riser Height Above Grade
68.9'	62.3'	65.6'	Bottom of Well (Elevation)
77.0–68.9'	73.3–62.3'	74.6–65.6'	Screen Interval (Elev Elev.)

Notes: Site relative elevation reference from "x" on top of light pole concrete base in northwest corner of property along Minnehaha Avenue (B.M. relative elevation = 100.00 ft.).

Table 9.

Water table summary.

80.54' 82.51'	19.2' 16.2'	NA NA	21.05 16.21	7/2/96 5/16/96	MW-3
77.94'	21.8'	NA	23.65	5/16/96	MW-2
80.66'	18.5'	NA	20.51	7/2/96	
80.45	18.7	NA	20.72	5/16/96	MW-1
Relative Groundwater Elevation	Water Below Grade	Product Thickness	from Top of Casing	Date	Well Number
	Depth of		Depth of Water		

Notes: See Figures 7 and 8 for groundwater contours. Groundwater is above open-hole intervals.

6.1 Were any deep monitoring wells completed at the site?

If YES, which are deep wells?

NO

others and wells could not be completed across the rock interface according to well code, all three Since groundwater is below the rock interface in some portions of the site and above the interface in

set casings several feet into the rock to keep an open hole. monitorable groundwater unit. Caving weathered bedrock in the upper 2 to 3 feet caused need to wells were constructed as open to bedrock boreholes below the rock interface in order to provide a

connected to a resource aquifer presently utilized by a water supply well located within 500 feet of and placement. A deep monitoring well may be necessary if 1) contamination exist more than 10 feet below the water table or 2) the impacted aquifer is a resource aquifer or is hydraulically Before a deep well is installed contact the MPCA project hydrologist for guidance on its necessity

Provide estimates of the following additional aquifer parameters:

Pore velocity: Hydraulic Conductivity (K) Porosity: Horizontal Gradient (dh/dl): Flow direction: Vertical Gradient (dv/dl):  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ East 0.20 (average linear velocity) Unknown  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  to  $4 \times 10^{-2}$ 63 to 1,200 meters/year m/s

#### Table 10.

All ground water monitoring data should be collected from a minimum of two quarterly sampling events.

Indicate the laboratory analytical results for water samples.

Well #	Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylene	MTBE	GRO	DRO
MW-1	5/20/96	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	1
	7/11/96	<0.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	t	<50	1
MW-2	5/20/96	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	1
	7/11/96	<0.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1	<50	1
MW-3	5/20/96	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	1
	7/11/96	<0.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1	<50	1

Notes: (All units  $\mu g/L$ , < denotes detection limits.)

Table 11.

Indicate other notable contaminants (either petroleum or non-petroleum derived) detected in water

	мw-з	MW-2	MW-1	Well #
	5/20/96	5/20/96	5/20/96	Date Analyzed
	2.7	1.9	<1.0	1,2 DCA
			i.	

Notes: units in µg/L

- 6.2 the HRLs. Also, identify possible sources of these compounds. If any non-petroleum compounds were detected list them below and indicate whether they exceed
- the HRL of 4 μg/L. Potential source upgradient of the site is unknown. 1,2-Dichloroethane was detected at the site in MW-2 and MW-3 samples at concentrations below
- 6.3 Is there a clean or nearly clean (below HRLs) downgradient monitoring well located along the longitudinal axis of the contaminant plume? (approximately 20 degrees plus or minus the axis)

shown no impacts. Wells MW-2 and MW-1 are situated downgradient or slightly sidegradient of the plume and have

6.4 Is there a worst case well completed through the source area of the release?

NO

completed in the required location. If you have answered NO to any of the above three questions, please explain why a well was not

investigation (see Table 6 and Figure 5). A groundwater sample was collected at each of the worst-case locations during the limited site

6.5 Provide an estimate of the longitudinal length of the dissolved contaminant

NA feet

No plume was identified

#### 6.6 Describe the extent and magnitude of the ground water contamination:

The maximum groundwater concentrations were detected at the locations of the former tank basins (GP-1 at 170  $\mu$ g/L GRO; GP-2 at 43,000  $\mu$ g/L GRO). Only trace amounts of xylenes were detected in the dispenser area water sample. No impacts were noted in water samples collected from within the bedrock downgradient of the site.

## Section 7: Evaluation of Natural Attenuation

Table 12.

Complete the bioactivity data in the table below. Data should be from two quarterly rounds of sampling. Refer to the fact sheet #3.21 "Assessment of Natural Biodegradation at Petroleum Tank Release Sites" for acceptable methodologies and indicate the chosen method in the Methodologies appendix.

_	 	_			_		_	_	
				MW-3		MW-2		MW-1	Mon V
			7/2/96	MW-3 5/16/96	7/2/96	MW-2 5/16/96	7/2/96	MW-1 5/16/96	Monitoring Well
			13	13.3	13	12.9	12	11.5	Temp. ∘C
			7.1	6.9	7.1	6.9	7.0	6.9	рН
			0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)
			0	0		0	I	0-2.5	Nitrate (mg/L)
			7	7	7	6	9	6	(Fe II) (mg/L)
			0.15	0	0	0	0	0	(H <sub>2</sub> S, HS <sup>-</sup> ) (mg/L)

#### Notes:

7.1 inorganic parameters inside and outside the plume. Discuss the results of the bioactivity evaluation. Specifically, compare the concentrations of the

variation of inorganic parameters between wells. Temperature and pH conditions are optimal to support natural degradation. None of the wells showed impacts from petroleum compounds; therefore, there is no significant

7.2 In your judgment, is natural biodegradation occurring at this site? Please explain

YES

remaining impacted groundwater appears to be of limited areal extent. provide optimal conditions for biologic activity. The bulk of the source area has been removed and data. However, the thin, sandy, porous water table area where the contaminants were noted should It is difficult to evaluate with certainty the degree of natural attenuation at the site based on the site

# Section 8: Well Receptor Information/Assessment

Include in the appendices of this report: 1) a list of addresses within 500 feet from the edge of the plume and confirmation of status of water supply from the city utility billing department; 2) well logs; and 3) map showing ½ mile radius, 500 foot radius, water supply wells, other potential petroleum sources, and addresses for properties within 500 feet.

Table 13.

Complete the following table for all water supply wells located within 500 feet of the edge of the plume and any municipal or industrial wells found within ½ mile.

						NA	Unique Well #
							Ground Elevation
							Total Depth (ft)
							Base of Casing (ft)
							Static Elevation
							Aquifer
							Use
							Owner
							Distance & Direction from site

No wells were located within 500 feet. Three wells were present within 1/2 mile of the site as in Figure 9. No municipal or industrial wells were indicated. Well logs are presented in Appendix F.

Notes:

8. *I* Is municipal water available in the area?

- YES
- 8.2 plume successfully contacted to determine if water wells are present? If No, please explain. Were all property owners within 500 feet of the nearest edge of the contaminant

NO

Property owners were not contacted. Addresses were provided to the City of Minneapolis for comparison to water records. All addresses were reportedly connected to city water.

8.3 conducted at nearby water wells. Comment on the risks to water supply wells identified within 500 found within  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile. Specifically indicate whether water supply wells identified utilize the feet from the edge of the plume as well as the risk posed by or to any municipal or industrial wells Discuss the results of the ground water receptor survey and any analytical results from sampling

considered a separate aquifer.) impacted aquifer. (Note: an impacted aquifer separated from another aquifer by a clay lens is not

the release areas where groundwater intersects the bedrock. Therefore, the location, distance, and The two wells located upgradient of the site are screened within the St. Peter Sandstone and the wells are located 3/8 to 1/2 mile away. The well located in the most downgradient direction depths of the potential receptors suggest limited risks associated with groundwater from the site to area wells. Impacted groundwater from the site does not appear to be present in the bedrock downgradient of (241537) is a deep well open to the Prairie du Chien, Jordan, to the Mt. Simon formations.

one half mile of the site Please give the name, t information.		Ø A
e, or one mile downgradient of the site if the aquifer is fractured? itle and phone number of the person that was contacted for this	one half mile of the site, or one mile downgradient of the site if the aquifer is fractured?  Please give the name, title and phone number of the person that was contacted for this information.	Are there can along for aroundwater develonment in the impacted agrifer within
NO	ON	

thickness. The Platteville formation may not be used as a source of groundwater in the area per Platteville (MGS Hennepin County Geologic Atlas, 1989; Plate 8 of 9). Minnesota Department of Health well code due to an insufficient overburden thickness above the The unconsolidated alluvium in the area would not be used as a source of water due to its limited

### Section 9: Surface Water Risk Assessment

9.1	Are there any surface waters or wetlands located within $\frac{1}{4}$ mile of the site?	YES
	If YES, indicate its name: Mississippi River and Minnehaha Creek	
9.2	If surface water is present downgradient of the site, is there a clean downgradient soil boring or monitoring well located between the site and the surface water?	YES
	If NO, we assume that contamination discharges to surface water. Therefore, complete the following information:	``
	Name of receiving water:	
	Plume width, (W):feet	
	Plume thickness, (H):feet	
	Hydraulic conductivity, (K):gal/day/ft	

Horizontal gradient, (dh/dl):	(unitless)
Discharge, $(Q) = H*W*K*(dh/dl)/1440$	gal/min
If YFS identify them and indicate the dista	If YFN identify them and indicate the distance to these features and discuss the contamination

potential. n risk

Wells MW-1 and MW-2 showed no petroleum impacts to the groundwater. The risk of petroleum contaminants from the groundwater to be discharging to the surface water appears to be minimal.

## Section 10: Vapor Risk Assessment/Survey

10.1 Is there a history of vapor impacts in the vicinity of the site?

NO

If YES, describe.

- 10.2 Is there any indication that free product or highly contaminated groundwater borings or push probes? may be traveling offsite within the utility corridors? If YES, have they been investigated with NO
- soil types, product type, presence and distribution of free product or high concentrations of dissolved product. Also, compare the depth of contamination with the location of underground Discuss the potential for vapor migration/accumulation near the site. In your discussion consider: utility lines, location and depth of storm and sanitary sewers and location of nearby basements.

10.3

included in Appendix F. to a narrow band of soil below a depth of 15 to 16 feet in the former tank areas. Utility corridors are located along or beneath the streets away from areas of contamination. Utility locations are appears to be confined to the site in a small area. Remaining significant contamination is confined Vapor migration potential is low at the site. No basements are located on-site and contamination

accompanying figure of the surveyed area. If the vapor risk assessment indicated a risk of vapor impacts to buildings or utilities, complete the following table with vapor monitoring data collected. Location numbers should be mapped on an

Ž Location # Date PID reading (ppm) Percent of the LEL

Table 14.

Notes: No vapor monitoring data collected.

