REPORT

PETROLEUM TANK RELEASE INVESTIGATION REPORT

HAMPTON APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

MPCA LEAK #5236

PROJECT NO.: M92-614

September 28, 1992



* * * ¥ o



December 18, 1992

Ms. Pat Bilich Sage Company 1712 Hopkins Crossroads Minnetonka, Minnesota 55305 RECEIVED

DEC 21 1992 PCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION S.B. Cummings President J.E. Findley Chief Executive Officer

RE: GROUND WATER SAMPLING HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

Dear Ms. Bilich:

This letter is to update you on the recent ground water sampling results from the Hampton Place Apartments in Richfield, Minnesota. Ground water samples were collected on November 23, 1992 as per your written authorization. The ground water samples were submitted to Serco Laboratories for analysis of benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylenes (BETX) and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as fuel oil in accordance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) guidelines.

The depth to ground water was measured in each monitoring well prior to ground water sampling. The water table elevation was calculated using survey data collected September 3, 1992. Ground water flow calculations indicate ground water flow is to the southeast, and is consistent with the September 1992 sampling event.

Laboratory analysis results detected petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations in the ground water samples collected from monitoring well MW-1 (benzene, 0.0093 ppm; toluene, 0.0015 ppm; and xylenes, 0.0012 ppm), and MW-2 (benzene, 0.0026 ppm). No BETX compounds were detected in the ground water sample collected from monitoring well MW-3. A summary of the laboratory results is presented in Table 2. A copy of the laboratory report is attached.

We will continue to sample the monitoring wells on a quarterly basis in accordance with MPCA guidelines. If you have any questions, please call me at (612) 448-9393.

Sincerely,

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Inlie K Swanson

Julie K. Swanson

Geologist

an equal opportunity employer

TABLE 1
WATER TABLE ELEVATION SUMMARY

	Ground Surface	Top of Riser	<u>Date</u>	Depth to Ground Water	Water Table Elevation	<u>Change</u>
MW-1	95.43	96.82	9/03/92 11/23/92	21.44 21.27	75.38 75.55	+ 0.17
MW-2	96.52	97.98	9/03/92 11/23/92	22.53 22.34	75.45 75.64	+ 0.19
MW-3	98.06	99.60	9/03/92 11/23/92	23.96 23.76	75.64 75.84	+ 0.20

TABLE 2

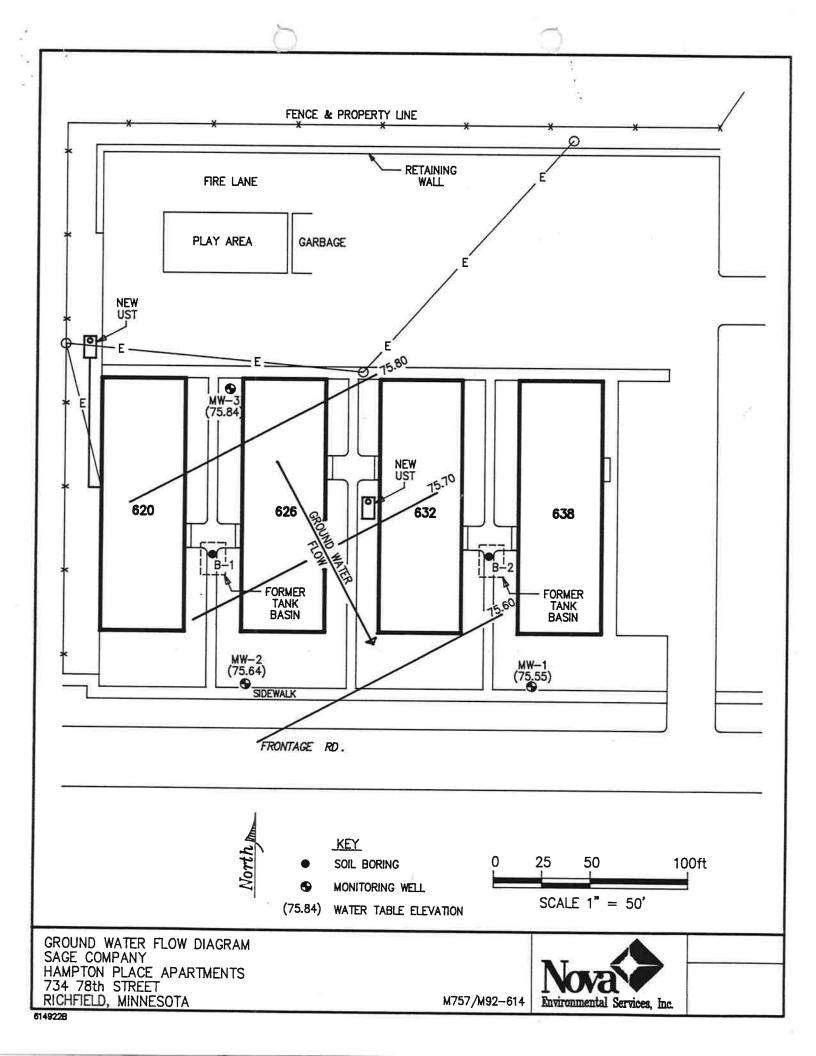
LABORATORY RESULTS - GROUND WATER

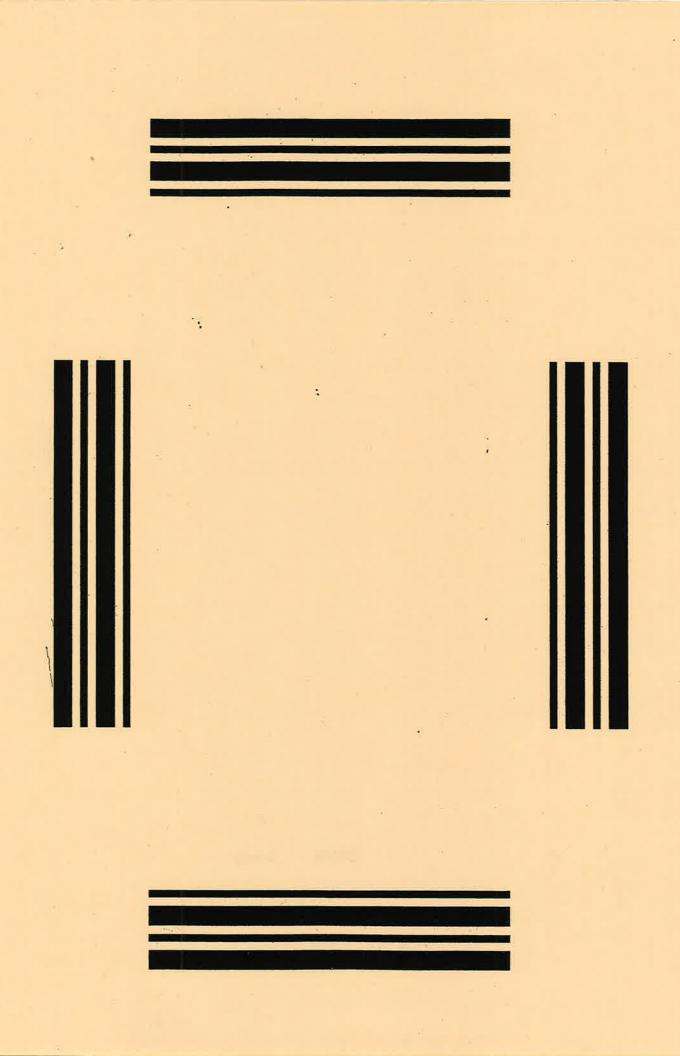
		Concentrations (ppm)	
			MDH
	<u>9/03/92</u>	<u>11/23/92</u>	RAL
MW-1			
Benzene	< 0.001	0.0093	0.010
Ethyl benzene	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.70
Toluene	< 0.001	0.0015	1.0
Xylenes	< 0.001	0.0012	10.0
TPH as fuel oil	< 0.002	< 0.10	N/A
MW-2			
Benzene	< 0.001	0.0026	0.010
Ethyl benzene	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.70
Toluene	< 0.001	< 0.001	1.0
Xylenes	< 0.001	< 0.001	10.0
TPH as fuel oil	< 0.002	< 0.10	N/A
MW-3			
Benzene	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.010
Ethyl benzene	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.70
Toluene	< 0.001	< 0.001	1.0
Xylenes	< 0.001	< 0.001	10.0
TPH as fuel oil	< 0.002	< 0.10	N/A
MDH RAL =	Minnesota Department of for Drinking Water Cont	f Health Recommended Allowater aminants.	able Limits

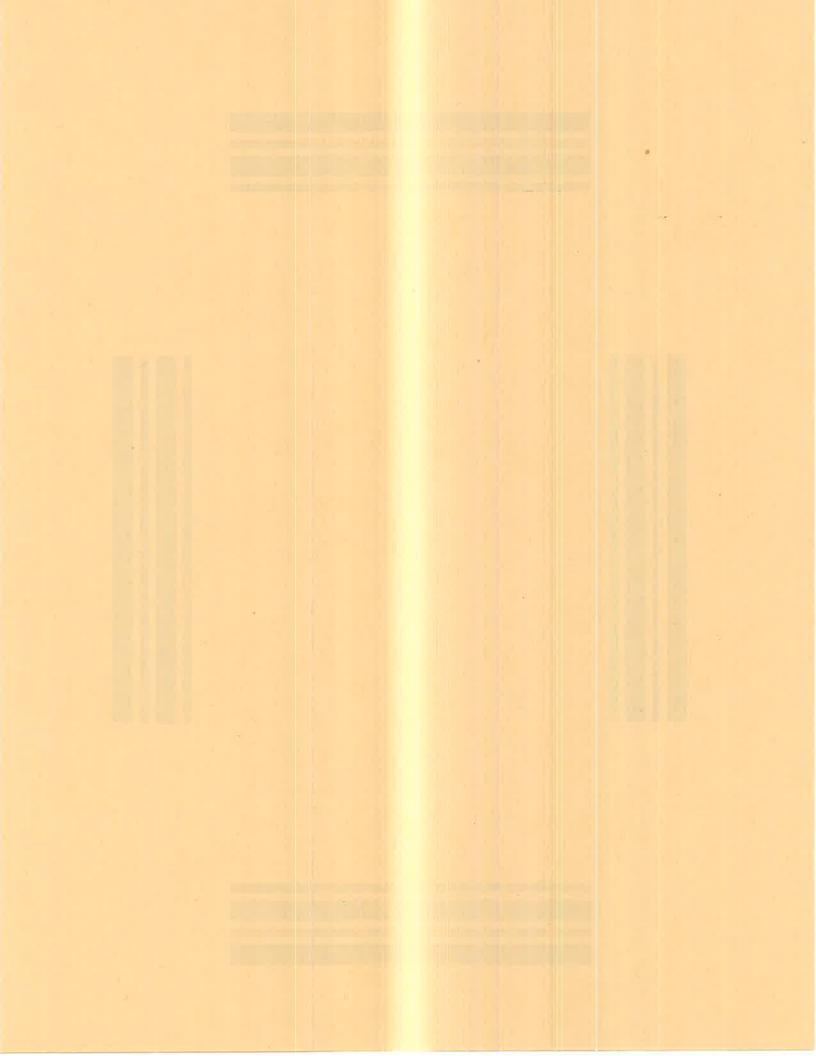
Not available, RAL based on task and odor criteria.

N/A =

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PETROLEUM TANK RELEASE INVESTIGATION REPORT HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA MPCA LEAK #5236 NOVA PROJECT NO.: M92-614

September 28, 1992

Prepared for:

SAGE COMPANY 1712 HOPKINS CROSSROAD MINNETONKA, MINNESOTA 55343

Prepared by:

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 1107 HAZELTINE BOULEVARD, SUITE 400 CHASKA, MINNESOTA 55318 (612) 448-9393

	27	

Prepared By:

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Julie K. Swanson

environmental Geologist

Reviewed By:

David J. Koubsky Hydrogeologist Group Manager

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

Nova Environmental Services, Inc. (Nova) was retained by Sage Company to investigate two petroleum releases at the Hampton Place Apartments located at 734 East 78th Street, Richfield, Minnesota. The purpose of the investigation was to determine the extent of the releases identified during the removal of two 1,000 gallon fuel oil underground storage tanks (USTs), and assess the potential impact on public welfare and the environment.

1.2 Scope of Work

The Scope of Services performed by Nova during the investigation consisted of the following:

- A) Observing and monitoring the removal of two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs.
- B) Advancing two soil borings in the tank basins to depths of approximately 36 feet;
- C) Collecting split-barrel soil samples for classification, and screen the samples for organic vapors using a photoionization detector (PID);
- D) Submitting selected soil samples for laboratory analysis of benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene and xylene (BETX) and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as fuel oil;
- E) Installing three ground water monitoring wells;
- F) Developing, stabilizing and sampling the monitoring wells for laboratory analysis of VOCs and TPH as fuel oil;
- G) Surveying well casing elevations and measuring static water table levels to assess local ground water flow direction;
- H) Reviewing and summarizing available geological and historical information; and

I) Preparing a Petroleum Tank Release Investigation (PTR) report presenting background information, methods and procedures, conclusions and recommendations for corrective action.

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Site Location

The Hampton Place Apartments are located in Hennepin County in the southwest 1/4 of the southwest 1/4 of Section 35, Township 28N, Range 20W (Figure 1). Figure 2 shows the locations of the buildings and the former USTs.

2.2 Site Ownership

The site is currently owned by Sage Company. The name and address of the person to contact regarding the site is:

Mr. Jim Agre Sage Company 1712 Hopkins Crossroad Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343 (612) 591-1200

2.3 Summary of UST Removal

Two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs were removed on May 21 and 26, 1992. A Nova representative was on-site to observe the removal of the tanks and collect soil samples for soil vapor and laboratory analysis. The USTs were removed and disposed of by Griggs, Inc. Evidence of a petroleum release was detected in soil beneath each UST. A total of 75 cubic yards of contaminated soil were removed from the excavation and temporarily stockpiled on-site. Initial field assessment of the extent of contamination indicated that total excavation of impacted soil was not feasible. Impacted soil remained in the excavation beyond the reach of the backhoe. The stockpiled contaminated soil was transported to C.S. McCrossan Construction, Inc. for thermal treatment. A Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA)

Excavation Report for Petroleum Release Sites has been completed and is included as Appendix A.

Soil below the USTs and within the excavation was monitored for the presence of volatile organic compounds with a photoionization detector (PID). Jar headspace readings from soil encountered beneath the tanks at a depth of 15 feet below grade (Appendix A - Section 5B) ranged from 125 to 132 parts per million (ppm). Jar headspace readings from soil encountered at the 10-12 foot depth on the excavation sidewalls ranged from 16 to 160 ppm.

Laboratory analysis of soil samples collected from the UST excavations detected TPH as fuel oil at a concentration of 3,030 ppm below Tank 1; and 490 ppm below Tank 2. Laboratory results are summarized in Appendix A - Section 5D. Photographic documentation and a copy of the laboratory report are also included in Appendix A.

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3.0 METHODS AND PROCEDURES

3.1 Soil Borings

Two soil borings (B-1, B-2) were drilled on July 20, 1992. Three monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3) were completed on September 2, 1992. Soil boring and monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 2. Exploration Technology, Inc. (ETI) was subcontracted to perform the drilling. Soil borings were advanced with a truck-mounted drill rig using 4 1/4 inch inside diameter (I.D.) hollow-stem auger.

3.1.1 Decontamination of Equipment

Split-barrel samplers were cleaned between samples to minimize risk of cross-contamination. The cleaning procedure consisted of soap and water wash and a water rinse. All downhole drilling equipment and associated tools were steam cleaned before initiating project work and between borings. Fluids used in cleaning the split-barrel sampler and drilling equipment between soil borings were disposed of by landspreading on-site.

3.1.2 Soil Sample Collection and Classification

Soil samples were collected in all soil borings at five foot intervals using a 2 inch diameter split-spoon sampler. In soil borings completed through the former tank basins (B-1 and B-2), split-spoon sampling was initiated at the 14-16 foot interval, corresponding to the base of the excavations. A physical description of the soil from each sampling depth interval was recorded in the field by a geologist. Soil sampling below the water table was hampered by sand re-entering the hollow-stem auger, commonly called "blow-up". Logs of the soil borings are presented in Appendix B.

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3.1.3 Soil Sample Collection For Organic Vapor Monitoring

A portion of each split-barrel soil sample was placed in a glass container and screened for headspace organic vapors with a PID, in accordance with MPCA guidelines. The PID was equipped with a 10.2 eV bulb and was calibrated to an isobutylene standard. Headspace PID readings are summarized on Table 1 and included on the soil boring logs (Appendix B).

3.1.4 Soil Sample Collection for Chemical Analysis

Soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis from the termination depth of soil borings B-1 and B-2, and from the sampling interval nearest the water table from borings MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3. In addition, a sample of ground water was collected from borings B-1 and B-2 through the hollow-stem auger using a disposable polyethylene bailer. Samples of soil and ground water were placed in clean laboratory containers and were preserved in the field and while being transported to the laboratory. Chain-of-Custody forms accompanied the samples during shipment. The samples were submitted to SERCO Laboratories for analysis of BETX and TPH as fuel oil, in accordance with MPCA guidance document entitled "Soil and Ground Water Analysis at Petroleum Release Sites," dated May 1992.

3.2 Monitoring Wells

Three monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3) were installed at the locations shown on Figure 2. Well locations were selected based on current and future land accessibility, the former UST locations, and estimated ground water flow direction.

3.2.1 Monitoring Well Construction

The monitoring wells are constructed of two inch diameter, schedule 40 PVC riser and 10 foot long, flush threaded, 0.010 slot PVC screen. The monitoring wells were installed with approximately two-thirds of the well screen extended into the saturated zone. The annular space between the borehole and well screen was backfilled with coarse silica sand. The coarse silica sand pack extends approximately two feet above the top of the screen. A two foot bentonite seal was placed above the sand pack. Neat cement grout was used to fill the annular space above the bentonite seal to a depth of two feet below the ground surface. The monitoring wells were completed above grade and are protected by a six inch diameter steel locking stand pipe and three steel posts. Monitoring well construction details are presented in Appendix B.

3.2.2 Ground Water Sampling for Chemical Analysis

Ground water samples were collected from each of the monitoring wells on September 3, 1992. Prior to sampling, the depth to ground water in each well was measured with an electronic water level indicator. Following water level measurement a minimum of three well volumes were removed from the monitoring wells. Stabilization of the wells was monitored by measuring the pH, conductivity and temperature of water removed after each well volume (Appendix C).

Ground water samples were collected from the monitoring wells using laboratory cleaned teflon bailers. Samples were transferred into laboratory-cleaned containers and preserved in the field and during transportation to the laboratory. The samples and Chain-of-Custody documentation were submitted to Serco Laboratories on September 3, 1992, for laboratory analysis of VOCs and TPH as fuel oil, in accordance with the MPCA guidance document entitled "Soil and Ground Water Analysis at Petroleum Release Sites," dated May 1992.

3.2.3 Water Table Elevation Measurement

An elevation survey was performed on the monitoring well locations on September 3, 1992. The survey procedure included surveying the riser top elevation at each monitoring well. The fire hydrant located on the southwest corner of the property was selected as the survey benchmark and was assigned an elevation of 100.00 feet. The results of the survey and depth to water measurements were used to calculate water table elevations (Table 2), ground water flow direction (Figure 3), and the flow gradient.

