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# QUARTERLY GROUNDWATER SAMPLING/ MONITORING REPORT LEISURELAND RV EAST GRAND FORKS,MINNESOTA 5300 94-34 LEAK #5934 Phone #: (218) 773-9711

**NOVEMBER 28, 1994** 

Huntingdon

# Huntingdon

ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

2105 7th Avenue North Fargo, ND 58102 Phone: (701) 235-4256

Fax: (701) 235-0807

**NOVEMBER 28, 1994** 

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DEC 14 1994

MASTE DIVISION

AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK 124.DEMERS AVENUE EAST GRAND FORKS, MN 56721-0638

Attn:

Mr. David Fisher, Vice President

Subj:

Quarterly Reporting Leisureland RV

East Grand Forks, MN

5300 94-34

Enclosed, please find a copy of the quarterly report associated with the second groundwater sampling and monitoring event at the above referenced site.

Also included, please find an Approval for Release form. Upon review of the quarterly report, please sign and date the Approval for Release and return to our office in the envelop provided. Upon receipt, we will then submit the report to the MPCA for their review.

The next quarterly groundwater sampling event (3rd quarterly event) is scheduled to take place in December, 1994.

If you have any questions concerning this project please feel free to contact us at 701-235-4256.

HUNTINGDON ENGINEERING AND ENVIRONMENTAL

Brad J. Torgerson

**Environmental Scientist** 

Enc.

**LEISUROT** 

Copy 3 of 4



# APPROVAL FOR RELEASE

Project:

Quarterly Report

Leisureland RV

East Grand Forks, MN November 28, 1994

Report:

#5300 94-34

Date:

November 28, 1994

As the addressee of the above referenced reports and the client of record for the above referenced project, I hereby give my permission for the release of the above referenced reports to the agencies referenced in the subject report.

Client: AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK	
Authorized Signature:	я е
Typed Name: DAVID A FISHER	RECEIVED
Title: VICE PRESIDENT	1994
Company: AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK	
Date: 12-7-94	

# Huntingdon

### SITE MONITORING WORKSHEET

# Fact Sheet #7 Minnesota Pollution Control Agency LUST Cleanup Program April 1993

The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) staff expect this worksheet to simplify the required post-investigation site monitoring reports. Submit this worksheet:

- \* quarterly, after the remedial investigation (RI) is complete but before corrective action is taken;
- \* quarterly, during corrective action design (CAD) installation; and
- \* quarterly, after CAD is operational, along with "CAD System Monitoring Worksheet," (fact sheet #11).

Completion and submittal according to the above schedule fulfills your quarterly site monitoring report requirements. You may include a short cover letter whenever circumstances require. However, you must still submit an annual progress report as described in "Petroleum Tank Release Reports" (fact sheet #3). [NOTE: MPCA staff may reduce the frequency of progress reporting on a site specific basis.]

Where attachments are requested (tables, maps, graphs, etc.), please check off those items attached. The only table not mandatory is that for dissolved oxygen.

MPCA Leak Number: 00005934

# I. Ground Water Monitoring

Please attach the following:

- Cumulative table of ground water monitoring results, including all sample blanks.
   Copies of most recent laboratory reports for ground water analyses, including a copy of the Chain of Custody.
- Cumulative table of ground water elevation and product thickness results.
- ✓ Hydrograph for all monitoring and recovery wells.
- ✓ Graphs(s) showing contaminant concentrations over time for all monitoring and recovery wells. (GRO) BTEX concentrations were too low to indicate useful data.
- ✓ Ground water contour map based on the most recent ground water elevation data.
- <u>NA</u> Table of dissolved oxygen sample results (if collected)

Site Monitoring Worksheet Page 2 April 1993

Please describe unusual circumstances that may have influenced the sampling results:

None

Please detail significant observations made at the site:

None

# II. Vapor Impact Monitoring

If vapor impacts were detected during the remedial investigation, please attach:

NA a cumulative table of vapor monitoring results. The table should identify the location of all vapor monitoring points (i.e., sewer manholes, basements, etc.)

NA a map of vapor monitoring locations.