10.4 Describe and interpret the results of the vapor survey.

A vapor survey was not conducted. See response No. 10.3 for a discussion of the relative vapor

#### Section 11: Discussion

# 11.1 Discuss the risks associated with the remaining soil contamination?

bulk of the source material, and an impervious concrete cap limiting further downgradient shallow groundwater contamination. This impact to groundwater is lessened due to removal of the away from the source areas. Contaminated soil in contact with the groundwater is a source to contact or vapor migration risks at the site due to the depth and limited extent of the remaining soil. the bottom samples collected from the tank basins, remaining soil did not appear to be heavily impacted (no free product saturation or oiliness). Soil contamination does not pose any direct shallow water table. Although significant concentrations of petroleum compounds were detected in No basements or utility corridors intersect contaminated soil; these structures are located off-site, Soil contamination remains on-site, primarily within a thin (1- to 3-foot thick) zone above the

## 11.2 Discuss the risks associated with the impacted ground water?

phase contamination in site groundwater is migrating to the river. the Mississippi River, located approximately 1/4 mile away. It does not appear that dissolvedtable aquifer by the Platteville and Glenwood formations. Groundwater flow is to the east toward groundwater have wells screened in the St. Peter or deeper formations, separated from the water site. No impacts were identified within the Platteville limestone. The only potential receptors to the exception of the former tank basin locations, limited groundwater impacts were identified at the environment. The site water table straddles alluvial sediments and the Platteville limestone. With The impacted groundwater at the site does not appear to pose any significant risks to the public or

### 11.3 Discuss other concerns not mentioned above:

Avenue. It is unlikely that land-use patterns would change in that area. The property is located within an established commercial/light industry corridor along Minnehaha

# Section 12: Conclusions and Recommendations

			Recommendation for site:
active cleanup	additional ground water monitoring	additional vapor monitoring	X site closure

recommendation. Investigation and Cleanup Policy." Describe below how you applied the policy to support your The recommendation above should be based on fact sheet #3.1 "Leaking Underground Storage Tank

sources to future contamination removed/upgraded, and existing conditions showing very limited threat to appear minimal under the current land use. With the bulk of contamination removed from the site, site, risks to potential receptors appear to be very low. Vapor risks are not present and groundwater risks public health and the environment, the remaining contamination should be left to degrade naturally over The policy strives to limit risks to public health and the environment. Based on the investigations at the

If additional monitoring is recommended, indicate the proposed monitoring schedule and frequency.

No additional monitoring is recommended

cleanup technology you are considering at this time. proposal for additional monitoring or a corrective action design report. Please indicate below what than normal priority to determine if active cleanup is required. We will respond with either a request for If active cleanup is proposed then MPCA staff will review this remedial investigation report at a higher

### Section 13: Required Figures

Indicate attached figures:

X Figure 1 Site location map

X Figure 2 Site map

X Figure 3 Excavation soil screening locations

X Figure 4 Excavation analytical soil sampling locations

X Figure 5 Boring and well locations

X Figure 6 Geologic cross section A'-A'

X Figures 7 Groundwater contours and 8

X Figure 9 Well search results

#### Section 14: Appendices

Indicate attached appendices.

- × Appendix A **Excavation Report Worksheet for Petroleum Release Sites**
- × Appendix B Laboratory analytical reports for soil and ground water.
- $\bowtie$ Appendix C Methodologies and procedures, including field screening of soil, other field analyses, soil boring, soil sampling, well installation, and water sampling.
- × Appendix D Geologic logs for each well or boring using attached template.
- $\times$ Appendix E Well Record using attached template. Well construction diagrams and copies of the Minnesota Department of Health
- × Appendix F Copies of water supply well logs with legible unique numbers
- × Appendix G A list of addresses within 500 feet from the edge of the plume and confirmation of status of water supply from the city utility billing department.

## Section 15: Consultant (or other) information

contain a false material statement, representation, or certification, or if it omits material information, the responsible person or volunteer may be found to be in violation of Minn. Stat. § 115.075 (1994) or Minn. Rules 7000.0300 (Duty of Candor), and that the responsible person or volunteer may be liable for civil penalties. behalf of the responsible person or volunteer for this leaksite that if this document is determined to this document is inaccurate or incomplete, it will delay the completion of remediation and may harm the environment and may result in reduction of reimbursement awards. In addition, I/we acknowledge on agents of the responsible person or volunteer for this leaksite. I/we acknowledge that if information in By signing this document, I/we acknowledge that we are submitting this document on behalf of and as

Fax:	Phone:	ŀ		la	Company and mailing address:				michael A. Carnes - Hydrojeologist	Name and Title:
(612)832-2601	(612)832-2600	AMERICANO, ATALA CO TOTA ACEC	Minneapolis MN 55437-1026	8300 Norman Center Drive	Barr Engineering Company				ist Michael Ocarnes	Signature:
							/ /	1 1	8/6/96	Date signed:

Upon request, this document can be made available in other formats, including Braille, large print and audio tape. TTY users call 612/282-5332 or Greater Minnesota 1-800-657-3864.

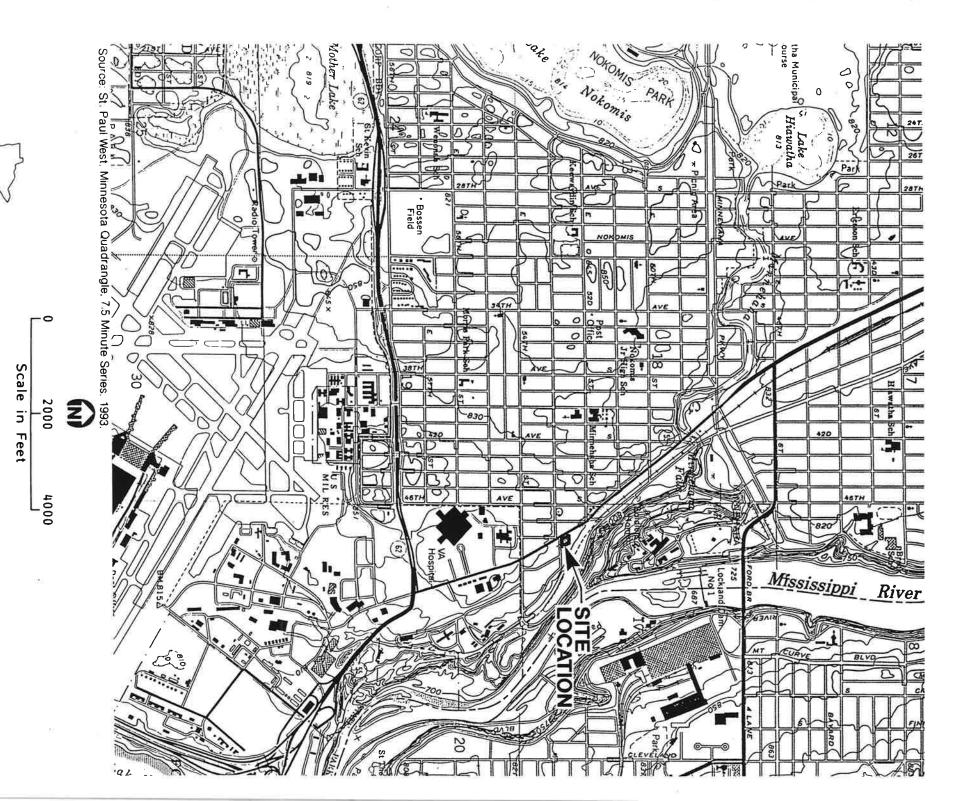
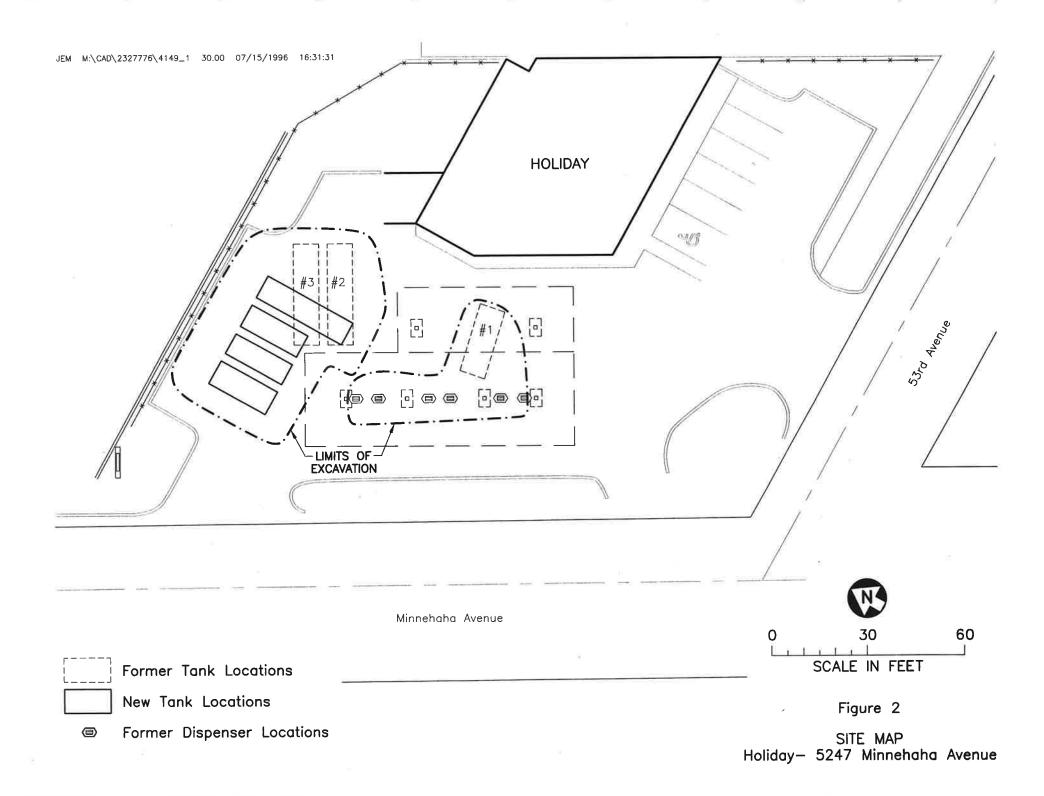
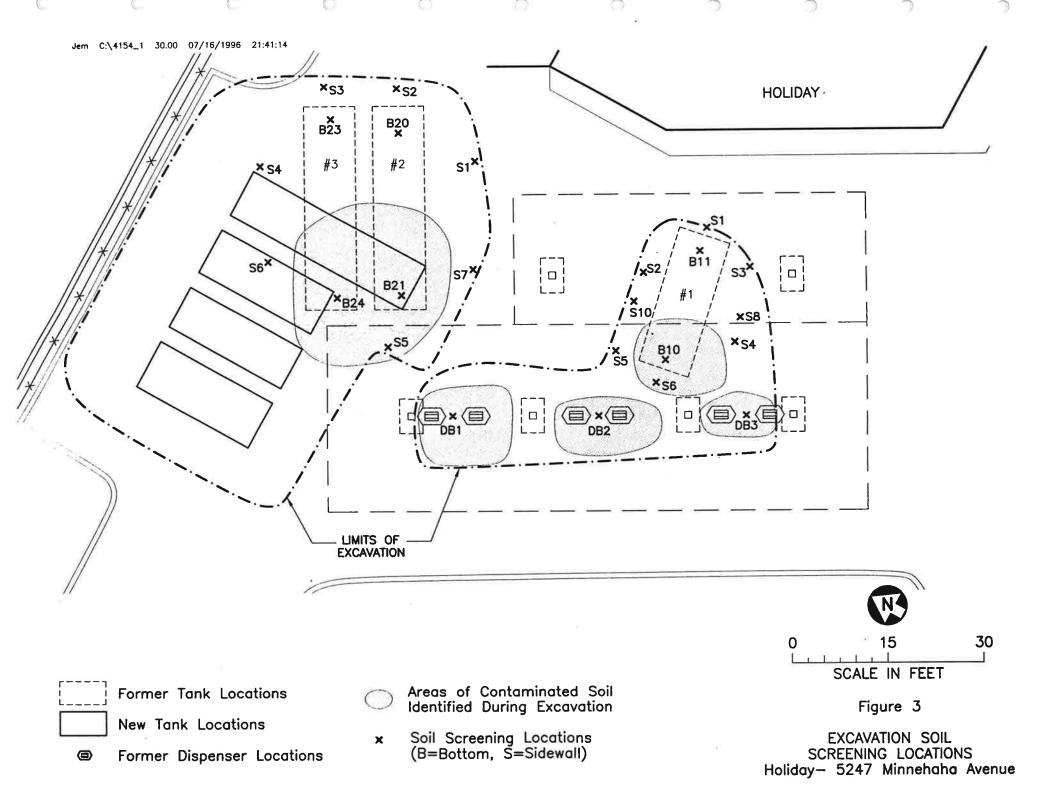
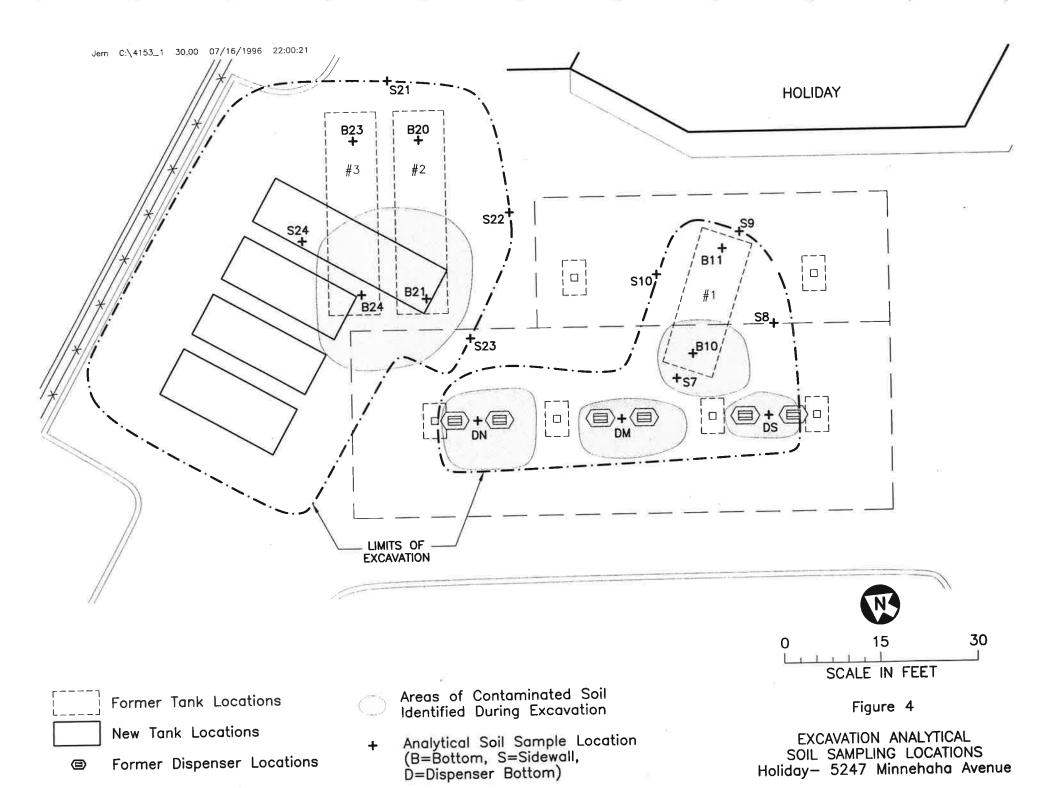