3.2.4 Hydraulic Conductivity Calculation

A slug test was performed in each of the monitoring wells on September 15, 1992, to assess the hydraulic characteristics of the ground water bearing soil. The procedure consisted of lowering a solid cylinder into the monitoring well below the water table and allowing the water level to stabilize. The solid cylinder was then removed and water levels and elapsed times of recovery were recorded. The water levels recovered instantaneously. Hydraulic conductivity and porosity values were estimated by using average ranges of grain size assigned to sandy soil (Groundwater and Wells, Driscoll). Ground water flow at the site is estimated at 4 -6 feet/year. Ground water flow velocities were calculated using the following formula:

$$V = \frac{Ki}{n}$$

Where:

V = ground water flow velocity

i = hydraulic gradient (0.0013)

 $K = hydraulic conductivity (\underline{1m/day or 3.3 ft/day})$

n = porosity (25 - 40%)

4.0 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION RESULTS

4.1 Regional Geology/Hydrogeology

Based on published hydrogeologic maps, surficial material in the vicinity of the site consist of sand, gravelly sand, and loamy sand derived from alluvial terraces. Unconsolidated deposits extend to a depth of approximately 250 feet, where dolostone of the Prairie du Chien Formation occurs. Near surface ground water in the unconsolidated deposits occurs at a depth of 21 to 22 feet below the ground surface. Regional, shallow ground water flow is to the south-southeast.

4.2 Local Geology/Hydrogeology

Soil encountered in the borings consisted of fine and fine to coarse grained sand (Appendix B). Static ground water was measured in the borings at depths ranging from 21 to 22.5 feet below ground surface. The direction of ground water flow and the hydraulic gradient were calculated for the site based on water table elevations measured in the monitoring wells (Table 2). Ground water at the site flows to the southeast, as indicated on Figure 3. A hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.0013 was calculated for the site.

4.3 Extent of Hydrocarbon Contamination

4.3.1 Organic Vapor Screening

PID measurements taken from the jar headspace of the soil samples indicated the presence of organic vapors in soil borings B-1 and B-2, located in the former tank basins. Organic vapor concentrations above background were detected in soil samples collected from the 14 to 36 foot depths. Sample collection below the water table was hampered by the occurrence of "blow-up", which results when sand re-enters the hollow-stem auger. PID measurements of soil samples collected below the water table may have been influenced (higher from actual values) from lowering the split-spoon sampler through the petroleum impacted ground water.

PID measurements are included on the soil boring logs in Appendix B and are summarized on Table 1.

4.3.2 Soil Analytical Results

Soil boring laboratory results are summarized on Table 3 and included in Appendix D. Soil samples collected from the termination depths (34-36 feet) of soil borings B-1 and B-2 detected 5.0 and 5.4 parts per million (ppm) TPH as fuel oil, respectively. Soil samples collected from the base of tank #1 excavation contained 2.81 ppm ethyl benzene, 16.3 ppm xylenes and 3,030 ppm TPH as fuel oil. The soil sample collected from the base of tank #2 excavation contained 9.27 ppm xylenes and 490 ppm TPH as fuel oil.

Petroleum compounds were not detected in the soil samples collected at the water table during the installation of three ground water monitoring wells.

4.3.3 Ground Water Analytical Results

Laboratory analysis of ground water samples collected from monitoring wells are summarized in Table 2 and included in Appendix D indicate petroleum compounds were not detected in the water samples collected from the monitoring wells September 3, 1992. Ground water samples collected from boreholes B-1 and B-2 contained 470 and 780 ppm TPH as fuel oil, respectively.

5.0 POTENTIAL RECEPTOR SURVEY

A receptor survey was conducted to identify potential on-site and off-site receptors of petroleum vapors or impacted ground water associated with the petroleum release. The receptor survey consisted of:

- Reviewing water well records within one mile of the site.
- Evaluating organic vapor impacts to surrounding structures and utilities.

Minnesota Geological Survey (MGS) records of water wells indicate six public and private water supply wells are located within a one-mile radius of the site (Figure 4). The closest water well (MGS #222919) is located approximately 200 feet west of the site. This well is reported as 245 feet deep and is finished in the Shakopee Formation. The closest hydraulically downgradient water well with respect to shallow ground water flow is MGS #204969. Water well #204969 is recorded as 404 feet deep and is finished in the Jordon Sandstone. Two of the water wells identified (MGS #204968 and #204972) are finished in the unconsolidated deposits 47 and 206 feet below ground surface, respectively. The remaining water wells identified (MGS #204970 and #204971) are finished at depths of 389 and 390 feet below ground surface in the St. Lawrence and Jordon Sandstone Formations. Copies of the well logs are included in Appendix E.

No storm or sanitary sewer manholes were observed in the vicinity of the petroleum releases. The apartment buildings on-site consist of three stories, with the lower level approximately four feet below ground surface. No petroleum vapors have been detected in the apartments adjacent to the former tank basins. No basement drain tile sumps or floor drains were observed in the buildings. An MPCA Hydrogeologic Setting and Ground Water Contamination Characterization Worksheet, summarizing the potential risks associated with this release, is included in Appendix F.

6.0 DISCUSSION

Petroleum releases were identified below two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs removed from the site on May 21 and 26, 1992. Impacted soil was identified at approximately 10 feet and extended beyond the reach of the backhoe (15 to 16 feet) below both tanks. Approximately 75 cubic yards of petroleum impacted soil were removed and thermally treated at C.S. McCrossan Construction Inc. Soil samples collected from the base of the excavations contained 3,030 and 490 ppm TPH as fuel oil.

Soil borings were advanced through the tank basins. Petroleum impacted soil extended to the depth of ground water, which was encountered at a depth of approximately 22 feet. Soil and ground water samples were collected from the boreholes. Petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations of 470 and 780 ppm TPH as fuel oil were detected in the ground water samples. Low concentrations of TPH as fuel oil were detected in soil samples collected from the 34 to 36 foot sampling interval.

In accordance with MPCA guidance documents, three ground water monitoring wells were installed on September 2, 1992. Water table elevations indicate ground water flow is to the southeast. Laboratory analysis did not detect petroleum hydrocarbon compounds in the ground water samples collected on September 3, 1992. Soil samples collected just above the water table did not contain petroleum hydrocarbon compounds.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Petroleum releases were detected below two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs removed from the Hampton Place Apartments property located at 734 East 78th Street in Richfield, Minnesota. The source of the releases were two 1,000 gallon USTs removed from the site on May 21 and 26, 1992. A total of 75 cubic yards of petroleum-contaminated soil were excavated, and thermally treated at C.S. McCrossan Construction, Inc.

Soil borings and monitoring wells were installed to define the extent of the soil and ground water impacts. PID screening and laboratory analysis results indicate petroleum impacted soil was encountered from the 10 to 31 foot depth in the former tank basins.

Based on the site soil type (sand) and soil sample laboratory results, the extent of soil impacts has been defined and is limited to the vicinity of the former tank basins. On-site structures and utilities have not been impacted by the release based on the shallow depth of the building lower levels, the depth of ground water (22 feet), and the absence of sewer manholes.

Based on the ground water laboratory results, the extent of impacted ground water has been defined and has not migrated to downgradient wells located 50 feet from the tank basins. Petroleum hydrocarbon compounds were not detected in the ground water samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 on September 3, 1992. The wells should be sampled on a quarterly basis for a period of one year as outlined in the MPCA document entitled "Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program Ground Water Monitoring" dated May 1992. No additional investigative or corrective action efforts are warranted at this time.

Excavating 75 yards of heavily impacted soil represents a sufficient corrective action response to this release. Additional soil corrective action is not recommended based on the type of fuel stored in the tanks (fuel oil) and the absence of volatile compounds in the soil samples collected.

This report should be submitted to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) for review. Upon MPCA concurrence with the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report, Sage Company may be eligible for partial reimbursement of costs for investigative and corrective actions associated with the petroleum release.

TABLE 1 SOIL BORING PID RESULTS

Soil Boring	<u>Sample</u>	Depth (ft)	Jar Headspace PID (ppm)
B-1	SS-1	14-16	55
	SS-2	19-21	29
	SS-3	24-26	26
	SS-4	29-31	13
	SS-5	34-36	10
B-2	SS-1	14-16	15
	SS-2	19-21	80
	SS-3	24-26	16
	SS-4	29-31	16
	SS-5	34-36	15
MW-1	SS-1 SS-2 SS-3 SS-4 SS-5	4-6 9-11 14-16 19-21 24-26	0 0 0 0
MW-2	SS-1	9-11	0
	SS-2	14-16	0
	SS-3	19-21	0
	SS-4	24-26	0
MW-3	SS-1 SS-2 SS-3 SS-4 SS-5	4-6 9-11 14-16 19-21 24-26	0 0 0 0

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TABLE 2 SURVEY DATA AND WATER TABLE ELEVATIONS

	78,45	Ground Surface	l To	op of ser	<u>D</u> :	ate	Depth Ground				r Table
10	MW-1	95.43	96	5.82	9/:	3/92	21.44			75	5.38
10	5 MW-2 79	11 ¹² 96.52	97	7.98	9/:	3/92	22.53			75	5.45
	MW-3	98.06	99	0.60	9/:	3/92	23.96			75	5.64
	Note:	Elevations	based on	100.00	foot	elevation	assigned	to top	nut	of fire	e hydrai

Elevations based on 100.00 foot elevation assigned to top nut of fire hydrant located near southwest corner of property.

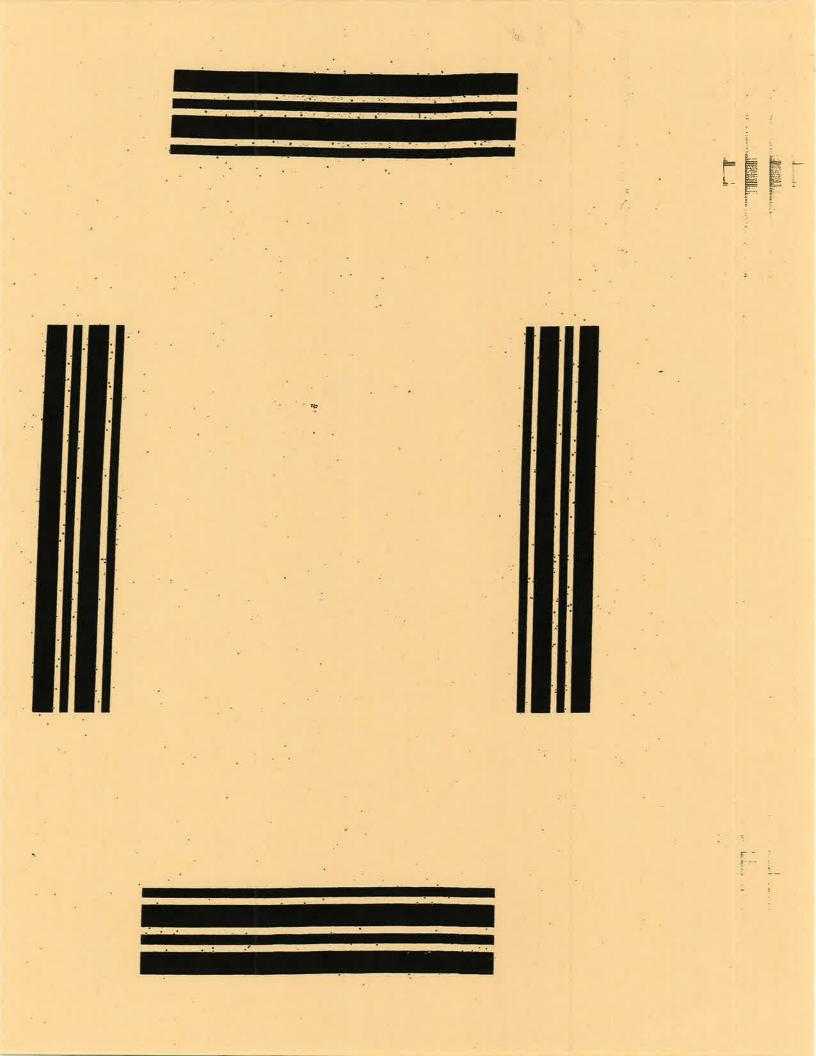
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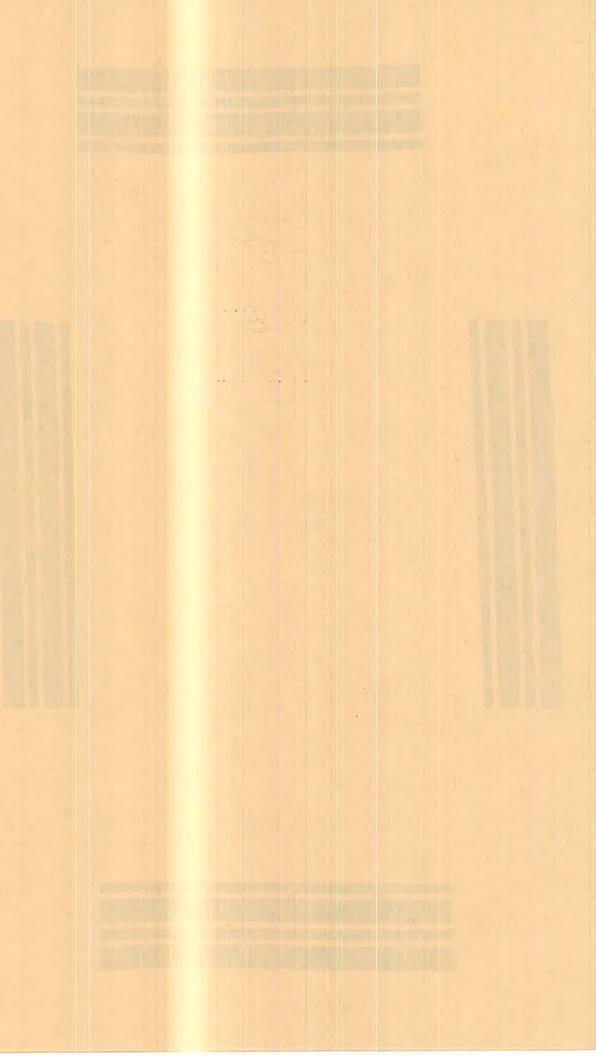
TABLE 3 LABORATORY RESULTS

CONCENTRATIONS (ppm)

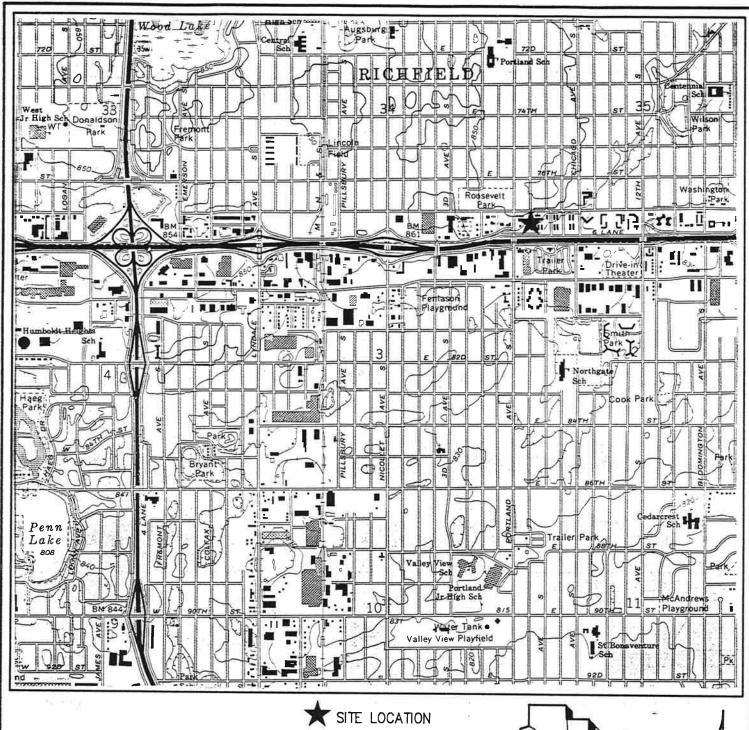
Soil <u>Sample</u>	Depth (ft)	<u>Benzene</u>	Ethyl Benzene	<u>Toluene</u>	Xylenes	TPH as Fuel Oil
S-1 (Soil) Boring B-1	34-36	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	5.0
S-2 (Soil) Boring B-2	34-36	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	5.4
W-1 (Water) Boring B-1	22	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	470
W-2 (Water) Boring B-2	21	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	780
S-3 (Soil) Boring MW-1	19-21	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<2.0
S-4 (Soil) Boring MW-2	19-21	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<2.0
S-5 (Soil) Boring MW-3	19-21	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 2.0
MW-1 (Water)	21	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.002
MW-2 (Water)	22	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.002
MW-3 (Water)	22	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.002

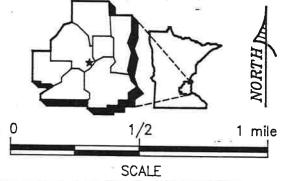
Note: All concentrations recorded in mg/kg or mg/l = parts per million (ppm).