Sampling instrument:\_ Sampling method:\_

NOTE: If vapor concentrations exceed 10 percent of the lower explosive limit, exit the building and contact the local fire department immediately. Then contact the MPCA spills unit at voice 612/297-8610, TDD 612/297-5353 or Greater Minnesota TDD 1-800-627-3529.

Vapor mitigation is required.

### III. Recommendations

Use this space to detail any recommendations for modifying the current monitoring schedule: None

Groundwater Elevation Data Leisureland RV East Grand Forks, Minnesota Huntingdon # 5300 94-34

DATA	MW-2	MW-3	MW-5
Reference Elev. (FT)	99.22	99.66	99.48
TOS Elev.	94.22	94.66	94.48
BOS Elev.	79.22	79.66	79.48
1-25-93	88.41	90.53	88.36
2-1-93*	90.42	90.38	90.05
7-18-93*	97.17	94.71	94.49
9-30-93	94.08	93.84	94.10
6-28-94*	97.32	97.52	97.22
9-29-94*	93.63	93.26	92.70

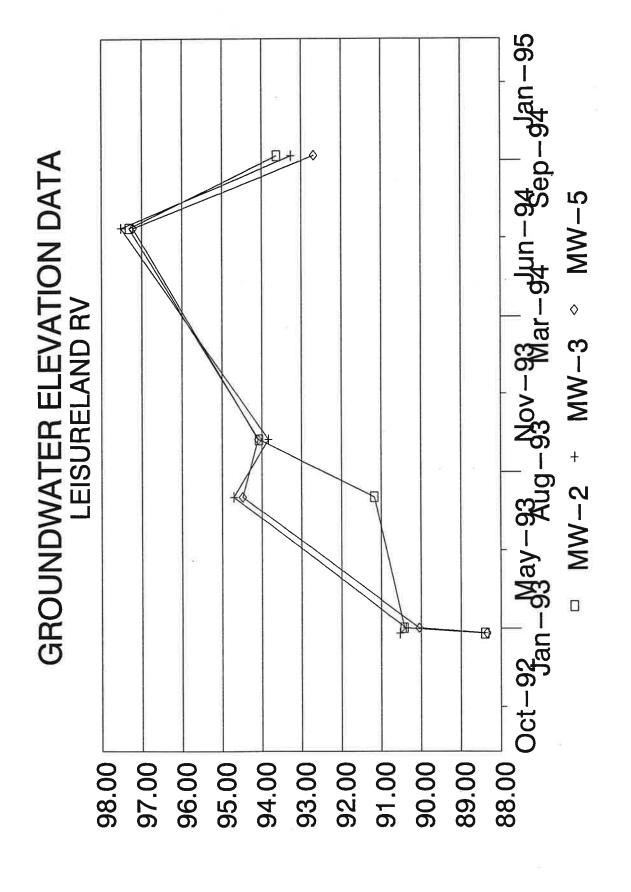
Reference elevation and groundwater elevations are measured from the top of riser.

TOS = Top of Screen

BOS = Bottom of Screen

<sup>\* =</sup> Groundwater sampling events

# (ТЭЭЧ) ИОІТАVЭЈЭ



# GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

МЕТСН	8888	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND 0.001
1,3,5	0.005 0.002 0.001 0.004	5555	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
1,2,4	ND 0.005 0.001 0.001	8 8 8 8	ON ON ON ON
TET	8888	8888	8 8 8 8 8 8
n-P	ND 0.004 ND 0.012	8888	ND ND ON
ISO	ND 0.002 ND 0.006	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	ON ON ON ON ON
1,4	ON ON I	8 8 : I	S S I I
n-B	0.002 0.001 ND ND	8 8 8 8	ON ON ON ON
LEAD	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	S S S S	ON O
GRO (**)	0.110 0.180 0.120 0.320	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	N ON ON ON ON
DRO	ı : Q	: . ON ON	: : ON ON
мтве	8888	ND CN	ON ON ON ON ON
XXI.	ND 0.009 0.002 0.002	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	S S S S
ETH BENZ (*)	0.003 0.015 0.003 0.046	N N N N	d d d d d d d
TOL (*)	ND 0.021 ND 0.011	ON ON ON ON	8888
BENZ (*)	ND 0.001 0.001 0.006	ON ON ON ON	8 8 8
	MW-2 (***)2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94 9-29-94	MW-3 2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94 9-29-94	MW-5 2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94 9-29-94