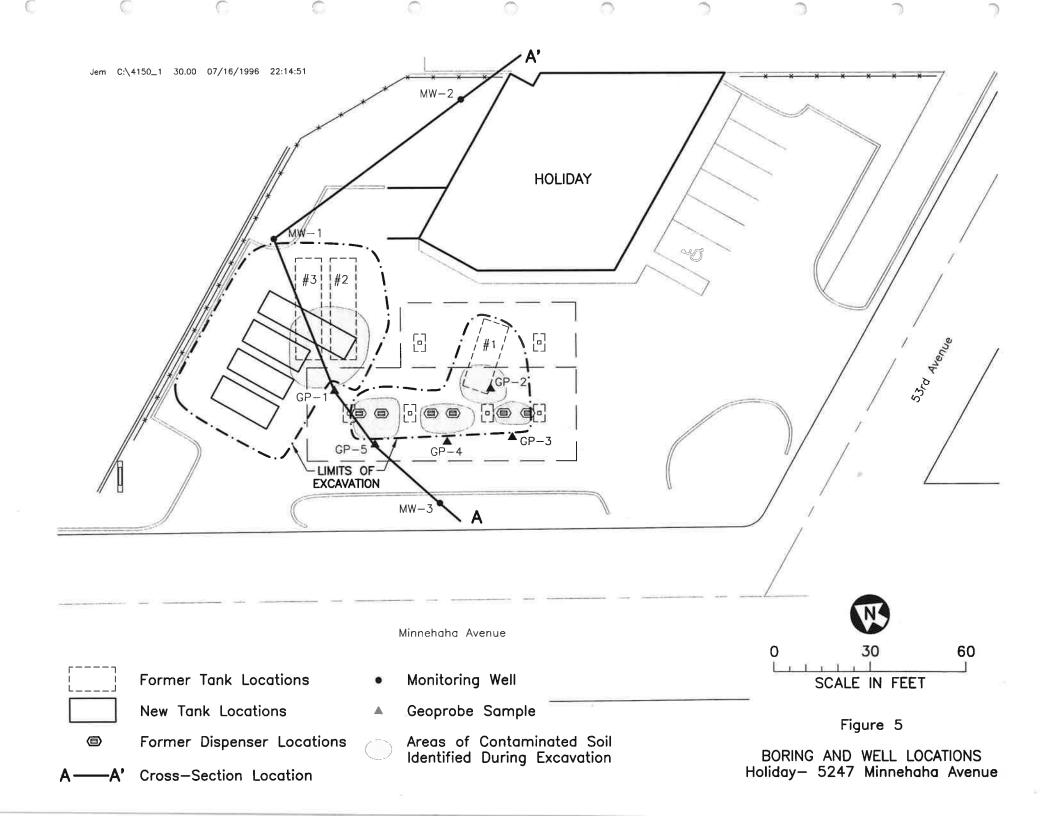
Figure 1 SITE LOCATION Holiday-Minnehaha Avenue