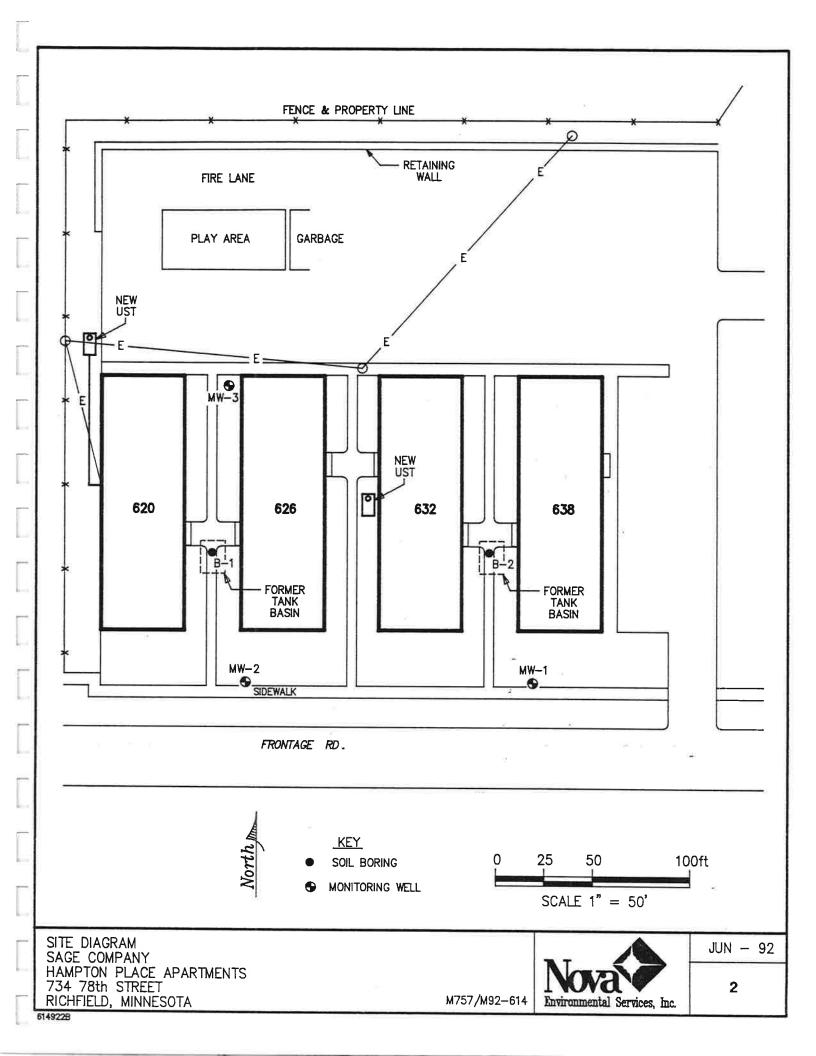
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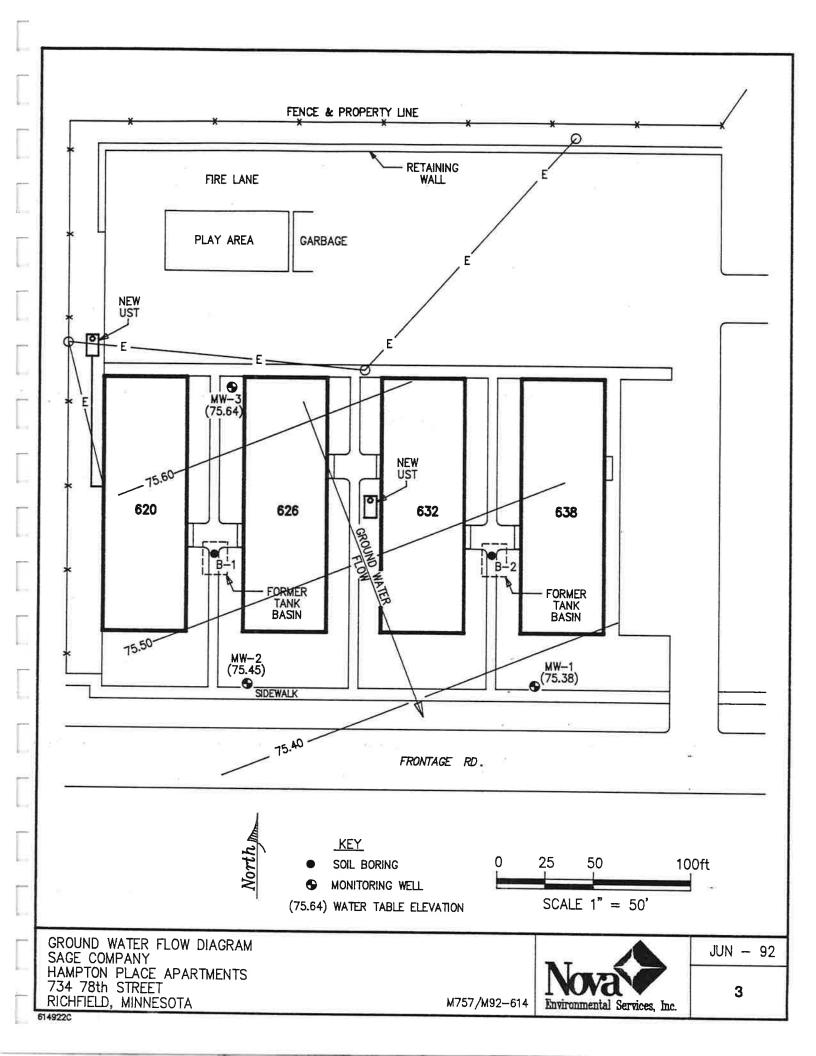


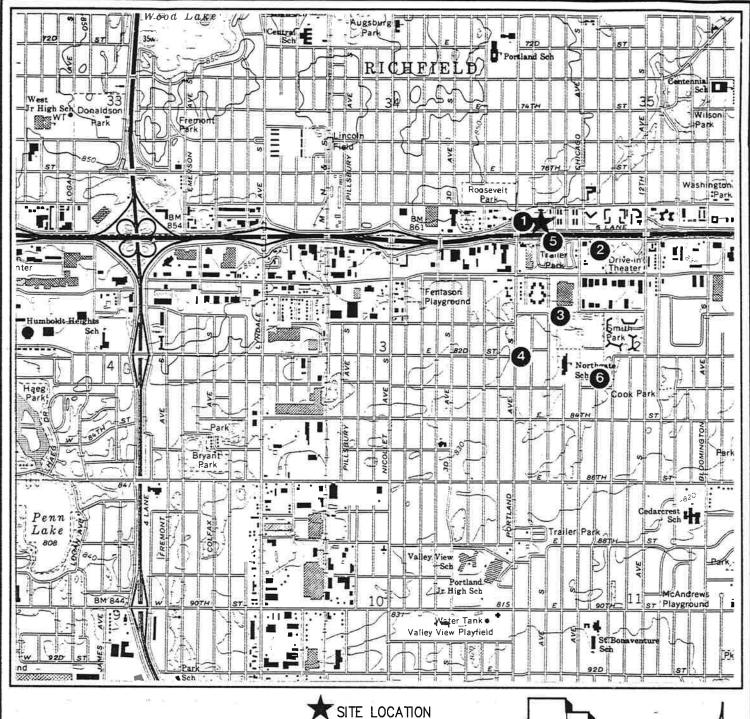


SITE LOCATION MAP SAGE COMPANY HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA



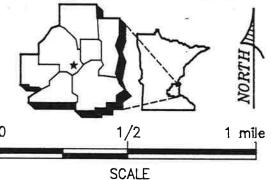






UNIQUE WELL NUMBERS AND LOCATIONS:

- 1. 222919
- 2. 204968
 3. 204970
- 4. 204972
- 5. 204969
- 6. 204971



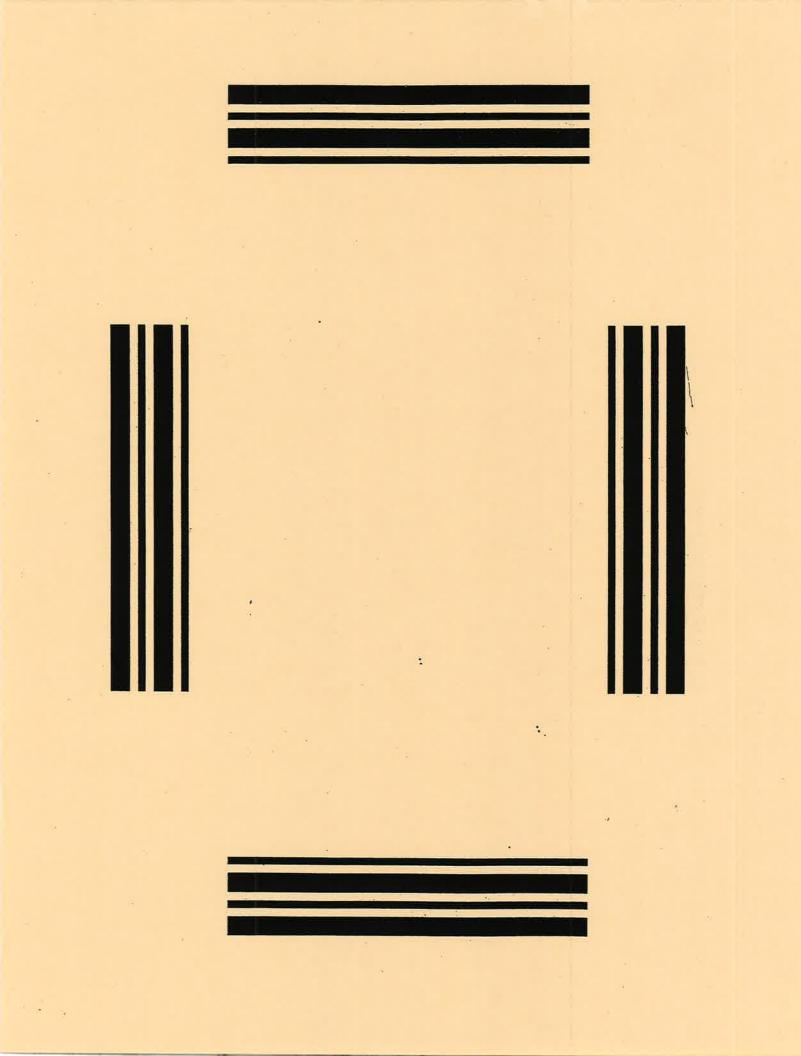
MGS WATER WELL LOCATION MAP HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS 734 EAST 78th STREET RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

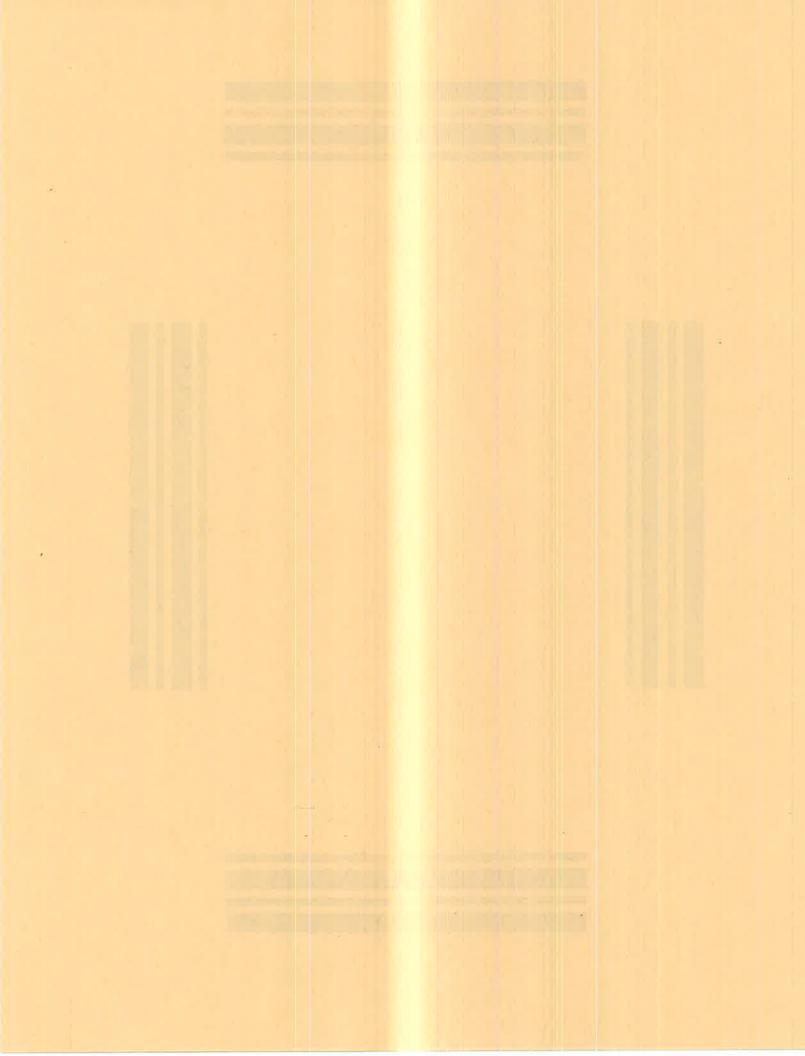
Environmental Services, Inc.

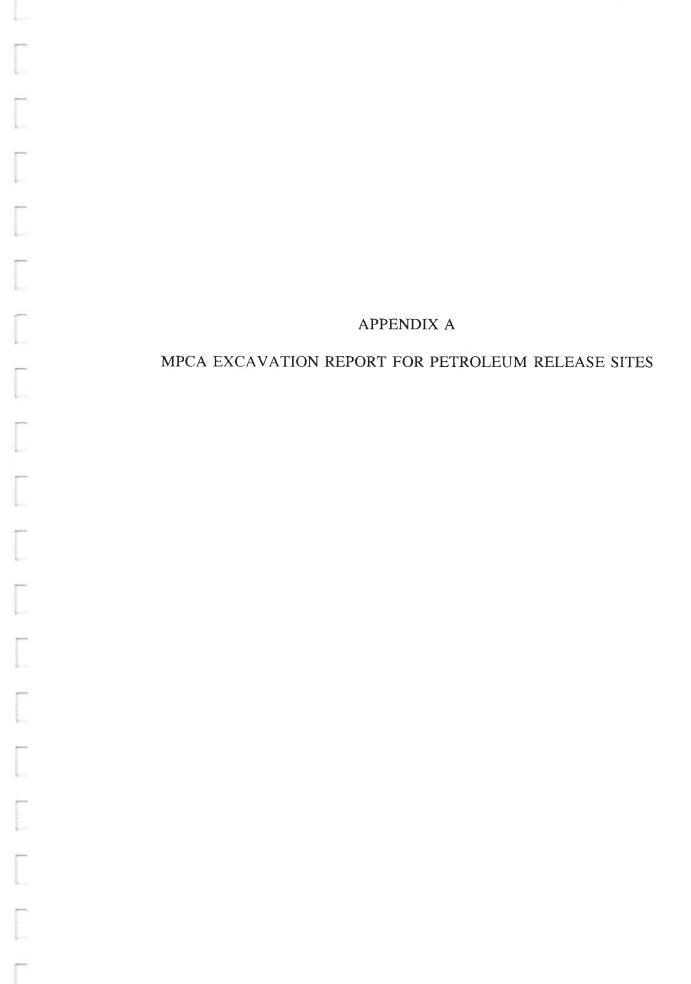
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EXCAVATION REPORT FOR PETROLEUM RELEASE SITE HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS 734 EAST 78TH STREET RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA MPCA LEAK NO.: 5236

NOVA PROJECT NO.: M92-614

August 12, 1992

Prepared for:

SAGE COMPANY 1712 HOPKINS CROSSROADS MINNETONKA, MINNESOTA

Prepared by:

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 1107 HAZELTINE BOULEVARD, SUITE 400 CHASKA, MINNESOTA 55318 (612) 448-9393

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S.B. Cummings President J.E. Findley Chief Executive Officer

August 12, 1992

Mr. Jim Agre Sage Company 1712 Hopkins Crossroads Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

RE: UST EXCAVATION REPORT

HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

MPCA LEAK NO: 5236

Dear Mr. Agre:

Nova Environmental Services, Inc. (Nova) is submitting the enclosed Excavation Report for Petroleum Release sites for the Hampton Place Apartments located at 734 East 78th Street in Richfield, Minnesota (Figure 1). A representative of Nova was present at this site on May 21 and on May 26, 1992, to observe the removal of two 1,000 gallon underground storage tanks (USTs). The USTs were used to store fuel oil for a backup heating supply and were located between apartment complexes as shown in Figures 2 and 3. Petroleum releases were identified below both USTs.

Soil borings were advanced through the former tank basins on July 20, 1992 to determine the vertical extent of petroleum impacted soil, and if ground water had been impacted. Laboratory results of ground water samples indicate ground water has been impacted by the petroleum releases identified at this site. In accordance with MPCA guidance document "Excavation of Petroleum Impacted Soil" dated May 1992 additional investigative work and ground water monitoring will be required.

M92-614R_001\T6

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UST REMOVAL

Soil above and around the USTs were removed using a backhoe. Both USTs were in poor condition with heavy corrosion and pitting. Holes were observed on both tanks. In addition, the distribution piping associated with the USTs was in poor condition. Tanks and piping were removed and disposed of by Griggs, Inc. of Shoreview, Minnesota.

SOIL MONITORING AND SAMPLING

Excavated soil and the soil exposed along the side walls and bottom of the excavations was monitored for the presence of organic vapors using an HNU photoionization detector (PID). The PID was equipped with a 10.2 eV bulb and calibrated to an isobutylene standard. PID monitoring and physical observations indicated that petroleum-impacted soil was present in the tank excavations. Nova contacted the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) on May 21 and 26, 1992, to report the releases.

Approximately 75 cubic yards of petroleum-impacted soil (35 cubic yards from tank #1 and 40 cubic yards from tank #2) were segregated and stockpiled on-site. Visibly impacted soil directly below the tanks was removed, however, due to the restrictions imposed by underground utilities and depth limitations of the backhoe, total excavation of the petroleum-impacted soil was not achieved. The impacted soil was thermally treated at C.S. McCrossan Construction, Inc. in Maple Grove, Minnesota.

Soil samples were collected from directly beneath each tank (fifteen to sixteen feet below ground surface) and from the stockpiled soil. These samples were collected to document hydrocarbon concentrations and verify organic vapor monitoring results. The soil samples were submitted to MVTL Laboratories, Inc. for analysis of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, and xylenes (BTEX), and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as fuel oil. The laboratory results, included with this report, indicate that petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the

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soil samples beneath the USTs and the stockpiled soil. Ground water was not present in the tank excavations.

SOIL BORINGS

Two soil borings were advanced through the former tank basins to 36 feet below ground surface on July 20, 1992. Exploration Technology Inc. (ETI) was subcontracted to perform the drilling. The soil borings were advanced with a truck-mounted drill rig and 4 1/4 inch inside diameter hollow stem auger.

Soil samples for field screening and laboratory analysis were collected at five foot intervals using a split-spoon sampler. Soil samples were not collected in the upper 14 feet since the soil was recently placed tank backfill material. A physical description of the soil from each sampling interval was recorded by a field geologist. Logs of the borings are attached.

The soil encountered in the soil borings consisted of sand to the termination depth of the borings. A portion of each split-spoon soil sample was screened for organic vapors with a PID using the jar headspace method. Soil vapor screening results are recorded on the boring logs. Soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis from the termination depth of the boring (36 feet). Soil samples were analyzed for BETX, and TPH as fuel oil. Ground water was encountered at a depth of 22 and 21 feet (boring B-1 and B-2 respectively). A sample of ground water was collected from each boring and submitted for laboratory analysis of BETX and TPH as fuel oil.

Laboratory results indicate TPH as fuel oil was detected in the soil and ground water samples in the following concentrations: boring B-1 soil = 5.0 ppm, water = 470 ppm; boring B-2 soil = 5.4 ppm, water = 780 ppm.

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CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Field observations and PID monitoring detected evidence of petroleum releases during the removal of two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs at the Hampton Place Apartments in Richfield, Minnesota. Approximately 75 cubic yards of impacted soil were removed from the tank basins. The impacted soil was thermally treated by C.S. McCrossan Construction, Inc. Laboratory analysis results indicate that total excavation of impacted soil was not achieved.

Two soil borings were advanced through the tank basins on July 20, 1992. The soil borings were advanced to a depth of 36 feet. Ground water was encountered at a depth of 21 to 22 feet. Soil and ground water samples were collected from each boring and submitted for laboratory analysis.

Laboratory analysis indicates TPH as fuel oil was detected in the soil at concentrations of 5.0 and 5.4 ppm TPH as fuel oil. The concentrations detected in the soil indicate the petroleum concentrations decrease with depth and are below MPCA action levels at the 34 to 36 foot sampling interval. Soil vapor screening and laboratory results indicate the vertical extent of impacted soil above MPCA action levels is from the 16 foot to the 23 foot depths.

Laboratory analysis detected TPH as fuel oil in the ground water samples collected from each borehole. Ground water has been impacted by the fuel oil releases at this site. Based on MPCA Guidance Document entitled Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil dated May 1992, Remedial Investigation is required if ground water is in contact with petroleum impacted soil. TPH as fuel oil was detected in the water samples at concentrations ranging from 470 to 780 ppm. Based on the hydrocarbon concentrations detected in the ground water samples, the ground water has been moderately impacted. No free product (fuel oil) was detected on the water table.

MPCA Guidance Document entitled "Soil Boring and Monitor Well Installation" dated May 1992 outlines the requirements for ground water monitoring if a petroleum release has impacted ground water. The MPCA requires a sufficient number of wells be installed to "fully" define the impacted ground water. Typically three to four wells are required at each release site to meet the requirements of this document. At sites were several release sites are identified, the total number of wells may be reduced if they can be strategically placed to provide usable information for both release sites. Nova feels we may be able to utilize a number of wells to assist in defining each release site.

MPCA Guidance Document entitled "Ground Water Monitoring" dated May 1992 requires a minimum of two quarterly ground water monitoring results to determine if clean-up will be required. If free product is encountered clean-up is required immediately. If free product is not identified clean-up goals are negotiated on a site specific basis. If no active clean-up is required, ground water monitoring is required on a quarterly basis for one year. Monitoring will be required biannually or annually there after until the water quality meets Minnesota Department of Health Recommended Allowable Drinking Water Limits, clean-up goals or a declining petroleum trend is documented for a minimum of three years.

Based on the referenced MPCA guidance documents the following additional investigative, and monitoring efforts are recommended.

- Install a minimum of five ground water monitoring wells to a depth of 30 feet each.
- Sample the wells on a quarterly basis for one year for the following compounds.
 - BETX
 - TPH as fuel oil
- Submit a monitoring report after the second quarterly sampling event which summarizes and evaluates ground water quality and proposes ground water clean-up goals, if needed.

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If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact us at (612) 448-9393.

Sincerely,

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Julie K. Swanson Environmental Geologist

David J. Koubsky Group Manager

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Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Tanks and Spills Section May 1992

Complete the information below and submit to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Tanks and Spills Section to document excavation and treatment of petroleum contaminated soil. Excavations must be done in accordance with "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil" (Guidance Document 6). Please attach any available preliminary site investigation reports to this excavation report.

Additional pages may be attached. Please type or print clearly.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Site: Hampton Place Apartments

Street: 734 East 78th Street City, Zip: Richfield, 55423

County: Hennepin

MPCA Site ID#: LEAK00005236

C. Excavating Contractor: Griggs, Inc.

Contact: Tom Ames

Telephone: (612) 482-0444

Tank Contractor

Certification Number: #0018

B. Tank Owner/Operator: Sage Company

Mailing Address: Mr. Jim Agre

Street/Box: 1712 Hopkins Crossroads

City/Zip: Minnetonka 55343 *Telephone:* (612) 591-1200

D. Consultant: Nova Environmental Services,

Inc.

Contact: Julie Swanson

Street/Box: 1107 Hazeltine Blvd., Suite 400

City, Zip: Chaska, MN 55318 Telephone: (612) 448-9393

E. Others on-site during site work (e.g., fire marshal, local officials, MPCA staff, etc.):

Richfield Fire Officials

Note: If person other than tank owner and/or operator is conducting the cleanup, provide name, address, and relationship to site on a separate attached sheet.

II. DATES

- A. Date release reported to MPCA: May 21, 1992
- B. Dates site work performed:

Work Performed

Date

Tank Removal UST #1 and excavate impacted soil Tank Removal UST #2 and excavate impacted soil

Soil borings in former tank basins

May 21, 1992 May 26, 1992 July 20, 1992

III. RELEASE INFORMATION

A. Provide the following information for all removed tanks.

Tank 1: Capacity: 1,000 gallons
Type: Painted Steel

Type: Painted Ste Age: Unknown Condition: Poor

Product History: Fuel Oil

Approximate quantity of petroleum released, if known: Not Known

Cause of release: Tank and/or piping failure.

Tank 2: Capacity: 1,000 gallons

Type: Painted Steel Age: Unknown Condition: Poor

Product History: Fuel Oil

Approximate quantity of petroleum released, if known: Not Known

Cause of release: Tank and/or piping failure.

B. Provide the following information for all existing tanks.

Tank Number	Capacity	Contents	Туре	Age
1	1,000 gallons	Fuel oil	Painted steel	Unknown
2	1,000 gallons	Fuel oil	Painted steel	Unknown
3	1,000 gallons	Fuel oil	Single wall steel,	June 1992
			Cathodically protected	
4	1,000 gallons	Fuel oil	Single wall steel,	June 1992
			Cathodically protected	

C. If the release was associated with the lines in dispensers, briefly describe the problem:

Source of leak not known. No dispenser pump was present at this site.

D. If the release was a surface spill, briefly describe the problem:

Not applicable

IV. EXCAVATION

A. Dimensions of excavation: Tank #1: 10' x 12' x 15' deep

Tank #2: 10' x 12' x 16' deep

- B. Original tank backfill material (sand, gravel, etc.): Sand
- C. Native soil type (clay, sand, etc.): Sand
- D. Quantity of contaminated soil removed (cubic yards): 75 yd³

[Note: If more than 400 cubic yards removed, please attach copy of written approval from MPCA.]

E. Was ground water encountered or was there evidence of seasonally high ground water table? At what depth?

Ground water was not encountered in the tank basins.

F. If a soil boring was necessary, (as indicated in part VI of "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil" (Guidance Document 6) for sand and silty sand native soils) describe the soil analytical and soil vapor headspace results. Attach the boring logs and laboratory results to this report.

Soil borings will be advanced in the former tank basins to assess the vertical extent of the petroleum release. Soil vapor concentrations decreased with depth. Ground water was encountered at a depth of 21 to 22 feet below ground surface. Soil boring logs with soil vapor screening results are attached.

G. If ground water was encountered or if a soil boring was conducted, was there evidence of ground water contamination? Specify, e.g., free product (specify thickness), product sheen, ground water in contact with petroleum contaminated soil, water analytical results, etc.

Ground water was encountered in the boreholes at a depth of 21 to 22 feet below ground surface. The water had a rainbow sheen on it. No free product was observed. A ground water sample was collected from each boring and submitted for laboratory analysis of BETX, and TPH as fuel oil. Laboratory analysis detected 470 ppm TPH as fuel oil in water collected from boring B-1, and 780 ppm TPH as fuel oil in water collected from boring B-2.

[Note: If free product was observed, contact MPCA staff immediately as outlined in "Petroleum Tank Release Reports" (Guidance Document 2).]

H. Was bedrock encountered in the excavation? At what depth?

No

I. Were other unique conditions associated with this site? If so, explain.

No

V. SAMPLING

A. Briefly describe the field methods (including use of a photoionization detector) used to distinguish contaminated from uncontaminated soil:

An HNU photoionization detector (PID) was used to screen soil samples using the jar headspace method. The PID was equipped with a 10.2 eV bulb and calibrated to an isobutylene standard. Visual and odor criteria were also used to identify impacted soil.

B. List soil vapor headspace analysis results. Indicate sampling locations using sample codes (with sampling depths in parentheses), e.g., SV-1 (2 feet), SV-2 (10 feet), etc. Samples collected at different depths at the same locations should be labeled SV-1A (2 feet), SV-1B (4 feet), SV-1C (6 feet), etc. These should correspond with the codes on the site map in part VI. If the sample represents soil from the final extent of the excavation indicate "bottom" or "sidewall" in the bottom/sidewall column.

Excavation Tank	1		Excavation Ta	Excavation Tank #2				
Sample Soi Code Typ	_	Sample Location	Sample Code	Soil <u>Type</u>	Reading ppm	Sample Location		
SV-1 (15 ft) San SV-2 (10 ft) San SV-3 (12 ft) San SV-4 (12 ft) San SV-5 (12 ft) San SV-6 San	d 16 d 50 d 98 d 155	Bottom N. Sidewall E. Sidewall S. Sidewall W. Sidewall Stockpile	SV-1 (16 ft) SV-2 (12 ft) SV-3 (12 ft) SV-4 (12 ft) SV-5 (12 ft) SV-6	Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand	132 106 80 75 160 130	Bottom E. Sidewall W. Sidewall S. Sidewall N. Sidewall Stockpile		
Soil Boring B-1			Soil Boring B	-2				
Sample <u>Code</u>	Soil <u>Type</u>	Reading ppm	Sample <u>Code</u>		Soil <u>Type</u>	Reading ppm		
SS-1 (14-16 ft) SS-2 (19-21 ft) SS-3 (24-26 ft) SS-4 (29-31 ft)	Sand Sand Sand Sand	55 29 26 13	SS-1 (14-16 ft SS-2 (19-21 ft SS-3 (24-26 ft SS-4 (29-31 ft	t) t)	Sand Sand Sand Sand	15 80 16 16		
SS-5 (34-36 ft)	Sand	10	SS-5 (34-36 f	,	Sand	15		

C. Briefly describe the soil sampling and handling procedures used:

Soil samples were "grab" samples collected from freshly exposed soil. Sample locations were selected to best represent soil conditions within the excavation and from the split-spoon samplers, and to comply with MPCA guidelines. The soil samples were collected and stored in clean laboratory glass jars with teflon-lined lids. The samples were kept cool in the field while being transported to the laboratory.

D. List the appropriate soil sample analytical results from the bottom and sidewalls of the excavation below (refer to "Soil and Ground Water Analysis at Petroleum Release Sites", Guidance Document 11). If the petroleum was not gasoline or fuel oil, attach appropriate analytical results. Code the samples (with sampling depths in parentheses) SS-1 (8 feet), SS-2 (4 feet), etc. These should correspond with the codes on the site map in part VI. Do not include analyses from the stockpiled soils.

Sample Code	THC as FO (ppm)	Benzene ppm	Ethyl- Benzene ppm	Toluene ppm	Xylene ppm	MTBE	Lead ppm
Tank Excava	tions						
S-1 (15 ft)	3,030	BDL	2.81	BDL	16.3	NA	NA
S-2 (Stockpile)	2,690	BDL	1.25	BDL	5.91	NA	NA
S-3 (16 ft)	490	BDL	BDL	BDL	9.27	NA	NA
S-4 (Stockpile)	589	BDL	0.990	BDL	6.19	NA	NA
Soil Borings							
S-1 (B-1, 34-36 ft)	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	NA
S-2 (B-2, 34-36 ft)	5.4	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	NA
W-1 (B-1, 22 ft)	470	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	NA
W-2 (B-2, 21 ft)	780	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	NA

NOTE: COPIES OF LABORATORY REPORTS AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY FORMS MUST BE INCLUDED.

VI. FIGURES

Attach the following figures to this report:

- 1. Site Location Map.
- 2. Site map(s) drawn to scale illustrating the following:
 - a. Location (or former location) of all present and former tanks, lines, and dispensers;
 - b. location of other structures (buildings, canopies, etc.);
 - c. adjacent city, township, or county roadways;
 - d. final extent of excavation;
 - e. location of soil vapor analyses (e.g., SV-1), soil samples (e.g., SS-1), and soil borings (e.g., SB-1). Also, attach all boring logs; and
 - f. north arrow and map legend.

VII. SUMMARY

Briefly summarize evidence indicating whether additional investigation is necessary at the site, as discussed in part VI of "Excavation of Petroleum Contaminated Soil" (Guidance Document 6). If no further action is recommended, the MPCA staff will review this report following notification of soil treatment.

Two 1,000 gallon fuel oil USTs were removed on May 21, and 26, 1992 from the Hampton Place Apartments in Richfield, Minnesota. Petroleum-impacted soil was encountered below both USTs. Approximately 75 cubic yards of impacted soil were removed and thermally treated. Laboratory analysis and field screening indicate total excavation was not achieved.

A soil sample collected from the termination depth of the borings (34-36 feet) was submitted for laboratory analysis. The soil samples contained 5.0 and 5.4 ppm TPH as fuel oil in borings B-1 and B-2. The vertical extent of soil impacts appears to be between the 16 and 23 foot depths, based on laboratory and soil vapor screening results.

Two soil borings were advanced through the former tank basins. Petroleum impacted soil was encountered to the depth of ground water (21 to 22 feet). A ground water sample was collected from each borehole. Laboratory analysis of the ground water samples detected TPH as fuel oil in both water samples (470 ppm and 780 ppm in borings B-1 and B-2 respectively).

In accordance with MPCA guidance documents, additional soil borings will be required to determine the horizontal extent of impacted soil. Ground water monitoring wells will be required to determine the horizontal extent of ground water impacts.

VIII. SOIL TREATMENT INFORMATION

A. Soil treatment method used (thermal, land application, other). If you choose "other" specify treatment method:

Thermal



- B. Location of treatment site/facility: C.S. McCrossan, Inc.
- C. Date MPCA approved soil treatment (if thermal treatment was used after May 1, 1991, indicate date that the MPCA permitted thermal treatment facility agreed to accept soil): June 4, 1992
- D. Identify the location of any stockpiled contaminated soil:

Excavated soil was stockpiled in corner of firelane in parking lot as per Richfield Fire Department approval.

IX. CONSULTANT (OR OTHER) PREPARING THIS REPORT

Company Names:

Nova Environmental Services, Inc.

Street/Box:

1107 Hazeltine Boulevard, Suite 400

City/Zip:

Chaska, Minnesota 55318

Telephone:

(612) 448-9393

Contact:

Julie Swanson

If additional investigation is not required at the site, please mail this form and all necessary attachments to:

Chris McLain

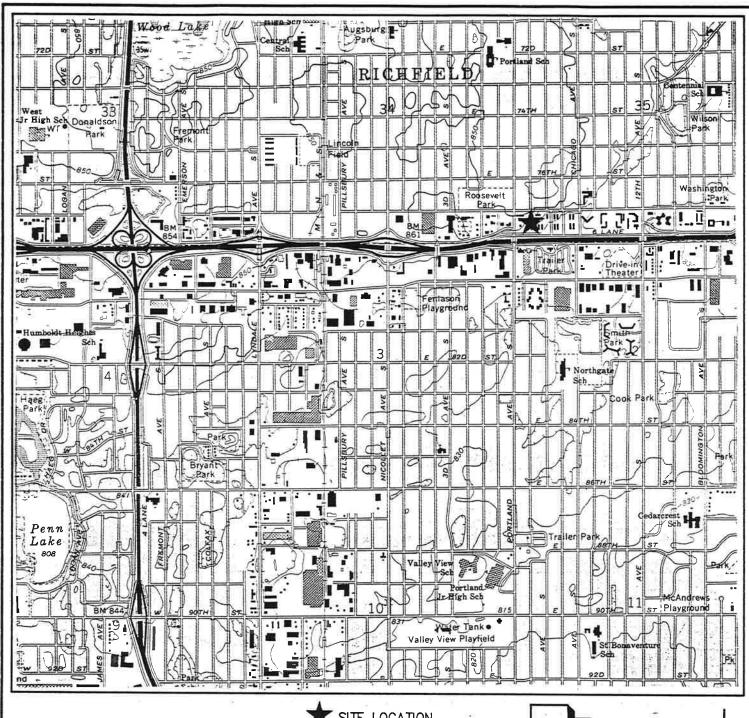
Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

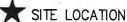
Hazardous Waste Division Tanks and Spills Section 520 Lafayette Road

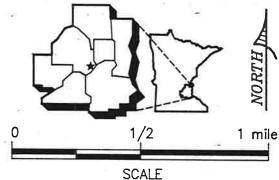
St. Paul, Minnesota 55155

If additional investigation is required at the site, include this form as a section in the Remedial Investigation/Corrective Action Design report. Excavation reports indicating a remedial investigation (RI) is necessary, will not be reviewed by MPCA staff until the RI has been completed.

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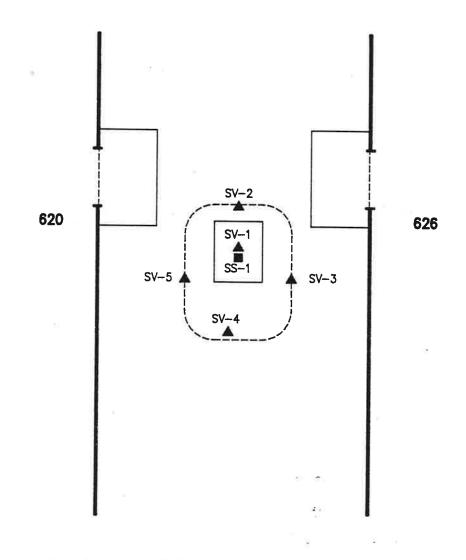






SITE LOCATION MAP SAGE COMPANY HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

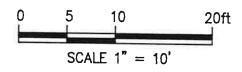




KEY

▲ SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE

SOIL SAMPLE

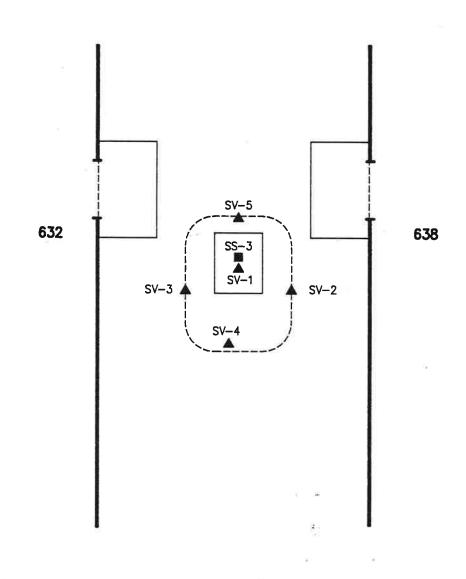




SITE DIAGRAM EXCAVATION #1 HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

M757/M92-614

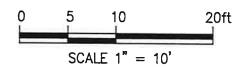




KEY

▲ SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE

SOIL SAMPLE

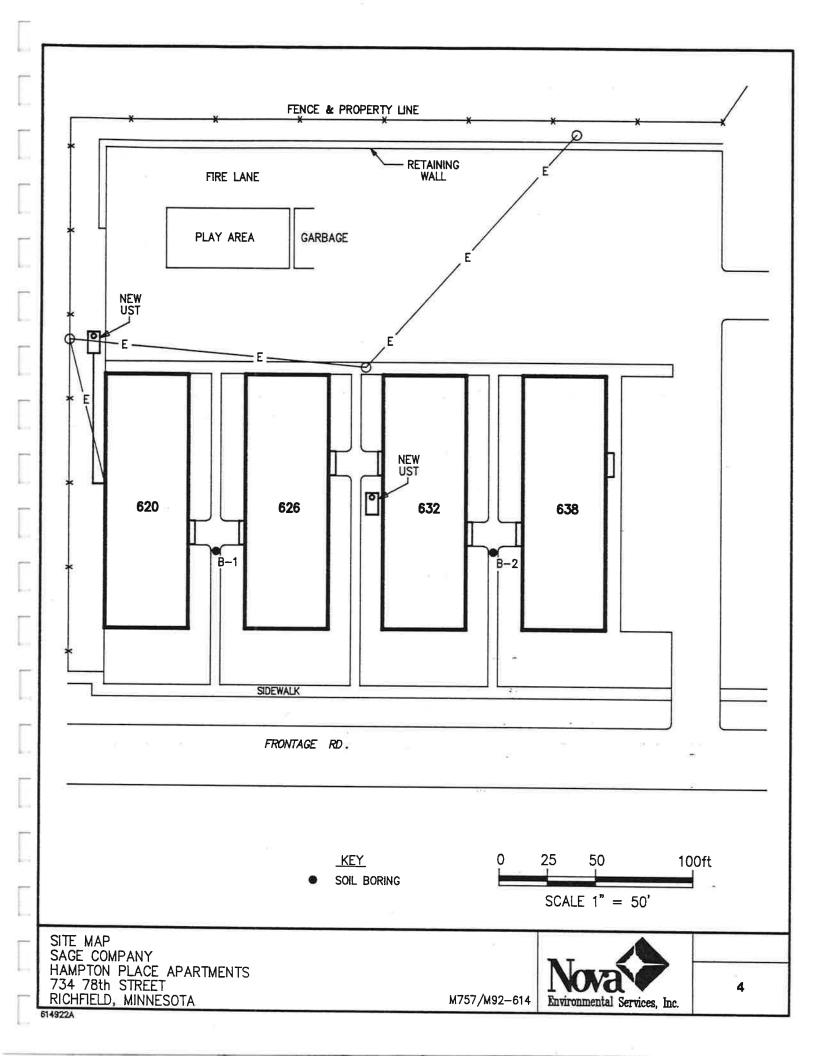




SITE DIAGRAM EXCAVATION #2 HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS RICHFIELD, MINNESOTA

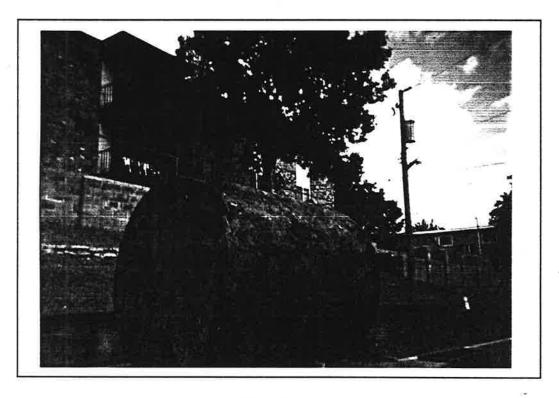
M757/M92-614





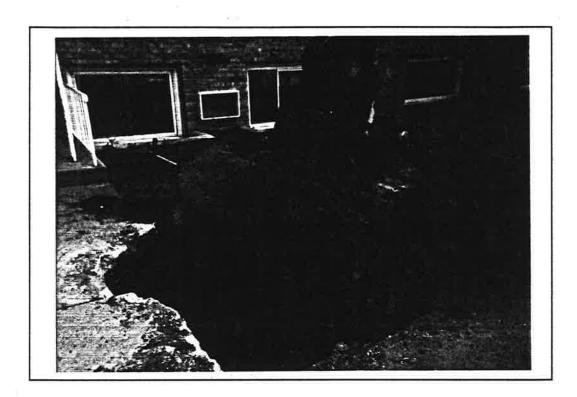


Tank #2 - Excavation.