QUADRANGLE









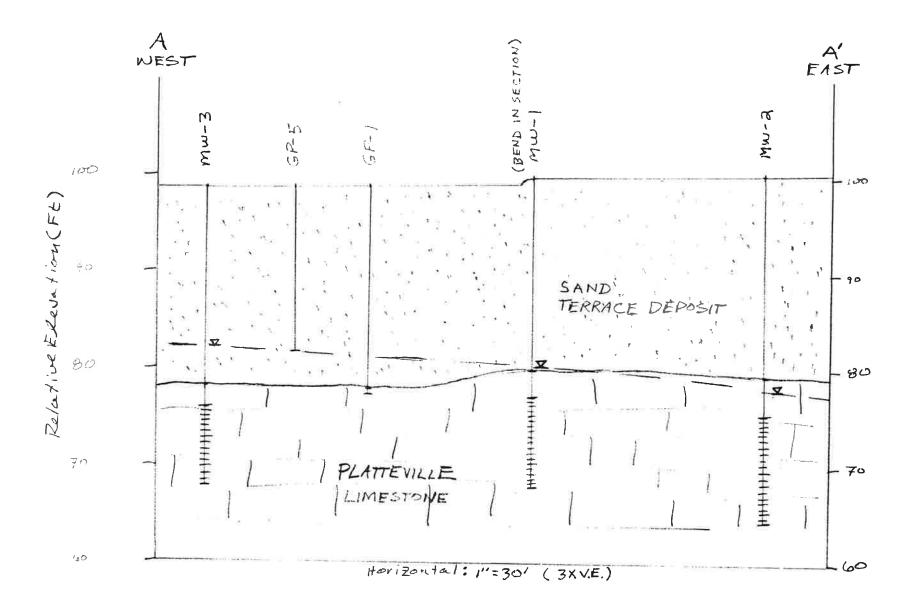
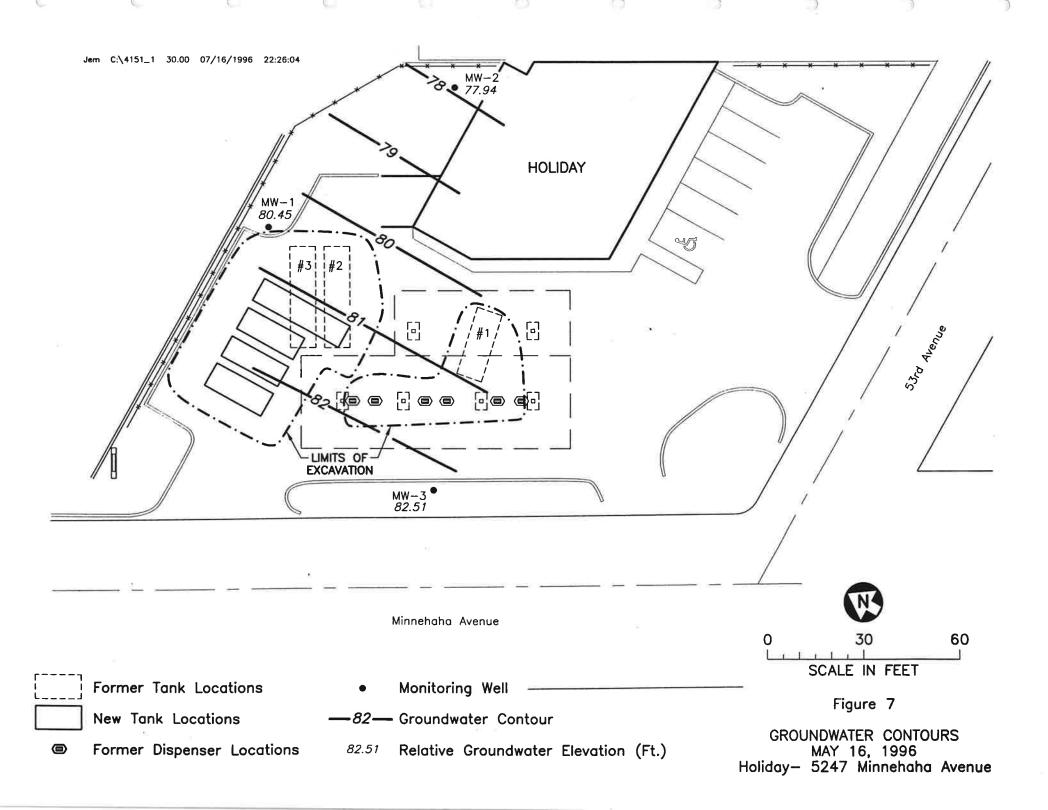
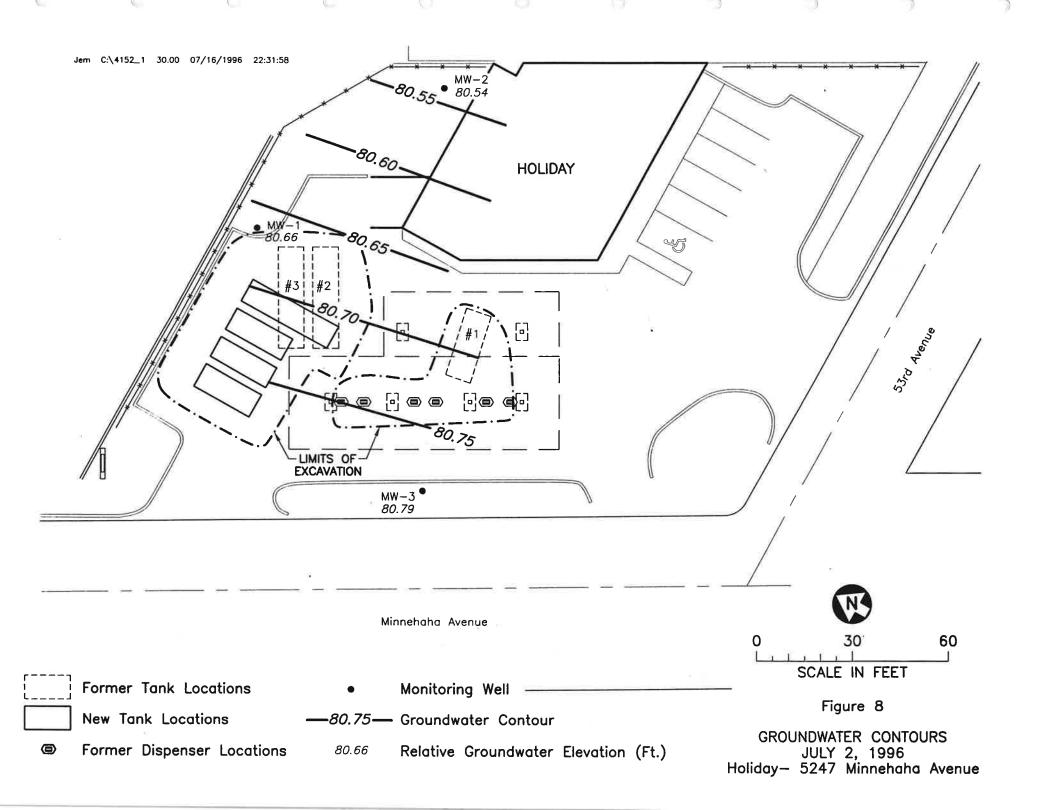
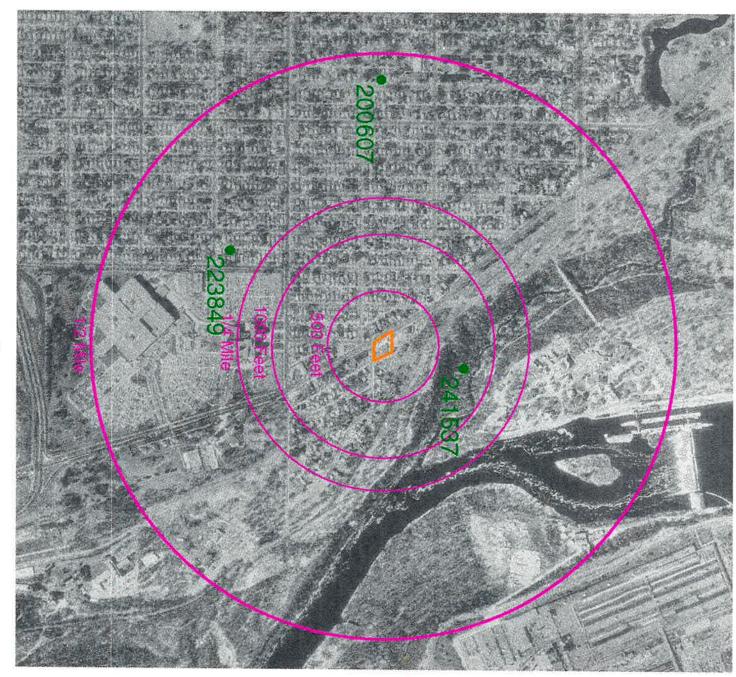


Figure 6 Cross Section A-A' Holiday - 5247 Minnehoha Ave







Site Location (Minnehaha Site)
Well Location (Minnehaha Site)

z

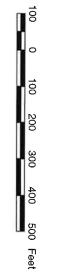


Figure 9

### **EXCAVATION REPORT WORKSHEET FOR PETROLEUM RELEASE SITES** Fact Sheet #4

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency LUST Cleanup Program

attach any available preliminary site investigation reports to this excavation report. excavations in accordance with "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil" (Fact Sheet #13). Please and Spills Section to document excavation and treatment of petroleum contaminated soil. Conduct Complete the information below and submit to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Tanks

Attach additional pages if necessary. Please type or print clearly.

deadline may be established by MPCA staff for high-priority sites The excavation report deadline is 10 months from the date of receipt of the standard letter. A shorter

#### BACKGROUND

Site: Holiday Stationstore #022

ᄧ

Tank Owner/Operator: Holiday

Stationstores, Inc.

City, Zip: Minneapolis, MN 55417 Street: 5247 Minnehaha Ave.

County: **Hennepin** 

MPCA Site ID#: LEAK0000 8723

Ω Tank Contractor Certification Telephone: (612) 478-9572 Westside Equipment **Excavating Contractor:** Contact: Joe Schmidt

Number: 0011

D. Consultant: Barr Engineering Co. Telephone: (612) 830-8899

City, Zip: Minneapolis, MN 55440

Street/Box: 4567 W. 80th St. Mailing Address: PO Box 1224

City, Zip: Minneapolis, MN Street/Box: 8300 Norman Center Dr. Contact: Michael A. Carnes

Telephone: (612) 832-2600

Ħ Others on-site during site work (e.g., fire marshall, local officials, MPCA staff, etc.): Sherry Bridell, Lorin Plant—Minneapolis Fire Inspectors Roger Van Tassel--Minneapolis Environmental Section

address, and relationship to site on a separate attached sheet. NOTE: If person other than tank owner and/or operator is conducting the cleanup, provide name,

#### II. DATES

Date release reported to MPCA: August 29, 1995

₿. Dates site work performed:

•	•	•	
Contaminated soil stockpile removal to treatment unit	Dispenser and line removal and excavation	Tank removal, basin excavation, tank replacement	Work Performed
Sept. 1-13, 1995	Sept. 7-12, 1995	August 29-Sept. 5, 1995	Date

## III. RELEASE INFORMATION

tanks.
removed
all
for
information
wing
ĭ
₽ Q
$\mathbf{the}$
de
<b>Provi</b> (
بر

Age ~25 years Type Asphalt-coated steel 10,000 gal. Capacity\_ Tank 1:

Condition: Fair-Rust-pitted near east end; no visible holes.

Product history: Gasoline dispensation.

Approximate quantity of petroleum released, if known: Unknown.

Cause of release: Appeared to be associated with overfills.

~25 years Age. Type Asphalt-coated steel 12,000 gal. Capacity Tank 2:

Condition: Good-Slight rusting; no visible holes.

Product history: Gasoline dispensation.

Approximate quantity of petroleum released, if known: Unknown.

Cause of release: Appeared to be associated with overfills.

Age ~25 years Type Asphalt-coated steel Capacity 12,000 gal. Tank 3:

Condition: Good-Slight rusting; no visible holes.

Product history: Gasoline dispensation.

Approximate quantity of petroleum released, if known: Unknown.

Cause of release: Appeared to be associated with overfills.

B. Provide the following information for all existing tanks. All tanks removed, replaced wit three 8,000-gallon and one 12,000-gallon tanks at general location of former tanks #2 and #3.			
	and #3.	three 8,000-gallon and one 12,000-gallon tanks at general location of former tanks #2	B. Provide the following information for all existing tanks. All tanks removed, replaced with

	Tank No.
	Capacity
	Contents
	Туре
	Age

- Ç If the release was associated with the lines or dispensers, briefly describe the problem: Contaminated soil was also present beneath the dispensers at the site.
- Ď. spill. If the release was a surface spill, briefly describe the problem: Release was not a surface

### IV. EXCAVATION

- Þ Dimensions of excavation: 59 ft. x 44 ft. x 15 ft. deep (includes expansion for new tanks)
- B. Original tank backfill material (sand, gravel, etc.): Sand
- C. Native soil type (clay, sand, etc.): Sand
- D. Quantity of contaminated soil removed (cubic yards): 593
- F was encountered in borings at 17 to 18 feet deep. At what depth? Groundwater was not encountered in the excavation. Groundwater Was ground water encountered or was there evidence of a seasonally high ground water table?
- .ㅋ If a soil boring was required (see Fact Sheet #13, "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil," Part VI Additional Investigation), describe the soil screening and analytical results. Attach the and results are presented in the Limited Site Investigation Report. Both jar headspace screening and on-site Geoprobe analytical lab were used. The logs boring logs and laboratory results to this report. Soil borings were placed using Geoprobe.
- G. If no soil boring was required, explain.

water contamination? Specify, e.g., free product (specify thickness), product sheen, ground water in contact with petroleum contaminated soil, water analytical results, etc. Impacted groundwater was encountered in soil borings. No free product was present, although If groundwater was encountered or if a soil boring was conducted, was there evidence of ground sheen was present at one location. The results are presented in the Limited Site Investigation Report. H.