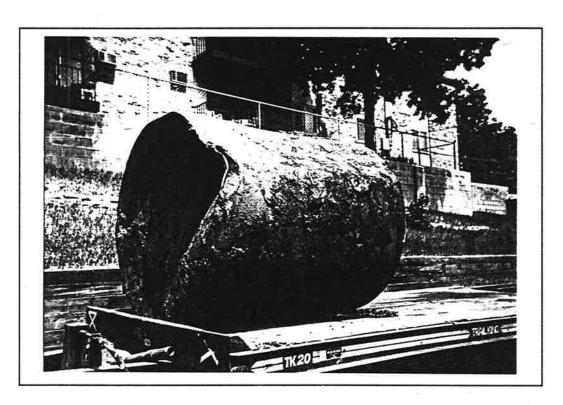


Tank #2 - 1,000 gallon fuel oil UST.





Tank #1 - Excavation.



Tank #1 - 1,000 gallon fuel oil UST.



MVTL LABORATORIES, Inc.



P.O. BOX 249, 1126 N. FRONT STREET NEW ULM, MN 56073-0249 PHONE (507) 354-8517 WATS (800) 782-3557 FAX (507) 359-2890

WE ARE AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

ATTN Report To:

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

1107 HAZELTINE BLVD STE 420

CHASKA MN 55318

Work Order #

21-5546

Date Sampled

5/21/92

Date Received: Date Analyzed: 5/26/92

Date Reported:

6/ 2/92 6/ 4/92

Account Number:

0003017

RUSH:

Project Name:

HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS/SAGE CO

Project Number:

Total Purgeable Ethyl-Hydrocarbons Log Number Sample Description MTBE Benzene Toluene Benzene Xylenes As Gas As Fuel Oil (ppb) (ppb) (ppb) (ppb) (mgg) (DDm) ------92-0591 S-1 BASE OF EXCAVATION at at at at at at BDL BDL 2810 16300 3030 Minimum Detection Limit **** 2000 2000 1500 1500 **** 500.0 92-Q592 STOCKPILE S-2 BDL. BDL 1250 5910 **** 2690 Minimum Detection Limit ***** 1000 1000 750.0 750.0 250.0

**** Analyte Not Requested L Below Detection Limits

Test Method: SW846 - 8020 / 5030 Modified

port approved by Terrance W. Baumgart; Chemist

Br and for Minnesota Valley Testing Labs, Inc.



1107 Hazelline Blvd. Ste. 420 Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393 Fax # 612-448-9572 Minneapolis Office

Custody Record Chain of

Des Plaines, Il 60018

1 2/1-1/6

Chicago Office [__] O'Hare Atrium Office Plaza, Ste 170 2860 River Road (312) 803-4510 Fax # 312-803-0780

Project Manager	Rush Turan around on S-2 stundard then around on S-1	Sample Description / Remarks	18, 92-0591	83-0.593				Affiliation Date Time	NV7 4966/8 1711	MUTE			
Project Number			Solle	Ar il				Date Time Received By	22/92 8:30 /1/ Jugar	Mary Sow Heme)		
/Sag	Sievien Analysis	Sample Location	ptw.	が メ		÷		Relinquished By Affiliation	Johnson Nove 5%				
Name of Project Hamptur Place Apartments	Laboratory MVTZ	Sample Date of Containers Sam	S/21/52 (- 402,	5-2 5/21/92 1-402, Stockpile				Sampler (Signature) Re	Julie Franson	Affiliation		Date Time	0011 72/17/6



MVTL LABORATORIES, Inc.



P.O. BOX 249, 1126 N. FRONT STREET NEW ULM, MN 56073-0249 PHONE (507) 354-8517 WATS (800) 782-3557 FAX (507) 359-2890

WE ARE AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

Report To:

ATTN

NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

1107 HAZELTINE BLVD STE 420

CHASKA MN 55318

Work Order #

21-5564

Date Sampled

5/26/92

Date Received: Date Analyzed: 5/28/92

Date Reported:

6/ 8/92

Account Number:

6/ 9/92 0003017

RUSH:

Project Name:

HAMPTON PLACE APARTMENTS / SAGE CO

Project Number:

					Ethyl-		Total Pur Hydrocarb	_
Log Number	Sample Description	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	As Gas A	s Fuel Oil
		(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppm)	(ppm)
	***************				******		22222222	========
92-Q669	S-3 BASE OF EXC TANK #2	****	BDL	BDL	BDL	9270	****	490.0
Minimum Det	ection Limit	****	500.0	500.0	375.0	375.0	****	125.0
92 - Q670	S-4 STOCKPILE	****	BDL	BDL	990.0	6190	****	539.0
Minimum Det	ection Limit	****	208.0	208.0	156.0	156.0	****	500.0

Analyte Not Requested Below Detection Limits

Test Method: SW846 - 8020 / 5030 Modified

I port approved by

Terrance W. Baumgart; Chemist

By and for Minnesota Valley Testing Labs, Inc.



Minneapolis Office 2 1107 Hazeltine Blvdl Ste. 420 Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393 Fax # 612-448-9572

Chain of Custody Record

Chicago Office OHaza, Ste 170 O'Hare Atrium Office Plaza, Ste 170 2860 River Road Des Plaines, II 60018 (312) 803-4510 Fax # 312-803-0780

121.56

Name of Project Hampton Place Apartments	Plane A		Sage Co.	Proje	Project Number	Project Manager	
Laboratory Mu TL		,	sisVien A belse	Die Son'y	Special 1 46- Tu Standard	Special Instructions 48- Turn around for 5-4 Stundard turn around on 5-3	5.3
Sample Date No.	No. & Vol. of Containers	Sample Location	25 Hd J X J S Enbey	ab	Samı	Sample Description / Remarks	
5-3 Stufer 1-402.		Base of exc. (tank #2)	2		Soil @ 16'	93-07669	
5-4 S/26/92 1- 402,		spekpile	2		Boil 9	92-0670	
		ė,					
		6					
Sampler (Signature))	-	Relinquished By	Affiliation	Date Time	ne Receiyed By	Affiliation Date	Time
of Method O' Lee	U-12ec	J. Swanger A	lova	5/27/92 9:30	30 Whaven	MUTL Spyb29125	-9/25
Affiliation $\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{O}} \mathcal{U} \boldsymbol{q}$	6				Moss Low Mond	MUTC SIMPRI 11:00M	11:00.11
T co/rc/\$	Time 9', 20 M.						