[Note: If free product was observed, contact MPCA staff immediately as outlined in "Petroleum Tank Release Reports" (Fact Sheet #3). Also consult Fact Sheet #18, "Free Product: Evaluation and Recovery."]

- Was bedrock encountered in the excavation? At what depth? Bedrock was not encountered in the excavation. Bedrock (Platteville Limestone) was encountered at 20 to 22 feet in borings. ij
- Were there other unique conditions associated with this site? If so, explain. None J.

### V. SAMPLING

conjunction with jar headspace screening in accordance with Tanks & Spills Section uncontaminated soil: Field methods involved visual and olfactory screening in guidance. Headspace measurements were performed using an HNU DL-101 Briefly describe the field screening methods used to distinguish contaminated from photoionization detector with a 10.2 eV lamp. ď

List soil vapor headspace analysis results. Indicate sampling locations using sample codes (with sampling depths in parenthesis), e.g. R-1 (2 feet), R-2 (10 feet), etc. "R" stands for "removed." Samples collected at different depths at the same location should be labeled R-1A (2 feet), R-1B excavation was complete, label it S-1 (for "sidewall") or B-1 (for "bottom"). Be sure the sample codes correspond with the site map required in Part VI, below. (4 feet), R-1C (6 feet), etc. If the sample was collected from the sidewall or bottom after Z,

See attached Table 1.

Reading, ppm				
Soil Type				
Sample Code	ē!			
Reading, ppm				
Soil Type				
Sample Code				

- Ω Briefly describe the soil analytical sampling and handling procedures used: Soil samples were collected from fresh samples retrieved with a backhoe. Clean gloves or a clean EnChem sample barrel were used and samples were packed in laboratory-supplied sample containers. GRO samples were preserved in the field with methanol. Samples were immediately packed in a cooler with ice until shipment to the laboratory.
- , List below the soil sample analytical results from the bottom and sidewall samples (i.e., soils left in place when excavation is complete). Code the samples with sampling depths in parentheses as follows: sidewall samples S-1 (8 feet), S-2 (4 feet), etc.; bottom samples B-1 (13 feet), B-2 include analyses from the stockpiled soils. (14 feet), etc. Be sure the sample codes correspond to the site map required in part VI. Do not

See attached Table 2.

				Sample Code
Ĩ				GRO/DRO
				Benzene ppm
				Ethyl- benzene ppm
				Toluene ppm
				Xylene ppm
				MTBE ppm
				Lead ppm

NOTE: Attach copies of laboratory reports and chain-of-custody forms.

#### YI. FIGURES

Attach the following figures to this report:

- 2 1 Site location map
- Site map(s) drawn to scale illustrating the following:
- Ġ,ä location (or former location) of all present and former tanks, lines, and dispensers
- location of other structures (buildings, canopies, etc.)
- ဂ adjacent city, township, or county roadways
- a final extent and depth of excavation
- Ф soil borings (e.g., SB-1). location of soil screening samples (e.g., R-1), soil analytical samples (e.g., S-1 or B-1), and Also, attach all boring logs.
- ÷ north arrow, bar scale, and map legend

### VII. SUMMARY

groundwater was believed to be present beneath the site. Therefore, additional investigation Contaminated soil remained in the basins above the recommended action levels, and shallow action is recommended, the MPCA staff will review this report following notification of soil treatment. Briefly summarize evidence indicating whether additional investigation is necessary at the site, as discussed in part VI of "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil" (Fact Sheet #13). If no further was necessary.

# VIII. SOIL TREATMENT INFORMATION

- Soil treatment method used (thermal, land application, other). If you choose "other" specify treatment method: Thermal Ä
- Location of treatment site/facility: C.S. McCrossan, Inc., Maple Grove, Minnesota œ.
- Date MPCA approved soil treatment (if thermal treatment was used after May 1, 1991, indicate date that the MPCA permitted thermal treatment facility agreed to accept soil): ပ

### August 31, 1995

Contaminated soil was temporarily stockpiled on plastic sheeting in the southwest corner of the site. All soil was removed to C.S. McCrossan on September 1-5 and 12-13, 1995. Identify the location of stockpiled contaminated soil: Ö.

# IX. CONSULTANT (OR OTHER) PREPARING THIS REPORT

Company Name: Barr Engineering Co.

Street/Box: 8300 Norman Center Drive

City, Zip: Minneapolis, 55437-1026
Telephone: (612) 832-2600

Contact: Michael A. Carnes

Date: Signature: If additional investigation is not required at the site, please mail this form and all necessary attachments to:

Dave Holst

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

Hazardous Waste Division Tanks and Spills Section

520 Lafayette Road

320 Latayette Moau St. Paul, MN 55155-4194

Investigation/Corrective Action Design report. Excavation reports indicating a remedial investigation (RI) is necessary will not be reviewed by MPCA staff until the RI has been completed. If additional investigation is required at the site, include this form as an appendix to the Remedial

Excavation Soil Field Screening Results

Table 1

Sausia Na	Headspace	) -= H		Headspace	•
Removed/Stockpiled Soil	kpiled Soil	970		Bottom/Sidewall	our The
R-1 (3')	1.5	SP	S-1 (4')	0.5	SP
R-2 (3')	10.7	SP	S-1 (12')	4.2	SP
R-3 (3')	8.5	SP	S-2 (6')	ND	SP
R-4 (5')	130	SP	S-3 (7')	32	SP
R-5 (5')	270	SP	S-4 (4')	ND	SP
R-6 (5')	210	SP	S-4 (12')	1.7	SP
R-7 (7')	240	SP	S-5 (4')	82	SP
R-8 (7')	220	SP	S-5 (12')	110	SP
R-9 (7')	88	SP	S-6 (6')	ND	SP
R-10 (7')	120	SP	S-7 (6')	42	SP
R-11 (10')	35	SP	B-20 (16')	2.7	SP
R-12 (10')	250	SP	B-21 (16')	280	SP
R-13 (10')	210	SP	B-23 (16')	9.0	SP
R-14 (10')	130	SP	B-24 (16')	250	SP
R-15 (15')	110	SP	Dispenser Bott	Bottom Samples	
R-16 (15')	210	SP	DB-1 (5')	55	SP
R-17 (15')	95	SP	DB-2 (5')	75	SP
R-18 (15')	45	SP	DB-3 (5')	1.8	SP
Tank #1 Basin	Bottom/Sidewalls	S	Notes:		
S-1 (5')	2.5	SM	Basin #1 excavated to		16' in contaminated
S-1 (8')	2.1	SP	area. Basin bao	Basin backfilled with clean borrow	ean borrow
S-2 (4')	1.8	SP	• Basin #2/3 6	vated to	15' and expanded
S-2 (10')	2.1	SP	for new tank	for new tank placement. Basi	Basin expansion
S-3 (5')	3.0	SP	soils screen	soils screened periodically to contirm absence of contamination	contirm
S-4 (6')	45	SP	Dispenser a	Dispenser area screened as soils removed	oils removed
S-5 (4')	45	SP	for line repla	for line replacement. Primarily gray soils	gray soils
S-5 (10')	32	SP	with stale ga	with state gasoline odors, neadspace ND to 110 ppm.	dspace ND to
S-6 (3')	9.5	SM			
S-6 (8')	195	SP			
S-8 (8')	15	SP			
S-10 (8')	4.2	CL			
B-10 (12')	340	SP			
B-11 (16')	8.5	SP			

Excavation
Soil Analytical Data Summary
Holiday Stationstore No. 022

Table 2

Sample Code	GRO (ppm)	Benzene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Xylene (ppm)	MTBE (ppm)	Lead (ppm)
Stockpile S	Samples						
P-1	320	<0.13	0.42	0.72	15.6	<0.13	12
P-3	990	<0.31	2.10	2.10	116	<0.31	8.3
Basin Samples	ples						
B-10	450	0.27	3.2	4.6	29	<0.2	19
B-11	<2.6	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<3.3
B-20	<2.6	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<3.3
B-21	3,000	<1.3	6.6	9.9	360	<1.3	15
B-23	14	<0.025	0.040	<0.025	0.176	<0.025	5.1
B-24	4,300	<2.0	11	23	590	<2.0	⇉
S-7	770	1.1	4.0	6.5	25.3	<0.31	21
S-8	3.1	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	0.071	<0.025	3.5
S-9	<2.7	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	6.4
S-10	<3.6	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	⇉
S-21	<3.0	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	4.6
S-22	<2.8	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	4.9
S-23	<2.7	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	0.037	<0.025	5.7
S-24	<2.6	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<3.4
Dispenser	Dispenser Area Samples	)S					
D-N	40	<0.025	0.170	<0.025	1.10	<0.025	4.6
D-M	68	<0.025	0.220	<0.025	1.69	<0.025	4.5
D-S	<2.7	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025	4.2

Table 3

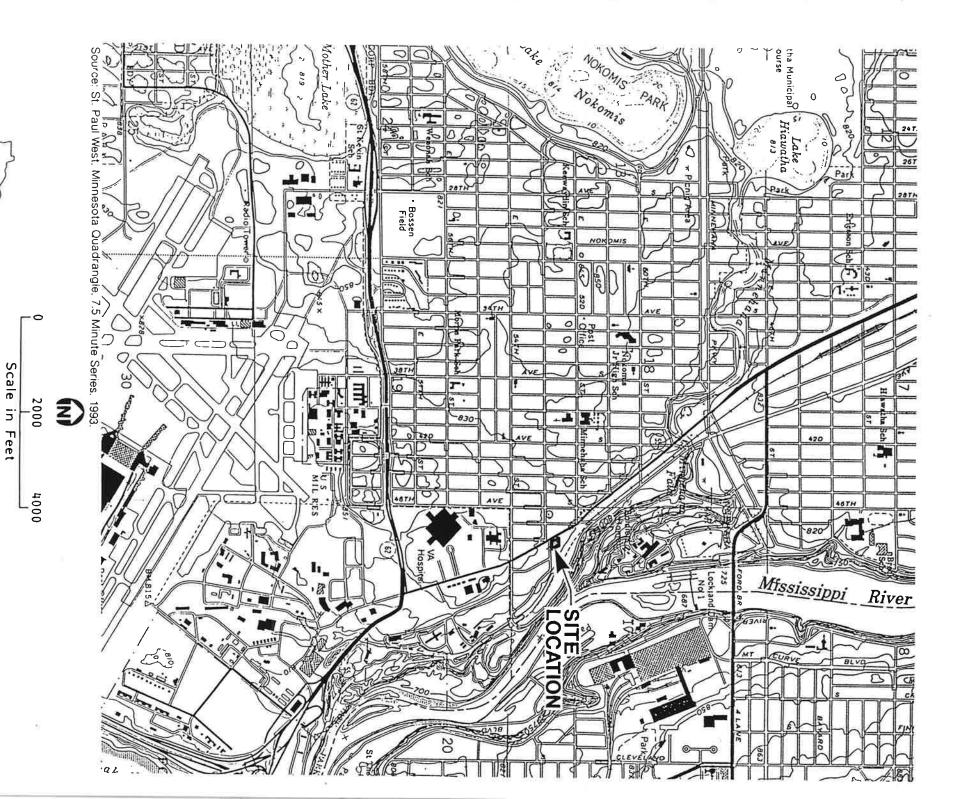
#### Geoprobe Borings Soil Analytical Data Summary Holiday Stationstore No. 022

Sample Code	Benzene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Xylene (ppm)	GRO (ppm)	TPH-Fuel Oil (ppm)
GP-1 (17–19')	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<2.5	<2.5
GP-3 (15-17')	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<2.5	<2.5
GP-4 (15-17')	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<2.5	<2.5
GP-5 (15–17') <0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050	<2.5	<2.5

Table 4

#### Geoprobe Borings Groundwater Analytical Data Summary Holiday Stationstore No. 022

Sample Code	Benzene (ppm)	Ethylbenzene (ppm)	Toluene (ppm)	Xylene (ppm)	GRO (ppm)	TPH-Fuel Oil (ppm)
GP-1	0.004	0.003	100.0>	0.014	0.17	<0.25
GP-2	<0.2	2.1	2.2	17	43	<50
GP-4	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.002	<0.10	<0.25

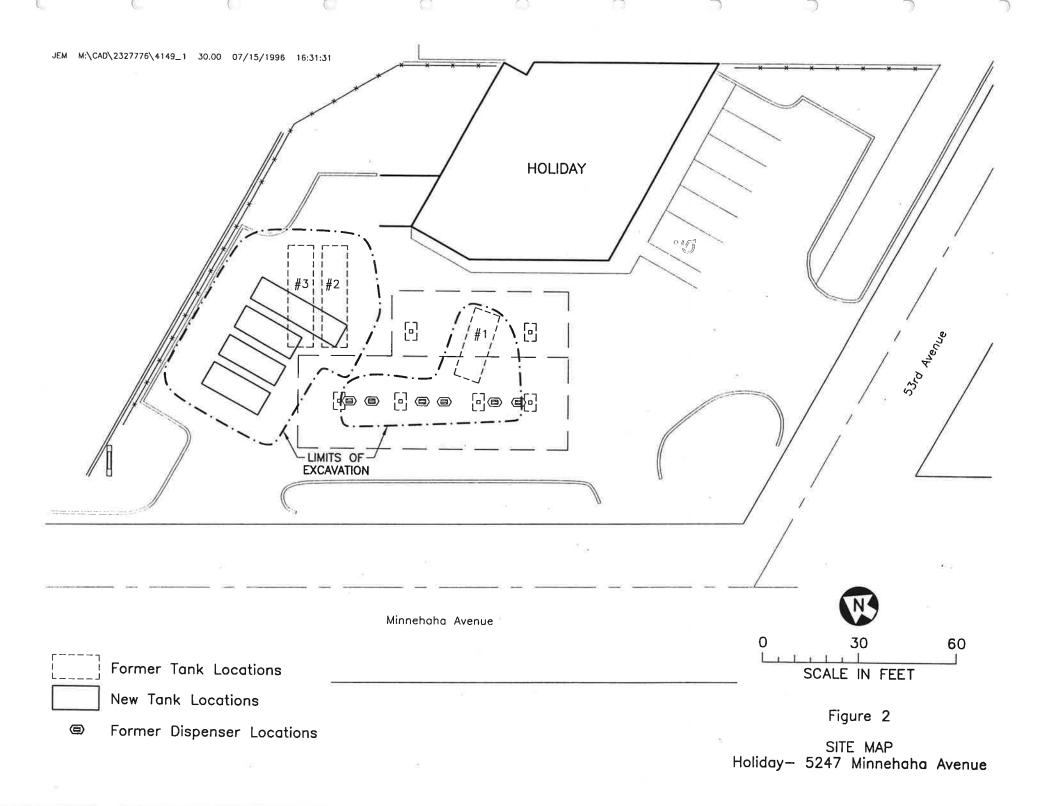


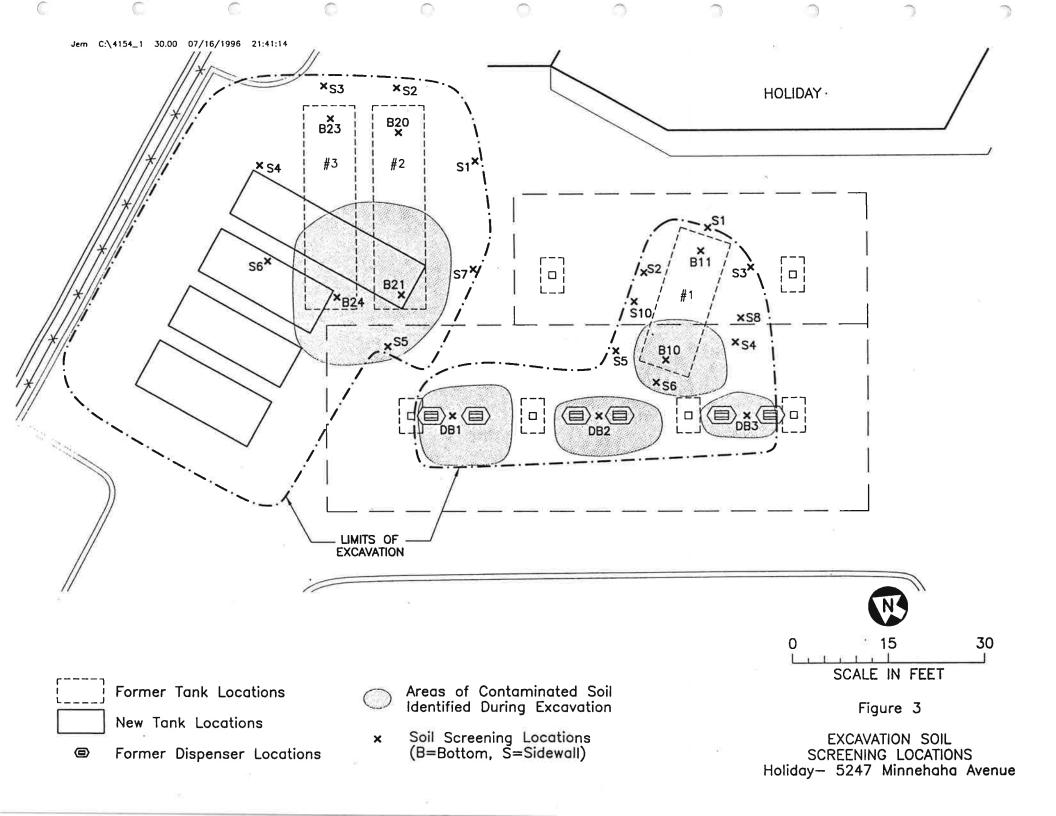
SITE LOCATION Holiday-Minnehaha Av

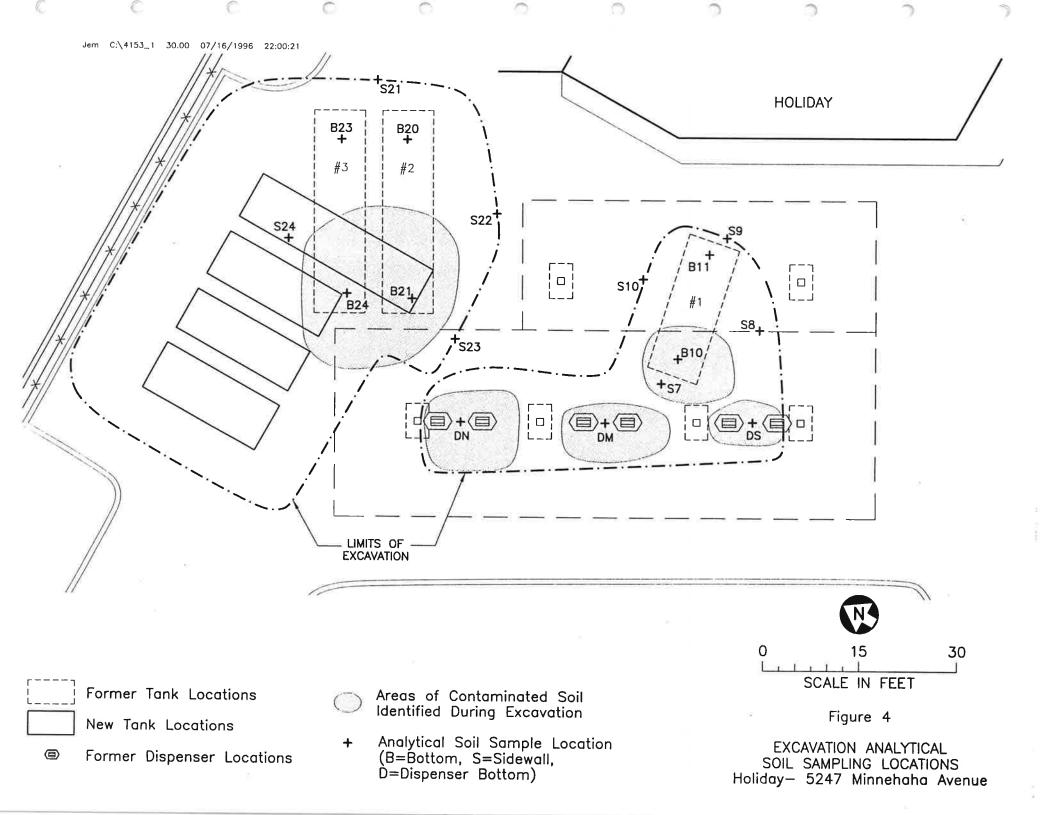
Figure

Avenue

QUADRANGLE LOCATION







COMMENTS:

The boring was advanced to 21.5 feet by Geoprobe push-probe drilling. The bo D-1586, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488.

The boring was sampled -2488. D=dry, M=moist,

according to ASTM W=wet, S=saturated.