	*3		



SERCO Laboratories

1931 West County Road C2. St. Paul. Minnesota 55113 Phone (612) 636-7173 FAX (612) 636-7178

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT NO: 22425 07/22/92 PAGE 1

NOVA Environmental Services

Hazeltine Gates

1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 420

Chaska, MN 55318

Attn: Julie Swanson

DATE COLLECTED: 07/20/92

DATE RECEIVED: 07/21/92

COLLECTED BY: CLIENT DELIVERED BY: CLIENT

SAMPLE TYPE : SOIL

GROUNDWATER

SERCO SAMPLE NO:	64202	64212	64222	64232
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: ANALYSIS:	S-1 Boring B-1 Soil M92-614	S-2 Boring B-2 Soil	W-1 Boring B-1 Water	W-2 Boring B-2 Water
		~~~~~		
Benzene, mg/L	<0.005	<0.005	<0.050 A	<0.050 A
Ethylbenzene, mg/L	<0.005	<0.005		<0.050 A
Toluene, mg/L	<0.005	<0.005		<0.050 A
Xylene, mg/L	<0.005	<0.005	74	<0.050 A
FID Scan, mg/L, as #2 fuel oil	5.0	5.4	470	780

Water samples received in non-SERCO laboratories containers. A: Increased detection limits due to sample matrix.

All analyses were performed using EPA or other accepted methodologies. Samples that may be of an environmentally hazardous nature will be returned to you. Other samples will be stored for 30 days from the date of this report, then disposed of by SERCO Laboratories. Please contact me if other arrangements are needed. This report may not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without prior written approval from SERCO Laboratories.

Report submitted by,

Diane J. Anderson Project Manager



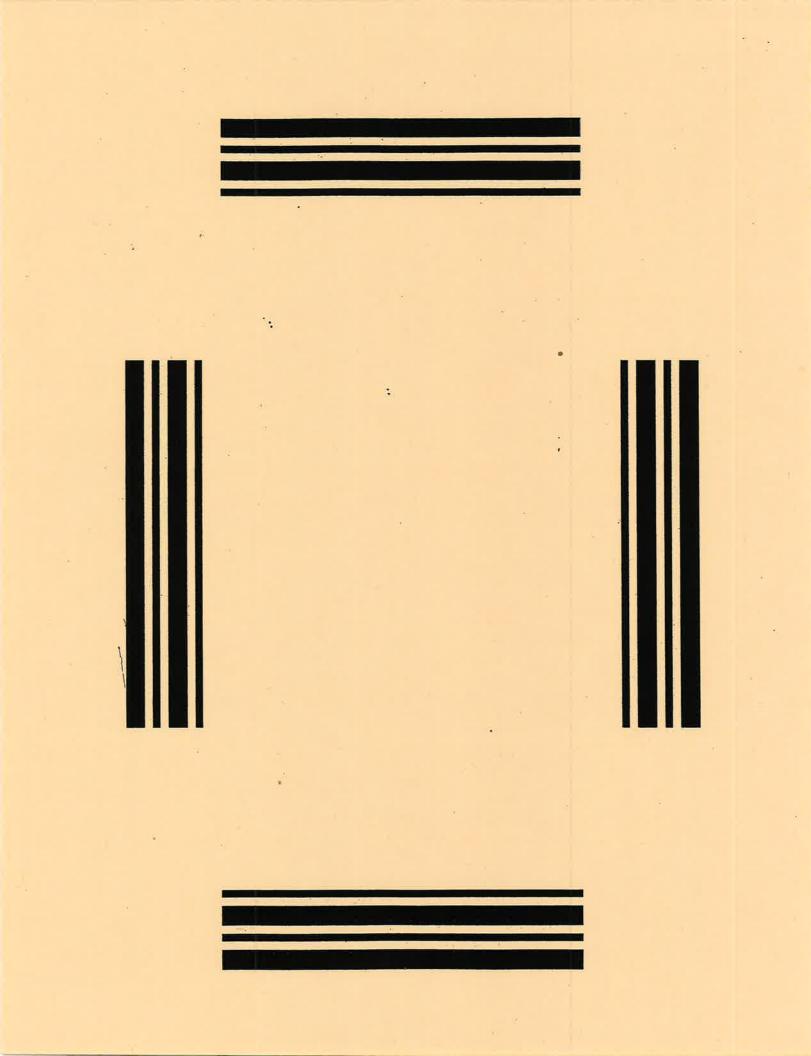


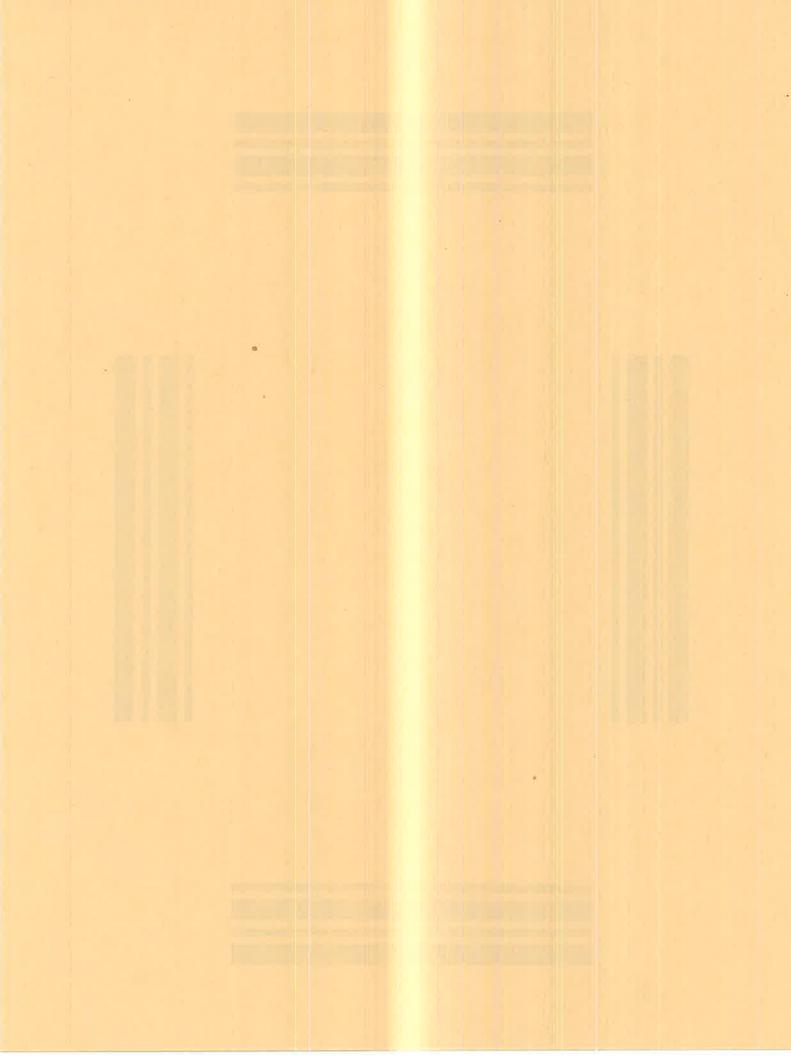
Minneapolis Office **X**1107 Hazeljine Blvd. Ste. 420
Chaska, MN 55318
(612) 448-9393
Fax # 612-448-9572

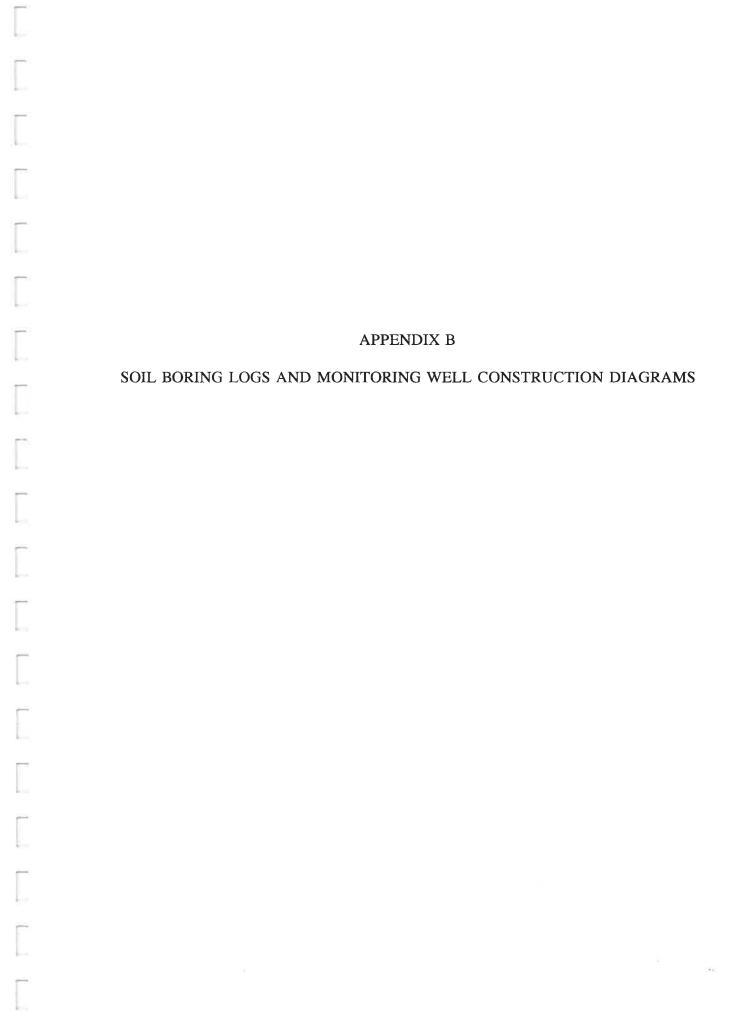
O'Hare Atrium Office Plaza, Ste 170 2860 River Road Des Plaines, II 60018 (312) 803-4510 Fax # 312-803-0780 Chicago Office **Custody Record** Chain of

							703	een Geo				Time	10:10		1		
Project Manager		/ Remarks							100		±-	Date	12/6	26/16/6			
Project Froject	Special Instructions fusH turnaw suft by 7/2:	Sample Description / Remarks	-36'	-361	, 4	12		4				Affiliation	By Cour	Calsin			
//	Special Instructions  (1945H turnawand  Result by 7/22/52	Samp	Soil@ 34-36	Soil Q'34-36	groundwater	ground water			). 12-	er .	à	Received By	J. J.	Janea Chrisen			
Project Number												Time		1: 37	9		
<i>y</i>	Jo Pry	6	C			2						Date	2/11/6	2,1,2,6	inge ()		
G.	SISVIEU A DOISOI	TO HOLL STORY	-& -Se	X	X X	Q X	7 I č			3	1	Affiliation	Vove	ر سري			
Hampton Place Apartments / Sage Co		ion	ing 8-1	Buring B-Z	Borne B-1	Boring B-2		· ·	E	5 30		Relinquished By	1 Svanon	Marie Vo		-	+ 2
Apa		. <b>ග</b>	Boring		Box	Bor	49-1 70-1						1	*	y 300		7
Place		No. & Vol. of Containers	1-403.	-	3-40m/ 1-14	3-402				n		re)	nandu			Time	
Hampter	Laboratory Ser CO	<u> </u>		- 4	26/02/2	24/02/2			•	ž.		Sampler (Signature)	du Sorte	tion	Nora	Date 7/20/92	2/20
Ha	Labc	Sample No.	27	2-5	1-M	7,M						Samp	7	Affiliation	`	Date 7	<u></u>

		*







PROJECT: M92-614

Sage Company
Hampton Place Apartments
Richfield, Minnesota

DATE: 7/20/92

BORING: B-1

SURFACE ELEVATION:
N/A

1" = 6'

Richfie	eld, Mi	innesot	ta	N/A			1" = 6'
SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH FEET	ASTM D2487	DESCRIPTION - (See Report & Des	ASTM D2488 scr. Terminology)	"N"	HNU	NOTES
		SM	Dark brown silty (Fill in former				
1	14 15 16		Gray fine-medium laminated, medium		13	55	
2	19 21				23	29	
3	24	SW- SP	Light brown coars gravel, medium do wet.		40	26	
4	29 31				18	13	
5	34		Brown fine-medium medium dense, we		26	10	
			END OF BORIS	face. Boring			

PROJECT: M92-614 DATE: 7/20/92 BORING: B-2 Sage Company SURFACE ELEVATION: SCALE: Hampton Place Apartments Richfield, Minnesota 1'' = 6'N/A "N" SAMPLE DEPTH ASTM HNU DESCRIPTION - ASTM D2488 NOTES NO. FEET D2487 (See Report & Descr. Terminology) ppm SMDark brown silty SAND, moist. (Fill in former tank basin). 14 1 15.5 15 4 Gray and tan fine-medium grained 16 SAND, loose to medium dense, damp.

Sample wet in tip of split-spoon.

Brown coarse SAND, trace gravel,

END OF BORING = 36 FEET

Ground water encountered 21.4 feet below ground surface. Boring backfilled with neat

medium dense, wet.

cement grout.

80

16

16

15

14

48

24

28

19

21

24

26

29

31

34

36

SW-

SP

2

3

4

5

9		

PROJECT: M92-614

Sage Company
Hampton Place Apartments
Richfield, Minnesota

DATE: 9/2/92

BORING: MW-1

SURFACE ELEVATION: SCALE:

1" = 6'

Richfie	ichfield, Minnesota			95.43		1" = 6'	
SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH FEET	ASTM D2487	DESCRIPTION - ASTM D2488 (See Report & Descr. Terminology)			HNU	NOTES
1	4				13	0	
2	9	SP	Sod and 6" black underlain by brow	14	0		
3	14		grained SAND, med at 20'.	dium dense, wet	15	0	
4	19 21				12	0	
5	24 26 27				16	0	
			END OF BORING Ground water ence feet below ground Bottom of monitor set at 27 feet.	ountered at 20 d surface.			

PROJECT: M92-614

Sage Company
Hampton Place Apartments
Richfield, Minnesota

DATE: 9/2/92

BORING: MW-2

SURFACE ELEVATION: SCALE:

1" = 6'

Richitel	a, Mi	ınnesot	a 96.52			nesota 96.52			1" = 6'	
SAMPLE D	EPTH EET	ASTM D2487	DESCRIPTION - (See Report & Des	ASTM D2488 scr. Terminology)	"N"	HNU ppm	NOTES			
1	4				17	0				
2	9		Sod and black top by brown fine to loose, damp.		8	0				
3	14 16	SP- SW	Brown fine to coa	arse SAND, loose,	5	0				
4	19 21 22		Hard pan - brown gravel.	sandy SILT, with	18	0				
5	24 26		Brown fine to coagravel, medium de		19	0				
	28		END OF BORING  Ground water ence below ground sur:  Bottom of monitor set at 27.4 feet	ountered 21 feet face.						

PROJECT: M92-614

Sage Company
Hampton Place Apartments
Richfield, Minnesota

DATE: 9/2/92

BORING: MW-3

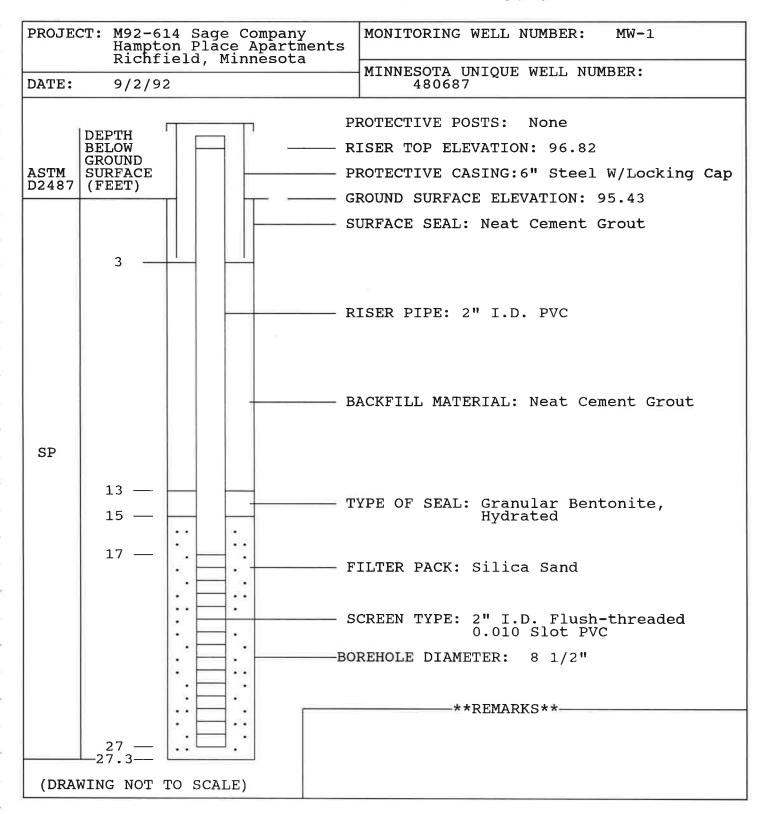
SURFACE ELEVATION: SCALE:

1" = 6'

Richfield, 1	linneso	ta	98.06		1" = 6'	
SAMPLE DEPT	ASTM D2487	DESCRIPTION - (See Report & Des	ASTM D2488 scr. Terminology)	"N"	HNU	NOTES
1 6		Black topsoil und fine to medium Si dense, damp.		15	0	
9 2 11				22	0	
14 3 16	SP-			26	0	
19 21		Brown fine to coagravel, medium de feet.	arse SAND, trace ense, wet at 22	17	0	
5 26				23	0	
29		END OF BORING Ground water ence feet below ground Bottom of monitor set at 29 feet be surface.	ountered at 22 d surface. ring well screen			

				12
Ÿ				

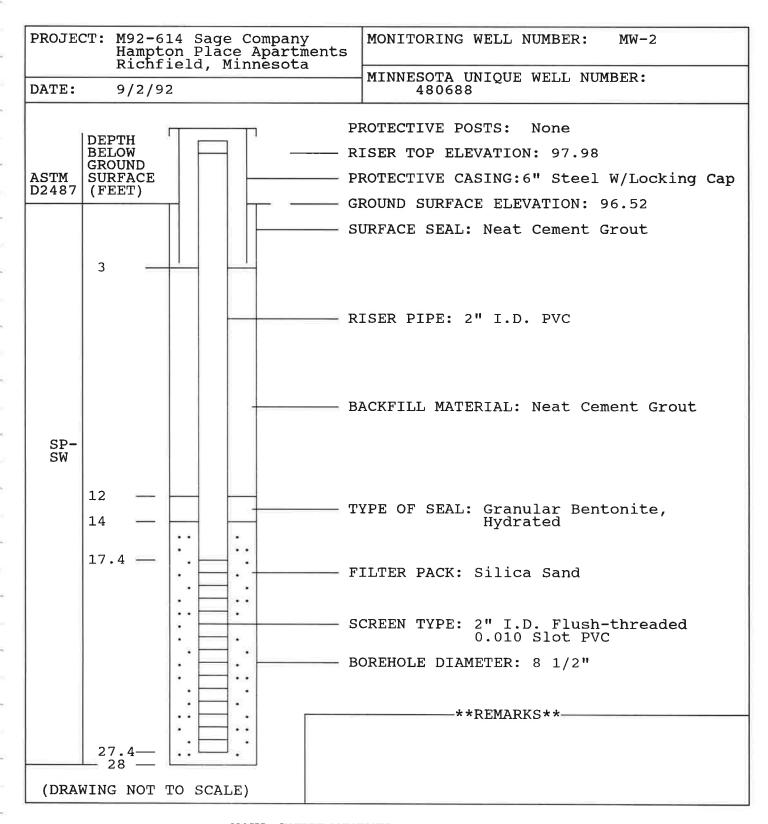
### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393

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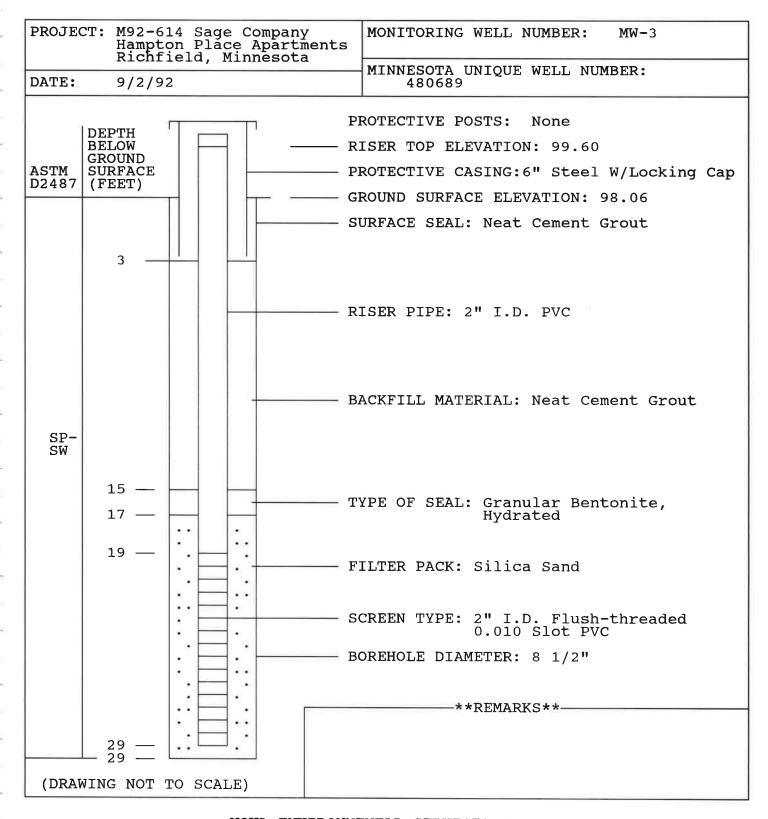
### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



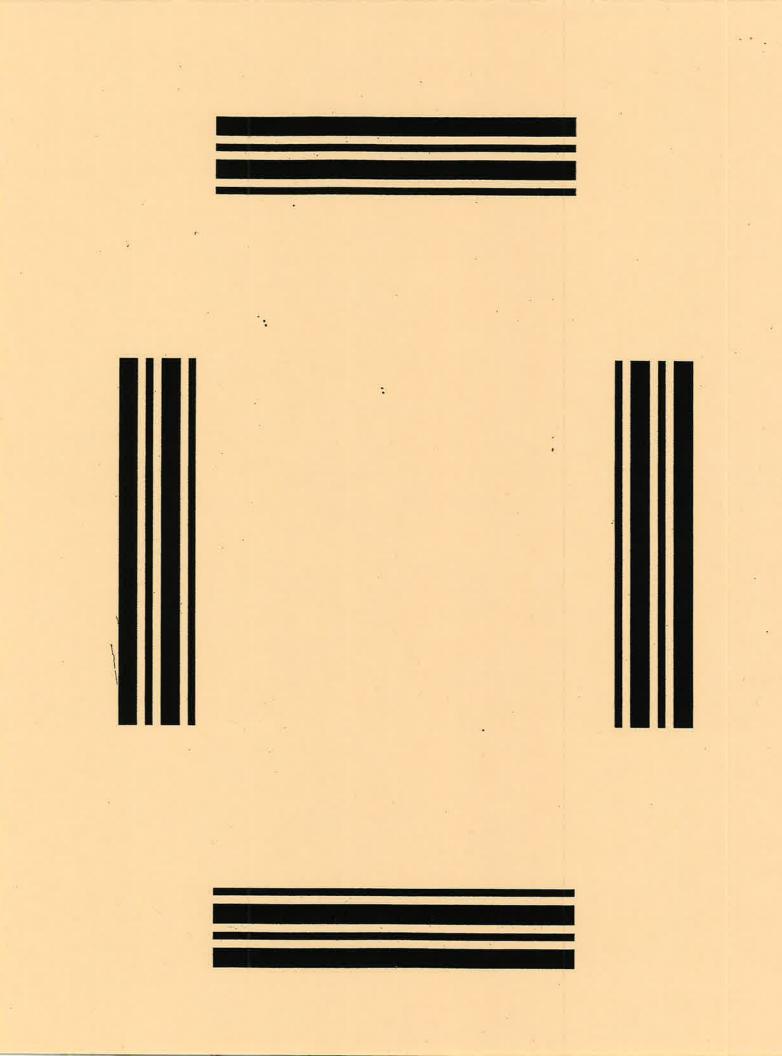
NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393

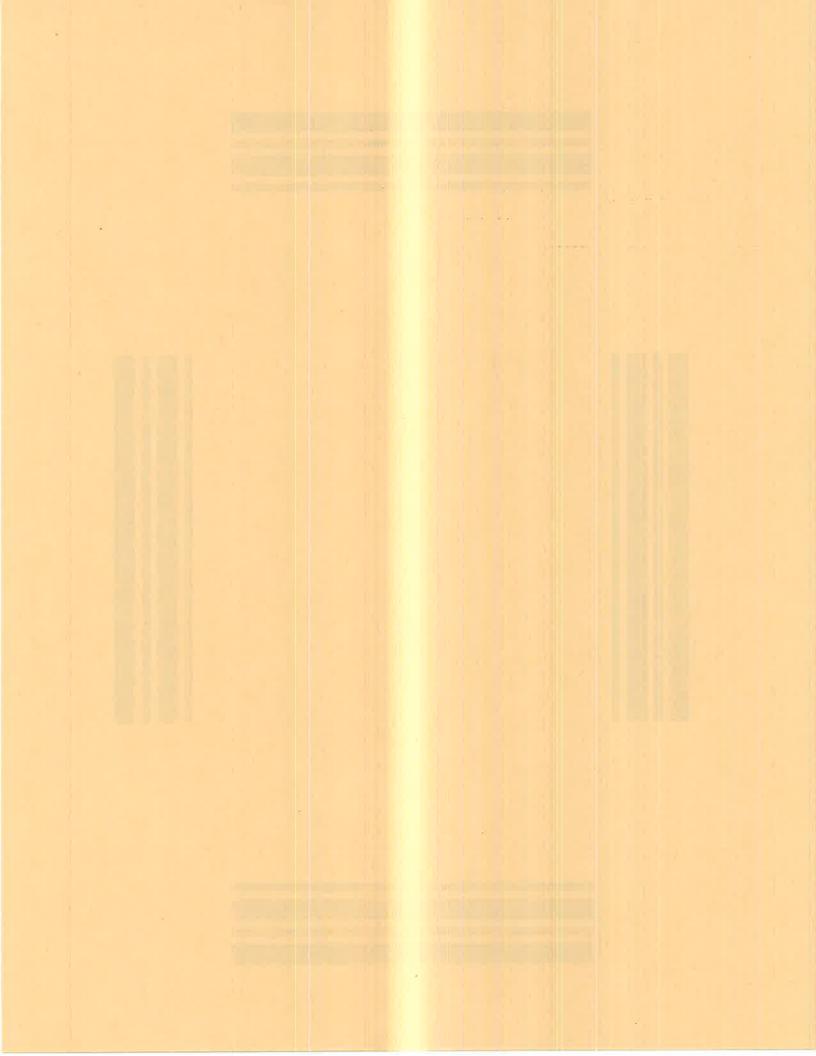
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### MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



NOVA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393





# $\label{eq:appendix} \mbox{APPENDIX C}$ MONITORING WELL STABILIZATION DATA

	2		

Nova Environmental Services, Inc. 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 Phone: (612) 448-9393 Fax: (612) 448-9572 GROUND WATER MONITORING DATA SHEET Client Name: Hampton Place Apartments | Project Number: M92-614 Location I.D.: MW-1STABILIZATION TEST Date: 9/3/92 No Hours Gallons Temp°C SC, umhos pH, units Other Chronology: 1 9:50 9.50 1 12.5 720 6.8 Casing Diameter in.: 2" 2 10:03 10.50 12.5 750 6.9 Static Depth ft.:21.43 12:12 11.50 12.4 740 6.8 Casing Length ft.:28.51 4 5 Column Length ft.: 7.08 Column Volume gal.:1.15 6 SAMPLE APPEARANCE Color: Brown Maximum Result 12.5 750 6.9 Phases: None Minimum Result 12.4 720 6.8 Odor: None Difference 4% 0.1 0.1 **GENERAL APPEARANCE** COMMENTS OR DIAGRAMS Turbid, brown. Completed by: Tim Rogers Date Completed: 9/3/92

*	

Nova Environmental Services, Inc. 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 Phone: (612) 448-9393 Fax: (612) 448-9572 GROUND WATER MONITORING DATA SHEET Client Name: Hampton Place Apartments Project Number: M92-614 Location I.D.: MW-2STABILIZATION TEST Date: 9/3/92 No Hours Gallons Temp°C SC, umhos pH, units Other Chronology: 2 1 10:51 8.0 13.4 930 7.3 Casing Diameter in.: 2" 9.0 2 11:00 13.2 950 7.2 Static Depth ft.:22.54 11:10 10.0 13.2 950 7.2 Casing Length ft.:28.71 Column Length ft.: 6.17 5 Column Volume gal.:1.00 7 SAMPLE APPEARANCE Color: Maximum Result Brown 13.4 950 7.3 Phases: None Minimum Result 13.2 930 7.2 Odor: None Difference 0.2 0.1 2.1% GENERAL APPEARANCE COMMENTS OR DIAGRAMS Turbid, brown. Completed by: Tim Rogers Date Completed: 9/3/92

	ž	

GROUND WATER MONITORING DATA SHEET Nova Environmental Services, Inc. 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 400, Chaska, MN 55318 Phone: (612) 448-9393 Fax: (612) 448-9572								
Client Name: Hampton Place Apartments Project Number: M92-614								
Location I.D.: MW-3	STABILIZATION TEST							
Date: 9/3/92	No	Hours	Gallons	Temp°C	SC, umhos	pH, units	Other	
Chronology: 3	1	11:57	9.0	13.1	710	7.3		
Casing Diameter in.: 2"	2	12:12	10.0	13.1	700	7.2		
Static Depth ft.:23.97	3	12:21	11.0	13.1	710	7.2		
Casing Length ft.:30.44	4							
Column Length ft.: 6.47	5							
Column Volume gal.:1.05	6							
SAMPLE APPEARANCE	7							
Color: Brown	Maximum Result			13.1	710	7.3		
Phases: None	M	inimum	Result	13.1	700	7.2		
Odor: None	Di	iffere	nce	0	1.4%	0.1		
GENERAL APPEARANCE Turbid, brown.			CC	DMMENTS	OR DIAGRA	AMS		
Completed by: Tim Roger	s			Da	ate Comple	eted: 9/3,	/92	

# APPENDIX D LABORATORY REPORTS

31			



1931 West County Road C2. St. Paul. Minnesota 55113 Phone (612) 636-7173 FAX (612) 636-7178

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT NO: 23071 09/14/92

PAGE 1

NOVA Environmental Services

Hazeltine Gates

1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Suite 420

Chaska, MN 55318

Attn: Julie Swanson

DATE COLLECTED: 09/02/92; 09/03/92

DATE RECEIVED:

09/03/92 COLLECTED BY : CLIENT CLIENT DELIVERED BY :

SAMPLE TYPE : SOIL

WATER

SERCO SAMPLE NO: 81342 81352 81362 81372

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: MW-1 MW-2 MW-3S-3

ANALYSIS:	M92-614			
Acetone, ug/L	<100	<100	<100	
Allyl chloride, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	_
Benzene, ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
Bromobenzene, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
Bromochloromethane, ug/L	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	_
			di.	
Bromodichloromethane, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
Bromoform, ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	-
Bromomethane, ug/L (Methyl bromide)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	_
n-Butylbenzene, ug/L	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	-
sec-Butylbenzene, ug/L	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	-
tert-Butylbenzene, ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	-
Carbon tetrachloride, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
Chlorobenzene, ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
Chloroethane, ug/L (Ethyl chloride)	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	-
Chloroform, ug/L	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	_
Ohlan 11 /# /# (12 1 2 12 1				
Chloromethane, ug/L (Methyl chloride)	<0.6	<0.6	<0.6	_
2-Chlorotoluene, ug/L (o-Chlorotoluene)	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
4-Chlorotoluene, ug/L (p-Chlorotoluene)	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
Dibromochloromethane, ug/L	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	~~
(Chlorodibromomethane)				
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane, ug/L	<1.2	<1.2	<1.2	2.45.4
1 2-Dibromoothana wa/I	40.0	40.0		
1,2-Dibromoethane, ug/L (Ethylene dibromide)	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
1,2-Dichlorobenzene, ug/L	<b>~1</b> 0	41 lo	47.0	
(o-Dichlorobenzene)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
1,3-Dichlorobenzene, ug/L	<b>~1</b> 0	<b>~1</b> 0	-1 0	
(m-Dichlorobenzene)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	_
(m premoranceme)				

< means "not detected at this level". 1 mg = 1000 ug.



**MEMBER** 



1931 West County Road C2. St. Paul. Minnesota 55113 Phone (612) 636-7173 FAX (612) 636-7178

e				
SERCO SAMPLE NO:	81342	81352	81362	81372
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	S-3
ANALYSIS:	M92-614			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene, ug/L (p-Dichlorobenzene)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Dichlorodifluoromethane, ug/L (Freon 12)	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	-
1,1-Dichloroethane, ug/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-
1,2-Dichloroethane, ug/L (Ethylene dichloride)	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
1,1-Dichloroethene, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	_
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene, ug/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene, ug/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-
Dichlorofluoromethane, ug/L (Freon 21)	<1.2	<1.2	<1.2	_
1,2-Dichloropropane, ug/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-
1,3-Dichloropropane, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
2,2-Dichloropropane, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	_
1,1-Dichloropropene, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/L	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	_
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, ug/L	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	_
Ethylbenzene, ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
Ethyl ether, ug/L	<10	<10	<10	-
Hexachlorobutadiene, ug/L	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	_
	20	*		
Isopropylbenzene, ug/L, (Cumene)	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-
4-Isopropyltoluene, ug/L (p-Isopropyltoluene)	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	-
Methyl ethyl ketone, ug/L (2-Butanone)	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	_
Methyl isobutyl ketone, ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	_
(4-Methyl-2-pentanone)	- (2)		1010	
Methyl tertiary butyl ether, ug/L	<10	<10	<10	-
Methylene chloride, ug/L (Dichloromethane)	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	-
Naphthalene, ug/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	_
Styrene, ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	_

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT NO: 23071

09/14/92

< means "not detected at this level". 1 mg = 1000 ug.



PAGE 2

MEMBER

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1931 West County Road C2. St. Paul. Minnesota 55113 Phone (612) 636-7173 FAX (612) 636-7178

09/14/92	09/14/92						
SERCO SAMPLE NO:	81342	81352	81362	81372			
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	S-3			
ANALYSIS:	M92-61	4					
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/L 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, ug/L	<0.1 <0.2	<0.1 <0.2	<0.1 <0.2	-			
Tetrachloroethene, ug/L Tetrahydrofuran, ug/L Toluene, ug/L 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene, ug/L 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, ug/L	<1.5 <5.0 <1.0 <0.2 <0.2	<1.5 <5.0 <1.0 <0.2 <0.2	<1.5 <5.0 <1.0 <0.2 <0.2	- 1 - - -			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane, ug/L 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, ug/L Trichloroethene, ug/L Trichlorofluoromethane, ug/L (Freon 11) 1,2,3-Trichloropropane, ug/L	<5.0 <0.1 <0.4 <0.7 <0.2	<5.0 <0.1 <0.4 <0.7 <0.2	<5.0 <0.1 <0.4 <0.7 <0.2	- - - -			
<pre>1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane, ug/L 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, ug/L 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, ug/L</pre>	<5.0 <0.2 <0.3 <1.0 <1.0	<5.0 <0.2 <0.3 <1.0 <1.0	<5.0 <0.2 <0.3 <1.0 <1.0	- - -			
Dibromomethane, ug/L FID Scan, mg/L, as #2 fuel oil Benzene, mg/kg Ethylbenzene, mg/kg Toluene, mg/kg	<0.2 <2.0 -	<0.2 <2.0 -	<0.2 <2.0 -	- <0.005 <0.005 <0.005			
<pre>Xylene, mg/kg FID Scan, mg/kg, as #2 fuel oil</pre>	Ξ	<u>-</u>	-	<0.005 <2.0			

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT NO: 23071

< means "not detected at this level". 1 mg = 1000 ug.



PAGE 3

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9			
E			



1931 West County Road C2. St. Paul, Minnesota 55113 Phone (612) 636-7173 FAX (612) 636-7178