DATE STARTED: 09/06/95
DATE COMPLETED: 09/06/9 PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave CREW CHIEF: FIELD INSPECTOR: R. Satoskar 09/06/95 M. Carnes

BORING LOG

BORING NUMBER: GP-1

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 21.5 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: ळ

DRILLING METHOD: Push Probe

(Feet)

Depth (Feet) 20 **GP/03 GP/02 GP/01** Sample Type/No. 0.1 1.6 0.5 Recovery (Ft.) GP1 **GP1-01 Analytical** (water) (soil) Sample Number Composite Sample Number P.I.D. Headspace 2.7 28 (ppm) 9 Oil Sheen Moisture S **3** Content Terrace Sand Lithologic Unit LSI **ASTM Soil** ş Classification Limestone - Hard, tan limestone. End of Boring at 21.5 feet. Sand – Light gray, medium to coarse—grained sand. Light odor, no sheen. Color change to brown below 18 feet (Terrace Sand). contamination documented in adjacent excavation sidewall. Boring No sampling in 0 to 15 foot interval. Sand - Light brown, fine to medium-grained sand (Terrace Sand). DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS Refusal at 21.5 feet. Soil type and low (Platteville Depth 8 유

PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave M. Carnes DATE COMPLETED: 09/06/95 DATE STARTED: 09/06/95 FIELD INSPECTOR:

BORING NUMBER: GP-2

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): 18.5 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 22 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION:

	Oepth (feet)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				11	1.25
DRILLING METHOD: Push Probe	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS	Sand – Light brown, fine to medium-grained sand (Terrace Sand).  No sampling in 0 to 15 foot interval. Clean sand borrow from clean area of adjacent tank excavation used for fill in area of excavated contaminated soil. Boring placed through excavation to document soil and groundwater quality below level of excavation.	Sand – Gray, medium to coarse—grained sand. Moderate odor, slight sheen (Terrace Sand).			Limestone - Hard, tan limestone. Refusal at 22 feet. (Platteville Limestone)  End of Boring at 22 feet.	
	IoS MTSA Classification	ds.				TSI	
	Lithologic Unit	Terrace Sand					
	Moisture Content	Σ	ì		ဟ		1
آت ض	Oil Sheen	<b>E</b>		-			
Satoskar	esedsbeaH.C.I.9 (mqq)	No Sueercoo 5 R Fant	310	230			
R. Sa	Composite Sample Number						$\exists I$
	Analytical Sample Number	<			GP2 (water)		
CREW CHIEF:	Sample Type/No. Recovery (Ft.)	5	1092	SD/99 2.1	£0\99 1.0		
CREV	Depth (Feet)		15		. 10.		

COMMENTS: The boring was advanced to 22 feet by Geoprobe push-probe drilling. The boring was sampled according to ASTM D-1586, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D-dry, M=moist, W-wet, S-saturated.

Barr Engineering Company # Minneapolis MN # (612) 832-2600

8

유

COMMENTS:

The boring was advanced to 17 feet by Geoprobe push-probe drilling. I and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488.

The boring was sampled according to ASTM D-1586, D=dry, M=moist, N=wet, S=saturated.

DATE STARTED: 09/06/95
DATE COMPLETED: 09/06/9 FIELD INSPECTOR: PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave CREW CHIEF: R. Satoskar M. Carnes 09/06/95

BORING LOG

BORING NUMBER: GP-3

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 17 Z A

DRILLING METHOD: Push Probe

Depth (Feet) 20 5 Ö GP/03 Sample Type/No. **GP/02 GP/01** 1.2 0.8 1.6 Recovery (Ft.) **Analytical** GP3-03 (soil) Sample Number Composite Sample Number P.I.D. Headspace 4.8 0.3  $\equiv$ (ppm) \_ Oil Sheen Moisture **S** Content Terrace Sand Lithologic Unit **ASTM Soil** ş Classification End of Boring at 17 feet. Sand - Light brown, fine to medium-grained sand, no odors or discoloration (Terrace Sand). ◆ Gray sandy clay lense at 5.5 feet. Color change to light gray below 15 feet. DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS Depth (Feet)

우

### **BORING LOG**

PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave DATE COMPLETED: 09/06/95 FIELD INSPECTOR: M. Carnes DATE STARTED: 09/06/95

Satoskar ď CREW CHIEF:

TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 20 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: BORING NUMBER: GP-4

Push Probe DRILLING METHOD:

	Depth (Feet)	. ا	111	 ۲. ــ			P	۴.,	 	0 7 1			-25
DRILLING METHOD: Push Probe	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS	Sand - Light gray, medium to coarse-grained sand (Terrace Sand).			I Possible faint odors in upper 7 feet; no odors present beloм 7 feet.					End of Boring at 20 feet on Platteville limestone.			
Ī	ASTM Soil Classification					1	क्र						
	Lithologic JinU					pues a	Terrac						
	Moisture Content					Σ			v				
_	Oil Sheen						=						
Satoskar	P.I.D. Headspace (mqq)			5.0			1.2	8.0					==
ج. ري	Composite Sample Number												1
г	Analytical Sample Number							6P4-03 (soil)	GP4 (water)				
CREW CHIEF:	Sample Type/No. Recovery (Ft.)			10\95 8.1			\$0/95 8.0	6P/03 1.2					
	Depth (feet)		1 (1	 , , ,	1 6 6		5	5	, , ,	S 1	18 16 10	1 / 1 /	25

The boring was advanced to 20 feet by Geoprobe push-probe drilling. The boring was sampled according to ASTM D-1586, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D=dry, M=moist, W=wet, S=saturated. COMMENTS:

23/27-776 MAC

Engineering Company \* Minneapolis MN \* (612) 832-2600

Page 1 of 1

DATE STARTED: 09/06/95
DATE COMPLETED: 09/06/9 PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave FIELD INSPECTOR: CREW CHIEF: R. Satoskar 09/06/95 M. Carnes

BORING LOG

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: DRILLING METHOD: Push Probe DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 17 BORING NUMBER: GP-5 Z

(Feet)

20 Depth 25 Ö क् (Feet) Sample Type/No **GP/03 GP/02 GP/01** 1.9 Recovery (Ft.) 1.8 1.7 **Analytical** GP5-03 (soil) Sample Number Composite Sample Number P.I.D. Headspace 8.7 ಜ 9.2 (ppm) \_ Oil Sheen Moisture 3 Content Terrace Sand Lithologic Unit **ASTM Soil** န Classification End of Boring at 17 feet. Primarily fine grained sand to 6 feet with medium to coarse-grained sand below 6 feet. Sand – Light gray, fine to coarse-grained sand, possible faint odors in upper intervals; no discoloration (Terrace Sand). DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS Depth 8

COMMENTS: The boring was advanced to 17 feet by Geoprobe push-probe drilling. The boring was sampled according to ASTM D-1586, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D=dry, M=moist, W=wet, S=saturated.

**BORING LOG** 

DATE STARTED: 04/30/96
DATE COMPLETED: 05/10/96 PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave

CREW CHIEF: N. Herboldt (Thein)

FIELD INSPECTOR: T. Warner (Barr)

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): 19.2

TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 32

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 99.61 Feet Relative

BORING NUMBER: MW-1

DRILLING METHOD: HSA/Air rotary

	30.1.1.1	25	20-	1 4 1 4 1 4	. <del></del>			51	413 F41 4	Depth (Feet)
			SB/04 1.0		SB/03 1.5		/02 .8	SB/01 2.0		Sample Type/No Recovery (Ft.)
										Analytical Sample Numbe
				3						Composite Sample Numbe
			52		0.4	-	5	ıΩ		P.I.D. Headspa (ppm)
		× ×		-		:	-			Oil Sheen
		S					<b>x</b>			Moisture Content
	Platte	ville Limestone	HHHS		41.41.41.41.41.41.	Terra	e Sand			Lithologic
										Unit
		เรา				<u> </u>	ę 			ASTM Soil Classificatio
End of Well-bore at 32 feet. Well completed as 4-inch steel casing to 23 feet, grouted in place in 10.25 inch borehole, and 4-inch diameter open-bedrock borehole to 32 feet.		upper 2 feet of formation (Platteville Limestone).	Sand).  4 Soil color is brown with no odor below 19.5 feet.  Limestone — Tan limestone; weathered and prone to collapse in	Cond - Cray modium to poorso argined soud: faint oder (Terropo					Sand - Brown, fine to coarse-grained sand interspersed with sparse, fine lenses of clay; no odor (Terrace Sand).	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS
<del> </del>			1	<del> </del>		<del>,,,,,</del>	<u> </u>		<del>,,,,,,</del>	Depth (Feet)

COMMENTS: 23/27-776 MAC The upper borehole was advanced with hollow-stem augers and/or rotary; lower borehole advanced with air rotary. The upper borehole was sampled according to ASTM D-ISB6, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D-dry, M-moist, W-wet, S-saturated. Open rock well MW-I installed per Thein's well log. (612) 832-2600

Barr Engineering Company # Minneapolis MN #

# WELL LOCATION County Name

# MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WELL AND BORING RECORD

MINNESOTA UNIQUE WELL NO.

EPIN				Minnesot	Minnesota Statutes Chapter 1031
Township Name Township No. 28N	28N 23W	Section No.	Fraction NW, S.W	SW	WELL DEPTH (completed)  3.2 n. Date Work Completed
House Number, Street Name, City, and Zip Code of Well Location	nd Zip Code of Well L		17	1.	20000
5247 MINNEHAHA	NHA AVE MPLS	(a)			Cable Tool Driven Dug
Show exact location of well in section grid with "X".	grid with "X".	Sketch	Sketch map of well location. Showing property lines, roads and buildings.	xeation.	•
Z				'n	NONE USED
	i vi	S.,			USE Domestic Monitoring Heating/Cooling Community PWS Industry/Compercial Noncommunity PWS Remedial
	ē			!	ell Dewatering C
· ***	3	· 000			CASING Drive Shoa? □ Yes M No HOLE DIAM.    **Mail
9					
					23 m weight
HOLIDAY COMP	COMPONDER				ft. H. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
Property owner's mailing address if different than well location address indicated above.	ferent than well locat	ion address indicated	d above.	-	lbs.∕tt.
4567 WEST 80TH	STRE	T.S			
MINNEAPOLIS	MN N	5440			
					STATIC WATER LEVEL
WELL OWNER'S NAME				Γ	18 8 11.35 below a above land surface Date measured 4-30-96
SAME AS ABOVE	Ē				VG LEVEL (below land surface)
The state of the s	и глал ргорелу ожле	roperty owner's address indicated above.	above.		N/A hrs. pumping g.p.m.
		1é			WELL HEAD COMPLETION    Pilless adapter manufacturer    G
					MATION MATION
GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS	COLOR	HARDNESS OF MATERIAL	FROM	5	no ent   Bentonite  Concrete  High Solids
GRASS SAND D	DEBRIS BRN	z	0	4	from 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
SAND	BRN	MED	4	σ	CONTAMINATION UNKINOWN
				, 1	
SAND	BRN	MED-FINE9	INE9	14	PUMP  Not installed  Date installed
SAND	BRN	MED	14	19	lane .
WET SAND ROCK	*		0	2	Length of dropp pipe from the Capacity volts g.p.m.
i i			6		Type:   Submersible   L.S. Turbine   Reciprocating   Jet
TIMESTONE			07	77	ABANDONED WELLS  Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)?   Ves X No
				> s	; ;
					was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?   Ves   Ves
 Use a second sheet, if	sheet, if needed	8		-	his well was drilled under my supervision and in accordance with Minnesora Rules. Chanier 4725.
REMARKS, ELEVATION, SOURCE OF DATA, etc.	E OF DATA, etc.			Ī	The information contented in this report is true to the best of my knowledge.
/ ## MW					THEIN WELL CO 34050  Lic. or Reg. No.
					Authorized Befresentative Signature Date
barr		}			RBOLDT 6-
GORD REMAINING TRANSPORTER TO THE PROPERTY OF	PROPERTY PAPERS	-	57861	N	Name of Onlier Date
1 1 1 1 1 1 1				-	HE-01306 OF (Barn 1996)

BORING NUMBER: MW-2

DATE STARTED: 04/30/96
DATE COMPLETED: 05/10/9 FIELD INSPECTOR: PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave T. Warner (Barr) 05/10/96

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): 22.2 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 100.21 Feet Relative TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 36

CREW CHIEF: N. Herboldt (Thein) DRILLING METHOD: HSA/Air rotary Depth (Feet)

YYYY	30-	20-	<u> </u>	, , <del>,</del> , ,	. σ	Depth (Feet)
		SB/04 1.1	SB/03 1.0	SB/02 1.8	SB/01 2.0	Sample Type/N Recovery (Ft.
						Analytical Sample Numbe
						Composite Sample Numbe
		0.4	:.0	12	Ξ	P.I.D. Headspa (ppm)
	N <sub>A</sub>			5		Oil Sheen
	ω			Z		Moisture Content
	Platteville Limestone			Terrace Sand		Lithologic
		H				Unit
	LST		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	స్ట		ASTM Soil Classification
End of Well-bore at 36 feet. Well completed as 4-inch steel casing to 25 feet, grouted in place in 10.25 inch borehole, and 4-inch diameter open-bedrock borehole to 36 feet.	upper 2 feet of formation (Platteville Limestone).	Limestone - Tan limestone; weathered and prone to collapse in		△ Aproximately 6 to 8—inch thickness of clay in 9 to 11 foot interval.	Sand - Brown, fine to coarse-grained sand interspersed with sparse, fine lenses of clay; no odor (Terrace Sand).	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS AND REMARKS
	.j.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					Depth (Feet)

23/27-776 MAC COMMENTS: The upper borehole was advanced with hollow-stem augers and/or rotary; lower borehole advanced with air rotary. The upper borehole was sampled according to ASTM D-1588, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D-dry, M-moist, W-wet, S-saturated. Open rock well MW-2 installed per Thein's well log. (612) 832-2600

### 11tr WELL LOCATION County Name

# MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WELL AND BORING RECORD

MINNESOTA UNIQUE WELL NO.

HENNEPIN	y		1	Minnes	Minnesota Statutes Chapter 1031	578611
Township Name Towns	Rar	Section	16	1	WELL DEPTH (completed)	
House Number. Street Name City and Zin Code of Well 1 control	Z ON Z	Z3W 17	NW.	MS MS	36	-96
5247 MINNEHAHA AVI	HA AVE		or Fire Number	Der.	DRILLING METHOD  Cable Tool  Cable Tool  A Autoer  The Property of the Propert	Dug
Show exact location of well in section	n grid with "X".	Sketr	Sketch map of well location. Showing property lines, roads and buildings	I location. enty lines, buildings	K notest	Dallac
z				,	NONE USED	
3	, 		į		Monitoring Community PWS Devacemunity PWS Devacemunity PWS Devacemunity PWS	Heating/Cooling Industry/Commercial Remedial
	_1				No Welded	HOLE DIAM.
THE STATE OF					CASING DIAMETER WEIGHT	20
HOLIDAY COMP?	COMPANIES				in to 25 ft. lbs	18. 10. 2.5 25cm
s mailing	lifferent than well lo	cation address indicate	ed above.		: £	
4567 MEST 80TH	ST	ET			EN NONE OPEN HOLE	
MINNEAPOLIS,	MN 554	55440			Make	п.10 36.п.
					Sauzeft.and	
					TER LEVEL	
WELL OWNER'S NAME					above land surface	Date measured 4-30-9
Well owner's mailing address if different than propenty owner's address indicated above.	ant than property ov	mer's address indicate	d above.		EVEL (below land surface)	
j.					WELL HEAD COMPLETION	g.p.m.
ŗ.					6" PRO TOP	Model 1
×					nental Wells and Borings ONLY) ATION	8-
GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS	COLOR	HARDNESS OF MATERIAL	FROM	٤	Cement C Bentonite Concrete	人 High Solids Bentonite
S AGNES SEAR	71	2, 10	(		4	g g
			9	4	OF CONTAMINATION	MOLDI
SANDY	BRN	MED	4	6	Well disinfected upon completion?	direction to the hype
SAND/CLAY	BRN	MED	6	=		
SAND	BRN	- C.H.M.	7	-	XXNot installed Date installed Manufacturer's name	
GRAVELY SAND	BRN	MED-C	4	0	Model number  Length of drop pipe 1. Capacity Pressure Tank Capacity	Voltsg.p.m.
diver a ranker					☐ L.S. Turbine ☐ Reciprocating ☐ Jet	
	AE. BRN		2	7	ABANDONED WELLS  Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)?	o <sub>N</sub> S
LIMESTONE			21	36		
					Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?   Ves S No	Ļ
Use a second	sheet, if needed				WELL CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION This wall was rifulled riftly on the contraction of its	

• •

4

HE-01205-05 (Rev. 1/95)

6-3-96 Date

Authorized Representative Signature

NATHAN HERRBOLDT

Name of Driller

 $\leftarrow$ 

57861

CAPORTANT FILE WITH PROPERTY PAPERS

barr

34050 Lic. or Reg. No.

6-3-96

This well was drilled-drider my supervision and in accordance with Minnesola Rules, Chapter 4725. The information pontained in this report is true to the best of my knowledge.

REMARKS, ELEVATION, SOURCE OF DATA, etc.

CA# MW

CO

WELL

BORING NUMBER: MW-3

DATE STARTED: 04/30/96
DATE COMPLETED: 05/10/9 FIELD INSPECTOR: PROJECT: Holiday #22 - Minnehaha Ave CREW CHIEF: N. Herboldt (Thein) 05/10/96 T. Warner (Barr)

DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (FT): 16.4 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 98.88 Feet Relative TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE (FT): 31 DRILLING METHOD: HSA/Air rotary

40	1.1.1	35.	 30.1.1	25-		20	بر بارا در بارا		51	Depth (Feet)
							SB/03 1.2	SB/02 1.7	SB/01 1.8	Sample Type/No. Recovery (Ft.)
							5		27	Analytical Sample Number
										Composite Sample Number
				u		2.4	. <del>i</del> .8	4.0	21	P.I.D. Headspace (ppm)
				N <sub>A</sub>				5		Oil Sheen
				တ				x		Moisture Content
			PI	atteville Limestone	тннь			Terrace Sand		Lithologic
										Unit
				LST				ક		ASTM Soil Classification
namerat oben pentoev parama to or rect.	End of Well-bore at 31 feet. Well completed as 4-inch steel casing to 22.9 feet, grouted in place in 10.25 inch borehole, and 4-inch diameter open-bedrock borehole to 31 feet				Limestone - Tan limestone; weathered and prone to collapse in upper 2 feet of formation (Platteville Limestone).		⟨ Thin (3-inch thick) clay lense at 14.5 feet; no odor.	dandy clay lense at 9.5 to 11 feet; no odor.	Sand – Brown, fine to coarse-grained sand interspersed with sparse, fine lenses of clay; no odor (Terrace Sand).	REMARKS
6	15 N 15	<u>ဂှ</u>	 9	25	A R DE M	-20	, 유	9		Depth (Feet)

COMMENTS: 23/27-776 MAC The upper borehole was advanced with hollow-stem augers and/or rotary; lower borehole advanced with air rotary. The upper borehole was sampled according to ASTM D-1588, and samples were described in general accordance with ASTM D-2488. D-dry, M-moist, W-wet, S-saturated. Open rock well MW-3 installed per Thein's well log. (612) 832-2600

# MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WELL AND BORING RECORD WELL LOCATION County Name

MINIJESOTA UNIQUE WELL NO.

SPIN			Minnesota Statutes Chapter 1031	578613
Township No. Range No. Section 1	Section No. Fraction	on Girl Girl	WELL DEPTH (completed)	Date Work Completed
Code of Well Location		lumber 5	3 I DAILLING METHOD	4-30-96
5247 MINNEHAHA AVE MPI.S. Show exact location of well in section grid with 'X'.	MN Sketch mag	of well focation	□ Cable Tool □ Driven  ■ Auger □ MAndery	Dug Detted
3	Showin	Showing property lines, roads and buildings.	DRILLING FLUID	
			NONE USED	
			iio Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa Sa	y PWS   Heating/Cooling y PWS   Industry/Commercial unity PWS   Remedial
			Drive Shoe?	-
				Velded
PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME			Weight Weight	0
HOLIDAZ COMPANIES			in. to	15
Activity of the state of the st	s indicated above	ei ei	SCHEEN ALDALES	lbs./ft. in. to ft.
OI				from 22.9 (1.10 31 n.
MINNEAPOLIS MN 55440			Slov/Gauze Set between tt. and tt	Diam. Length ft. FITTINGS:
WELL OWNER'S NAME			16 • 2 ft. 🕏 below 🛘 above land surface	surface Date measured 4-30-96
SAME AS ABOVE Well owner's mailing address if different than property owner's address indicated above	indicated abov	9	PUMPING LEVEL (below land surface)	
			WELL HEAD COMPLETION  Offices adopter manufactures	hrs. pumping g.p.m.
			Casing Protection	□ 12 in. above grade
			nmental Wells	
GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS COLOR HARDIN	HARDNESS OF FR	FROM TO	No rent 🗆 Benton	☐ Concrete ☐ High Solids Bentonite
			from_0totototototo	e .
CONCRETE GRAVELY CLAY BRN		4	from to	yd s
SAND		-	NEAREST KNOWN SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION	dirELNKNOWN Mase
		-	Well disinfected upon completion?	
SAND GRAVI.EY BRN MED		11 14	PUMP  XNot installed  Date installed	
SAND BRN MED	 ပူ	14 19	ame	×.
WET CRAVET.V CANA		C	Length of drop pipe #1.	Capacity Volts g.p.m.
		_	☐ LS. Turbine	☐ Reciprocating ☐ Jet ☐
NO. TOWN		21 31	ABANDONED WELLS Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)?	)? □ Yes \$€ No
			VARIANCE Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?	Yae CI No
				×
Use a second sheet, if needed			This well was drilled under my supervision and in accordance with Minnesda Rules, Chapter 4725. The information contained in this second is true to the bast and my browning as	ance with Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725.
THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF THE			munaku marr oo	'and and and and and and and and and and
MW #3			Licopesee Business Name	34050 Lic. or Reg. No.
			Authorized Representative Signature	6-3-96 Date
barr			NATHAN HERRBOLDT	6-3-96
MADSTAN FALLE WITH PROPERTY PAPERS WELL OWNER CORY	578	613	Name of Driller	Data HE-01205-05 (Rev. 1/95)