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT NO: 23071 09/14/92

PAGE 4

SERCO SAMPLE NO:

81382

81392

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:

S-4

S-5

ANALYSIS:

Benzene, mg/kg	<0.005	<0.005
Ethylbenzene, mg/kg	<0.005	<0.005
Toluene, mg/kg	<0.005	<0.005
Xylene, mg/kg	<0.005	<0.005
FID Scan, mg/kg, as #2 fuel oil	<2.0	<2.0

Samples received in non-SERCO Laboratories containers.

All analyses were performed using EPA or other accepted methodologies. Samples that may be of an environmentally hazardous nature will be returned to you. Other samples will be stored for 30 days from the date of this report, then disposed of by SERCO Laboratories. Please contact me if other arrangements are needed. This report may not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without prior written approval from SERCO Laboratories.

Report submitted by,

Diane J. Anderson Project Manager



MEMBER

	16	

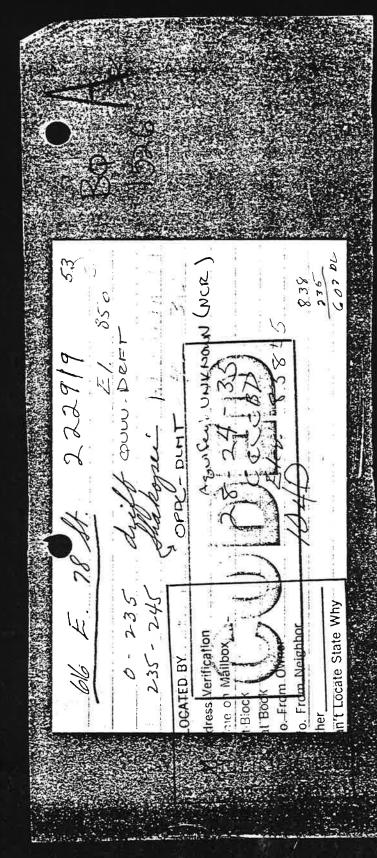


Chic

Chicago Office Control of the Atrium Office Plaza, Ste 170 2860 River Road Des Plaines, Il 60018 (312) 803-4510 Eax # 312-803-0780	Project Manager	cial Instruction	Sample Description / Remarks		7	12-61	, 19-11	,12-6/	Affiliation Date Time	c Oc 8-3-52 151 39	86.41 CP-8-P 07938 - 2900)OCE		
Scord	Project Number	Spec		И, О	H20 H20	Soil @	Soil @	Soll @	Received By		000		
Chain of Custody Record	7	Sistlen A Delsel	XJ38 HAJON		××	X X	×	<u>х</u>	Affiliation Date Time	10th 9-3 3:42	April 11/16 6-397 16.28		
Minneapolis Office X 1107 Hazeltine Blvd. Ste. 420 Chaska, MN 55318 (612) 448-9393 Fax # 612-448-9572	agastments		Sample Location	X 7-MW	MW-7 MW-3	bring MW-1	bornip Mw-2	buring MW-3	Relinquished By Affi	Telega N	(K, Huser Det		
ervices, Inc.	oton Place	922	No. & Vol. of Containers	3,40ml		(-4 oz.	2ch -1	1. 4/02.	ıre)	le fre		Time /	0
Environmental Services, Inc.	Name of Project Hampt	Laboratory /	Sample Date No.	MW-1 9/3/92	MW-3	5-3 9/2/92	25/2/5 1-5	25/26 5-5	Sampler (Signature)	lay by	Attiliation	Date 7/3/97	`

# APPENDIX E MGS WATER WELL LOGS

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W 41-97 (Rev. 2-59) BABDBB MINNESOTA CONS	ERVATION DEPARTMENT
ADP Elev. 830+5 DIVISION	G STATEMENT 204 968 Filo No. 1040
968 WELL LO	G STATEMENT
MAIL REPORT PROMPTLY TO DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF WATERS, STAT	TE OFFICE BLDG., ST. PAUL 1, MINN. Well No. 27/24-2 3
Location of Well  County  City or Town  F 15 = 7 f 5 f.  Describe Further by Lot, Block, Nearest Highway, St.	Sec. 2 C
	Range 24w
Drilled for:	Driller Dipandable Noll Co.
Address 815 E 78 54	Address
	g garage and the second
Date of Completion	REPORT OF FINAL PUMPING TEST  Date of Test
SiteUpland, Valley, Hillside, Etc.	Duration of TestHrsMin.
	Rate of Pumping GPM
Type of Well  Dug, Driven, Bored, Pril  Drill Rig Used  Solid Tool, Jet, R	Ft. 818
Diameter: TopBottom	Wa Ft.
Depth of Well	Drawdown 5Ft.
Ground Elevation J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	Time Required for Recovery
Sed Level Datum of Give Distance Above	Expected Average Yield Gal. per day If Other Tests were Made, Give Details on Another
or Below R. R., Highway, Lake, Etc.	Sheet.
Height of Casing Above Ground	Were Measurements Made of Effect on Other Nearby
Quality of Water (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Etc.)	Wells During Test? Give Details.
Temperature of Water	
š	2
Was Laboratory Analysis Made?	/ X = X = X = X = X = X = X = X = X = X
For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?	
	5. ×
Is Well Pumped? Pump Capacity GPM	
Was Well Sealed on Completion?	
	ia de la companya de
Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?	-
Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?  Yes or No  Natural Flow  GPM	
Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?  Yes or No  Natural Flow  GPM  What Pressure, or Head, at Ground Level?	
Natural FlowGPM	

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Geologic Formations Kind, Color, Hard or Soft	Thickness of Formation	Depth	in Feet	Casing Diam.	Water Conditions Found
Glacial Inst	77	d	47	7"	+0 43/ 4 = 10 4.
al s n M					м
			820		
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	<i>5</i> 1	da 5.			
a 4 e 1	н	=	70	Indicate Gravel Pa	Size, Type, & Location of Any Screens, cks, Grouting, or Other Development
I hereby certify that, to to statement is a true and corconstruction of this well.  Dated at	rect re	presen	tation	of cond	itions encountered in the
9		(Fi:	rm Name	a)	
" a grant of	n				
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(Rev. 1-56) RECEIVED	VISION OF WATERS  LL LOG STATEMENT  LL LOG STATEMENT  LL LOG STATEMENT
2.7-24-2 SCACBD AUG 21 1960 WEI Elev. 8 10±3	File No
MAIL REPORT PROMPTLY TO DIRECTOR PLAISION OF WAT	TERS, STATE OFFICE BLDG., ST. PAUL 1, MINN.
Location of Well Test World	
House pin Blooming Your County 81 57 St Park A	n Minn. ph, 881-5811 Sec
Describe Further by Lot, Block, Nearest Highw	way, Street and Number
Owner Blosmington Village	Driller Bergerson-(3=woll Inc.
Address	Address
*	Mols. 56. Mins.
Date of Completion 10-26-59	REPORT OF FINAL PUMPING TEST  Date of Test $10 - 26 - 59$
SiteUpland, Valley, Hillside, Etc.	Duration of Test 6 HrsMin.
Type of Well  Dug, Driven, Bored, Drilled	Rate of Pumping 500 GPM
Drill Rig Used	Static Water Level 58 Ft. 7:2
Diameter: TopBottom	Water Level While Pumping 123 Ft.
Depth of Well 389	Drawdown 65 Ft.
Ground Elevation Sea Level Datum or Give Distance	Time Required for Research and Society Gal. per of the following of the Give Details on Another
an Palar V U Bankung Jako With	A See See See See See See See See See Se
or Below R. R., Highway, Lake, Etc. Height of Casing Above Ground Casing	Here Measurements Made of Effect on Other North
	Were Measurements Made of Effect on Other Nearby Wells During Test? Give Details.
Height of Casing Above Ground Casing and Quality of Water Fres	Wells During lest? Give Details.
Height of Casing Above Ground Casing A. Quality of Water Fresh or Soft, Fresh or Salty,	Wells During lest? Give Details.
Quality of Water Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water	Etc.)  Well's During lest? Give Details.
Quality of Water Fresh or Salty,  Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  Water Purpose Will Water Be Used?  Test	Etc.)  Well's During lest? Give Details.
Height of Casing Above Ground Casing and Quality of Water Fresh or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water Was Laboratory Analysis Made?	Etc.)  Director Hydro Stud  Copuly Reports  Secretary Watersheets
Quality of Water Fresh or Salty,  Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  Water Purpose Will Water Be Used?  Test	Director Hydro Stud  Capuly Reports  Sacretary Watershads  Records  Convention Conventio
Quality of Water Fresh.  Quality of Water Fresh.  (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  For Well Pumped?  Pump Capacity	Director Hydro Stud  Capuly Reports  Sacretary Watershads  Records Cround W. 30
Height of Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Quality of Water Fresh.  (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water Was Laboratory Analysis Made? No.  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used? Test Capacity Pump Capacity Was Well Sealed on Completion?	Director Hydro Stud  Deputy Reports  Secretary Watersheds  Records Cround W. (3,0)   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
Height of Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Ground Casing Above Quality of Water Fresh.  (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water Was Laboratory Analysis Made? No.  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used? Test Capacity Pump Capacity Was Well Sealed on Completion?	GPM  Director  Director  Deputy  Reports  Secretary  Watershads  Records  Library  Deputy  Surveys  Primits  Inspection  Hydro Stud  Cround W. (200)
Quality of Water Fresh.  Quality of Water Fresh.  (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  For Well Pumped?  Pump Capacity	Director  Director  Director  Deputy  Reports  Secretary  Watershedt  Records  CFW  Library  Deputy  Surveys  Publi  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Coround W. 3/17/1  Surveys  Permits  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Surveys  Franking  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Surveys  Franking  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Surveys  Franking  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Watershedt  Records  Franking  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Watershedt  Franking  Inspection  Director  Hydro Stud  Reports  Hydro Stud  Hydro Stud  Reports  Hydro St
Quality of Water Fresh.  Quality of Water Fresh.  (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  Was Well Pumped?  Pump Capacity  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Yes or	Director  Director  Deputy  Reports  Secretary  Watershads  Records  Cround W. 2001  Publ. / 7 Soutees W.  Library  Permits  Inspection  Distinged  NO  THE DATA CONTAINED HEREIN IS  TO BE USED FOR SCIEN-

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Geologic Formations Kind, Color, Hard or Soft	Thickness of Formation		in Feet To	Casing Diam.	Water Conditions Found
Fine Soul	28	0	28	12"	QFUU
Sand & Graven	25	28	53		0700
5off Brown Chy	12	53	65	7	aru B
From Bran Clay	10	1.5	75	{	a Tu B
Sandy Brown Clar	30	75	105	7	QTUB
Hard n 11	87'	105	192	10"	aruß
Grey Clay (Touch Sticky)	28	192	220	1	Q TuG
- Blue Clay	9'	220	229	3	ATUG
Tough Gray Blay & Stores	18'	229	247	3	QTUG 1
Sout Goodal & Rocks	3	247	250	4	DEUU 810
Clay Soud Branel & Ch	9	250	359	Eu.	AUUU 547
Hard Clay & Ricks	1	259	260	4	QTUU 710
Sout & broken L. R.	3	260	263	3	Q FUU 513
- Onesto line Rock	34	263	297	6"	557(34) Om
Vollan S.R.	89	297	386	ζ	513 (91) J
L St. Lawerence Stalettan	3'-	ø	389-	} 7	(i ∫ ''; te
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		-		7 30	513
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					No Second
				Indicate Gravel Pa	Size, Type, & Location of Any Screens, cks, Grouting, or Other Development
State of Minnesota )			·		et
) ss County of)	•				
Country of)		20	1-	3	
constructed by him or under his super in this statement, and that he hereby	vision, a	and that	he is	personall	es and says, that the above well was by familiar with the data presented prrect.
Subscribed and Sworn To Before Me			(Fir	m Name)_	Bergorian-Carrell &
ThisDay of	19			<	Williams
			Ву	Ŧ	Just the state of
Notary PublicCount	y, Minn.		Τ:	itle	

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	ENNER & S	יש אות	II CUN	6 11/8 A A 41 h	NVOICES: ACOEM
	HWay No. 7		hAsiy	ouis Park	Well) No. 3-18-59
CBBBBA	\A/ELI	710	71761 C	4	Pump) No. K-25
Elev. 828 = 5	AAETI			Or L	
Veren 6	19.59		Date C	ompleted/	book 10/59 19
					tland Avenue South
Owner or Contractor U. E. M	land Avenue So	mth k		The contract of the contract o	1, 17-18
ob Location 801 Port.	Land Avoid		***		N. N. S.
Lot Block To	wp or city	Co	ounty		State of Minne
Vell:				20	۰ <u>۲</u>
Cased with 3" welded Type and Size					from g
Feet of Open Hole Finish	hed in water				
Tested at 20 ga	llons per min.	Dr	aw down of	44	feet.
Screen:	Decador		Slot	or Cause 18	Number
Size 2 x 5 Make Johnson (Screen has 3	Everdur lead pipe w	ith check	Slot	or Gauge <u>18</u> or seal)	Number
Pump:  Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No.	<u>CYMIPIAN</u> Pump Serial No	н.	P <i>1</i> ·	Type	Number  Tank Size 4
Pump:  Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No. Capac  KIND OF	Pump Serial No	н.	P <i>1</i> ·	Type	Drop Pipe 12 Galv.
Pump:  Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No. Capac	CYMPIAM  Pump Serial No	G. STARTED DEPTH-	P.M. Da	Type te Installed total thickness .of Formation	Drop Pipe 1t Galv.
Pump:  Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No. Capac  KIND OF	Pump Serial No	G.	P.M. Da	Type te Installed total thickness_of_formation	Drop Pipe 12 Galv.  North 25/59
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No. Capac  KIND OF FORMATION	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION	G. STARTED DEPTH-	P.M. Da	Type te Installed thickness_of_Formation	Drop Pipe 1t Galv.
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No.  Size 72! Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand QFUB	Pump Serial No city of pump COLOR OF FORMATION	G. STARTED DEPTH-	P.M. Da	Type te Installed total thickness_of_formation	Drop Pipe 12 Galv.  North 25/59
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No.  Size 72! Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand QFUB  Clay QTUR	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red	G. STARTED DEPTH-	P.M. Da	Type te Installed total_ thickness of Formation  42 21	Drop Pipe 12 Galv.  North 25/59
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No.  Size 72' Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand QFUB  Clay QTUB  Clay QTUB	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue	G. STARTED DEPTH-	P.M. Da	Type te Installed thickness_of Formation  42 21	Drop Pipe 12 Galv.  Nowh 25/5 9  REMARKS
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No  Size 72! Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand OFUB  Clay OTUR  Clay OTUR  Clay OTUR	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Red  Red	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122	P.M. Da	Type te Installed total_ thickness_of Formation  122 21 59	Drop Pipe 1 Galv.  North 25/59  REMARKS
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue  Red  Blue  Brown	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122 163	P. / Da P.M. D	Type te Installed total_ thickness of Formation  1 42 21 59 41	Drop Pipe 1 Galv.  North 25/59  REMARKS
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No  Size 72! Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand OFUB  Clay OTUR  Clay OTUR  Clay OTUR	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue  Red  Rlue	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122 163	P. / Da P.M. D	Type te Installed total_ thickness_of Formation  122 21 12 25	Drop Pipe 1t Galv.  Nowh 25/5 9  REMARKS  Sticky  Sticky
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue  Red  Blue  Brown	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122 163	P.M. Da P.M. D	Type te Installed te Installed thickness_of Formation  1 42 21 21 22 21 22 25	Tank Size 4  Drop Pipe 1t Galv.  Mach. 25/5.9  REMARKS  Sticky  Sticky  Sticky
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No  Size 72! Capac  KIND OF FORMATION  Dry Sand QFUB  Clay QTUR  Clay QTUR  Clay QTUR  Clay QTUR  Pack Gravel QFUB  Water Sand QFUB  Agy-QBAA	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue  Red  Blue  Brown	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122 163	P.M. Da P.M. D	Type te Installed total thickness_of Formation  42 21 59 41 12 25	Drop Pipe 1t Galv.  Nowh 25/5 9  REMARKS  Sticky  Sticky
Make AYERS C  Motor Serial No	Pump Serial No city of pump  COLOR OF FORMATION :  Brown  Red  Rlue  Red  Blue  Brown	G. STARTED DEPTH-  0 42 63 122 163	P.M. Da P.M. D	Type te Installed te Installed thickness_of Formation  1 42 21 21 22 21 22 25	Tank Size 4  Drop Pipe 1t Galv.  Mach. 25/5.9  REMARKS  Sticky  Sticky  Sticky

V 41-97 BBABPC MINNESOTA CONSE V (Rey 2-59) BBABPC MINNESOTA CONSE	ERVATION DEPARTMENT 204969
Elev. 83155	of waters, File No. (104D)
	G STATEMENT
MAIL REPORT PROMPTLY TO DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF WATERS, STAT	E OFFICE BLDG., ST. PAULS 1, MINN. Well No. 27/24-2 16 b
Vincet-	Locate Well on OV 595
Location of Will	(575) Q
County City or Town	Sec. 2
THO Change.	
Describe Further by Lot, Block, Nearest Highway, St. 7820 CHICAGO AVE	Range 24W
Drilled for: Wm To Colling Trail.	Driller Dependent
Address	Address
The state of the s	I de transfer de la company de
Andrew Market Comments of the	REPORT OF FINAL PUMPING TEST
Date of Completion Viene 26, 7959	Date of Test
Site	Duration of TestHrsMin.
Type of Well Williams	Rater of Pumping O-O CPM
Dug. Driven Bored, Drilled	
Drill Rig Used	Static Water Level 72 Ft. 758
Diameter: Top Bottom	Water Level While Pumping 77 Ft.
Depth of Well 404	Drawdown Ft. Ft.
£35 ± 830	Drawdown Pt.
Ground Elevation Sea Level Datum or Give Distance thore	Time Required for Recovery  Expected Average Yield Gal. per day
	If Tes Details on Another
Fleight of Casing Above Ground	
Name of the second seco	We We we was a second of the Nearby
Quality of Water (Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty, Stc.)	Wels Ging Give Petails.
Temperature of Water	
Was Laboratory Analysis Made?	
The Service of the Control of the Co	10 to the Consequence of the con
For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?	
Is Well Pumped? Pump CapacityGPM	with a management of the second
Was Well Sealed on Completion?	
The transfer of the state of th	
Does Well Overflow Without Pumping!	
Natural: Flow: x. CPM.	
- What Pressure; or Head, at Ground Level?	The second secon
-Principal Aquifer Penetrated Jordan 5.5.	
(7:11 7.4 0.41	Color of Port 1

Title

AUE 21 1980 2 Safes State OF THE STATE OF TH	TCEIVED HINNESOTA CONS	OF WATERS	Bloom	M=3
Country   Completion   Completion   Completion   Country   Completion   Complet	AUG 21 1960 27-24-3 WELL LOI	STATEMENT 20497	Well No.	27-24.2
Constraint   Con	AIL RONASION POE WATERSTOR, DIVISION OF WATERS, ST	ATE OFFICE BLDG., ST. PAUL	I MINN.	Bloomington
Describe Farther by Lot, Block, Bearest Highway, Street and Humber.  Describe Farther by Lot, Block, Bearest Highway, Street and Humber.  Describe Farther by Lot, Block, Bearest Highway, Street and Humber.  Describe Farther by Lot, Block, Bearest Highway, Street and Humber.  Address  Addres		Minnesola		Sec
Date of Completion  Date of Test  Direction of Final Publisher Ests  Brilling Used  Salis Tool, 458 Bate of Pumping  Disanter: Top  Depth of Well  Depth of Well  Depth of Salis Tool, 458 Bate of Pumping  Ground Elevations  See Lavel, baten of Test  Test Salis Tool, 458 Bate of Pumping  On Blitter  On Salis Tool, 458 Bate of Pumping  Test Salis Tool, 458 Bate of Pumping	County County	o South		<b>第</b> 列列列第一
Address  Address  Address  Address  Address  Address  Address  Date of Completion  Date of Test  Date of Test  Date of Test  Disance Time Disance Plant Nothing 1551  Date of Test  Disance Time Disance Plant Nothing 1551  Date of Test  Disance Time Disance Plant Nothing 1551  Date of Test  Disance Time Disance Plant Nothing Disance Plant Disance Plant Nothing Disance Plant D	Describe Further by Lot, Block,		604"- (250	
Date of Completion  Date of Test  Site  Uplied, Valleys Hillaide, Etc.  Type of Well!  Date of Test  Direction of Test  Directi	Owner Village of Bloomington	Driller Driller Address 1312	0-46/20	15 BZ V
Date, of Completion  T7-60  Date of Test  Upland, Valley, Hitlife, Etc.  Diration of Test  Upland, Valley, Hitlife, Etc.  Type of Well  Disposition of Date of Pumping  Type of Well  Disposition of Date of Pumping  Static later Level  Type of Well  Dismeter: Top  Depth of Well'  Secund Elevations  See Level, Daten or Type  Feb.  Static later Level  Static later Lev	Address	1	126. 7	Garages (Constitution of the Constitution of t
Site Upland, Valleys Hills Ide, Sto.  Type of Well Date, Driven, Spoads, Drillad.  Type of Well Date, Driven, Spoads, Drillad.  Brill Rig Used Solds Tool, date Natary  Bameter: Top Bottom  Ground Elevation  Ground Elevation  Sea Lavel, Datum or live Solds Purple While Pumping Properties  Ground Elevation  Ground Elevation  Sea Lavel, Datum or live Solds Purple While Pumping Properties  Ground Elevation  Outlity of Water Solds Purple of Solds Purple Were Measurements, Made of Effect on Other Nearby  Walls Diring Feat's Give Letaslas.  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For Whate Principals Made on Completion?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Natural Flow GM  Whate Pressure, on Head, at Ground Level?  Whate Pressure, on Head, at Ground Level?  Principals Aquifers Penetrated	Date of Completion	Date of Test	12-9-5	Min
Drill Rig Used  Solid Tool, Jety Rotary  Diameter: Top  Depth of Well'  Ground-Elevations  Sea Lavel, Datum or live  If Other 150  Were Measurements Made of Effect on Other North  Well's Diring Testy's Give Letayles  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?  Jessor 168  Natural, Flow  GM  What Pressure, on Head at Ground Level?  What Pressure, on Head at Ground Level?  Principals Aquifer Penetrated  John Manual Flow  Principals Aquifer Penetrated  Joh	The same that the same is	the Control of the second and the second second as the second sec	475	CEM**
Drill Rig Used  Solid: Tool, Jew Bottom  Depth of Well'  Ground Elevation  Sea Level Datum or live  A leight of Casing Above Ground  Height of Casing Above Ground  Water Hard or Solt, Fresh or Salty, Burly  Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For-What Pirpose Will Waters Be, Used?  Jis Well Pumped?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Jis Well Overflow Without Pumping?  Jess or Med  Natural Flow  GAM  What Pressure of Head, at Ground Level?  What Pressure of Head, at Ground Level?  Principals Aquifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aquifers Penetrated  Principals Aquifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aquifers Penetrated  Principals Aquifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aquifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aquifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aquifers Penetrated  Was Department of Made Sealed Aguifers Penetrated  Was Department of Made Sealed Aguifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aguifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aguifers Penetrated  Was Department of Made Sealed Aguifers Penetrated  Jis Was Made Sealed Aguifers Penetra	Dug. Driven Tool	Static Water Level	63	r((T)
Depth of Well'  Ground Elevations Sea Leval, Datum or Tree Sea Leval, D	Drill Rig Used Solid Tool, Jet, Rotary		the state of the s	n. Trespond
or Below R. R., Highway, Lake, Bic.  Were Measurements Mades of Effect on Other Nearby  Wells Diring Test? Give Letanls.  Wells Diring Test? Give Letanls.  Temperature of Water  Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  Is Well Pumped?  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Does Well Overflow Without, Pumping?  Jas. or. No.  Naturely Flow  ONLY Test.  ONLY TES	The second of th			Gallegae da
Height of Casing Above Ground   Were Measurements   Wells During Test; Give Letables	The state of the s	If Other 10 %		
Quality of Water    Heard or Soft, Presh or Salty, Etch	Above Ground	Dutted Were Measurement	Made of Effec	t on Other Nearby
Was Laboratory Analysis Made?  For What Purpose Will Water Be Used?  Is Well Pumped?  Pump Capacity  Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?  Is or We  What Pressure; or Head, at Ground Level?  Principal Aquifer Penetrated  Principal Aquifer Penetrated	Quality of Water Hard or Soft, Fresh or Salty,	Bicall		
For What Purpose Will Water Bes Used?    Deposition	The state of the s		100	
Is Well Pumped?	Was Laboratory Analysis Water Bec Used?		Director:	
Was Well Sealed on Completion?  Does Well Overflow Without: Pumping?  Yes, or Nos  Naturel Flow  CPM:  What Pressure; or Head, at Ground Level?  Principal Aquifers Penetrated  Principal Aquifers Penetrated		CM.	20 X 1889	
Does Well Overflow Without Pumping?    Testor No.	Is Well Pumped? //o Pump Capacity		2000	110 7 6
Natural Flow CPM Pressure on Head, at Ground Level?*  What Pressure on Head, at Ground Level?*  Principals Aquifer Penetrated Vision Management	Will Overflow Without Pumping?	No:	Delange	1. 3773333333
Principal Aquifer Penetrated // ) / / > / West Manual Manda Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manua	Natural FlowGPM		ET IL	
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Geologic Formations Kind Color, Hard or Soft	Thickness	Depth		Casing ,	Water Conditions Found
Kind, Color, Hard or Soft	Formation	From	то '40	12"	9. Eddie W. 2. 9
Tours of the second	40	40	15	- 3	GFOOT + PARA
De Of	145	W-	190	70"	OTUB TO THE
Ble Olar	5	190	195:	3 -	atug atug
Dixe Val		175	210	-3,	OFUS
Drown Clays	37"	210	242	Just quality	a Tug
S 11 100 5 100 100	311	242	266	3.	0700-10 mentas 554(34
Haid fan	24	266	300	8"	No objects crevices or feelo
Reshoringe foneota Like	90'	300	390	No Subst	J 520 (90)
Jordan Siki	1.	1. Jan	- September	Control (No.	
e grand in the company of the compan	THE TOTAL	11 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	in the	* v	2 × 920
720				AL SAN	266
560	Ton A. Tal.	A14.80			the same a special way is a
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	2	1000	10 300	. Alet . A	
		100 mg	The Age	alare or	
	. M	(Alabara)	-5 (chad)	ř	
				4 4 7	
	in the second se			A Second	
	* 7.2-37	or all and		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	e Size Type: & Location of Any Screens, Packer Grouting, or Other Development
		e are Entres	81		
Scate of Minnesota ( )			wa _l	and to be	
County of)	*,		- A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	S Live pa	
	haina	first	duly sw	orn, depo	ses and says, that the above well was
constructed by him or under his sup	ervision,	and th	at he i	s persons	lly familiar with the data presented
		wayes.	- W. ST	ale: •	La calle
Subscribed and Sworn: To: Before: New Albert		7		imilane	44 mi
ThisDay of	19'0		V I K	2	Jimes Welligh
The state of the s	-	Sea market	CONTRACTOR OF	19	The state of the s

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#### APPENDIX F

HYDROGEOLOGIC SETTING AND GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION CHARACTERIZATION WORKSHEET

a.				

#### Hydrogeologic Setting and Ground Water Contamination Characterization Petroleum Release Sites

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Tanks and Spills Section May 1992

Complete this worksheet for all sites with ground water contamination. The worksheet has several purposes. It summarizes remedial investigation (RI) results and conclusions for use by Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) staff when reviewing the site to determine whether corrective action will be required to remediate ground water contamination. It also provides supplementary information on investigation, design and reporting requirements (presented in bold type) for sites with ground water contamination. Review this worksheet and all other relevant MPCA documents when developing RI work plans to ensure the investigation meets all RI requirements.

Base answers to the following questions on the results of the ground water receptor survey, RI activities, and published geologic literature. Answer the questions in the space provided, and attach additional sheets if necessary.

1. Identify and describe the geologic units in which ground water has been impacted by the petroleum release. What is the thickness (or estimated thickness) and estimated lateral extent of the impacted unit?

The unconsolidated surficial quaternary deposits have been impacted by the release. The surficial sand unit is approximately 50 feet thick, and is underlain by 130 to 225 feet of clay (refer to MGS well logs, Appendix E). The surficial sand unit extends for several miles in all directions.

What is the hydraulic conductivity, effective porosity, horizontal hydraulic gradient, vertical hydraulic gradient, estimated ground water velocity and flow direction in the impacted unit?

At all sites with ground water monitoring wells, the RI must include an estimate of hydraulic conductivity, and provide estimates of the ground water velocity in the impacted unit.

Documentation of how you arrived at these estimates must be provided.

2.

	K = 1 m/day	porosity = <u>25-40%</u>	_	dh/dl =		
	v = 4-6  ft/yr	Flow direction: <u>S-SI</u>	3	dv/dl =	-	
3.	What is the maximu per billion (ppb) uni	im concentration of be	enzene and tota	al hydrocarbons	detected on the site?	(parts
	Benzene <50 Borin (Well No, Dat		Total Hydroc (Well No	arbons <u>780, Bor</u> , Date <u>7/20/92</u>	ring B-2	
4.	What is the maximu property boundary?	um concentration of b (ppb units)	enzene and to	tal hydrocarbon	s detected at or bey	ond the
	Benzene <1.0 (Well No.MW-1 M	W-2, Date <u>9</u> /3/92_)	Total Hydroc (Well No. MY	arbons $\leq 2.0$ W-1, MW-2, Da	ute 7/20/92	

- 5. Do contaminant concentrations for any compound exceed the Recommended Allowable Limit (RAL), at or beyond the site boundaries? (Yes/No)
- 6. Do sources of contamination (including contaminated soil) remain at the site? (Yes/No) If Yes, briefly describe.

Impacted soil extends from 15 to 31 feet below ground surface in the vicinity of the former tank basins.

7. Is municipal water supply available at the site and within one mile downgradient of the site? (Yes/No)

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	8.	Are there presently any water wells which use the impacted aquifer located within one half mile downgradient of the site, or one mile downgradient of the site if the aquifer material is fractured? (Yes/No)
-	9.	Are there any plans for ground water development in the impacted aquifer within one half mile downgradient of the site, or one mile downgradient of the site if the aquifer material is fractured? (Yes/No)
=;	If you	answered No to questions 8 and 9, please skip to question 10 and continue.
	If you remed Action	answered Yes to question 8 or 9, and yes to question 5, corrective action will likely be required to iate ground water contamination at the site. The RI report should include a proposed Corrective Design to meet the following cleanup goal and compliance point.
	Clean	up Goal: The RAL for VOCs and 1 and part per million total hydrocarbons
	Comp	liance Point: At and beyond the site boundaries.
	At sor For a this ty	ne LUST sites corrective actions may not be technically capable of achieving remediation to RALs. discussion of the options which should be considered when designing corrective actions for sites of pe please see the "LUST Program Cleanup Strategy" (Guidance Document 16). document.
-	Stop h	nere if you answered Yes to question 8 or 9.
_	10.	Are there nonpotable water supply wells which use the impacted unit downgradient of the site? (Yes/No)
	11.	Does the plume currently discharge to surface water? (Yes/No) If yes, what is the estimated width of the plume at the shore of the surface water body, and what are the estimated concentrations of the following contaminants at the shore of the surface water body: (The estimation method should be described in the text of the RI report.)
		Benzene, Ethyl Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, Total Hydrocarbons
	If the determ	answer to question number 11 is Yes, the use category of the surface water body should also be nined, in accordance with Minnesota Rules Chapter 7050, and reported.
	12.	Does the plume have a projected point of entry to surface water? (Yes/No) If Yes, what is the distance from the downgradient edge of the plume to the surface water body?
	If you use be to sur	answered Yes to question 12, the RI report should characterize the hydrogeologic conditions and land etween the site and the surface water body, and should assess the potential for the plume to discharge face water and the likelihood of future ground water use in the vicinity of the plume.
	13.	Is the impacted unit a bedrock aquifer? (Yes/No)
	14.	Has contamination from the site impacted a quaternary surficial or buried aquifer that is presently used as a drinking water aquifer anywhere within a two mile radius of the site? (Yes/No)
	<u>Stop</u> please	here if you answered Yes to question 13 or 14. If you answered No to both questions 13 and 14, continue.

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Ē	15.	Identify and describe the uppermost drinking water aquifer in the site vicinity. What is the depth to the top of the uppermost drinking water aquifer? What is the water level in the uppermost drinking aquifer?
	16.	Is there a confining unit between the impacted unit and the uppermost drinking water aquifer? What is its thickness and extent?
L	17.	Is the uppermost drinking water aquifer a karst unit or a sole source aquifer?
	18.	Are there any existing or abandoned wells within approximately 1,000 feet downgradient of the site?
	19.	Are there any other site specific conditions which increase the risk of cross contamination from the impacted unit to a drinking water aquifer?
	20.	Based on the answers to questions 14 through 18 and any other site specific information available, summarize and assess the risk of cross contamination from the impacted unit to the uppermost drinking water aquifer.