BENZ = Benzene TOL = Toluene ETH BENZ = Ethylbenzene XYL = Xylenes n-B = n-Butylbenzene 1,4 = 1,4 Dichloroethane Iso = Isopropylbenzene n-P = n-Propylbenzene TET = Tetrachloroethene 1,2,4 = Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5 = 1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene METCH = Methylene chloride (\*) = Analyzed by MNDH Method 465D (\*\*) = Analyzed by the Wisconsin GRO method (\*\*\*) = "unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons" noted in sample All units listed in mg/l = ppm (parts per million)

N/A = Not Applicable -- = Parameter not analyzed ND = Not Detected

RAL = Recommended Allowable Limits for Drinking Water Standards PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit LDL = Lower Detectable Limit

METCL	6 6 6 6	ND ND ND ND	NA NA NA	ND 0.003	NA	0.001	NA
WE	4444	o	222	. 6	_	.0	
1,3,5	8888	8888	S S S	ND 0.004	NA	0.001	NA
1,2,4	dy dy dy dy dy	ON ON ON ON	ON ON ON	ND 0.002	NA	0.001	NA
TET	AN GN GN GN GN	ND 9.002 ND ND	ON ON ON ON	ND ON	0.002	0.001	NA
п-р	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8	ON ON ON	ND 0.008	NA	0.001	NA
ISO	AN ON ON ON	d d d d d d	ON ON ON	ND 0.003	0.300	0.001	NA
1,4	ND ON	ND 0.001 ND UN	ND ON ON ON	1 1	0.010	0.001	NA
n-B	N ON ON ON ON	d a a a a	ND ON ON ON	ND ON	NA	0.001	NA
LEAD	1111	1111	1 1 1	1 1	0.020	NA	0.050
GRO	d N ON ON ON	ND CN CN CN CN	N ON ON ON	ND 0.250	NA	0.001	NA
DRO	1111	1111	1 1 1	a i		0:30	NA
MTBE (*)	N N ON ON ON ON	ND ON ON ON	ND ND ND	ND ND	NA	0.001	NA
(a)	N O O O O O O O O O O	dN dN dN dN dN	ON ON ON	ND 0.003	10.0	0.001	NA
ETH BENZ (*)	ON ON ON ON ON	d d d d d d	ON ON ON	ND 0.027	0.700	0.001	NA
TOL (3)	d N C N C N C N	UN UN UN UN	ON ON ON	ND 0.005	1.00	0.001	NA
BENZ (*)	ON ON ON ON	N ON ON ON	ND ND ND	ND 0.002	0.010	0.001	NA
	Method Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94 9-29-94	Bailer Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94 9-29-94	Trip Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93 6-28-94	Duplicate (MW-5) 6-28-94 (MW-2) 9-29-94	RAL	PQL	IDL

BENZ = Benzene TOL = Tolucne ETH BENZ = Bthylbenzene XYL = Xylenes n-B = n-Butylbenzene 1,4 = 1,4 Dichlonocthane Iso = Isopropylbenzene n-P = n-Propylbenzene TET = Tetrachlonocthene 1,2,4 = Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5 = 1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene METCH = Methylene chloride (\*) = Analyzed by MNDH Method 465D (\*\*) = Analyzed by the Wisconsin GRO method (\*\*\*) = "unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons" noted in sample

All units listed in mg/l = ppm (parts per million)

N/A = Not Applicable -- = Parameter not analyzed ND = Not Detected

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# GROUND WATER ELEVATION AND SAMPING DATA SHEET

Project: Leisureland RV, East Grand Forks, MN Project Number: 5300 94-34

Measurements Taken By: Brad Torgerson Pump Discharge Rate: NA

Sampling Method: Bailer

Measuring Device: Slope Indicator

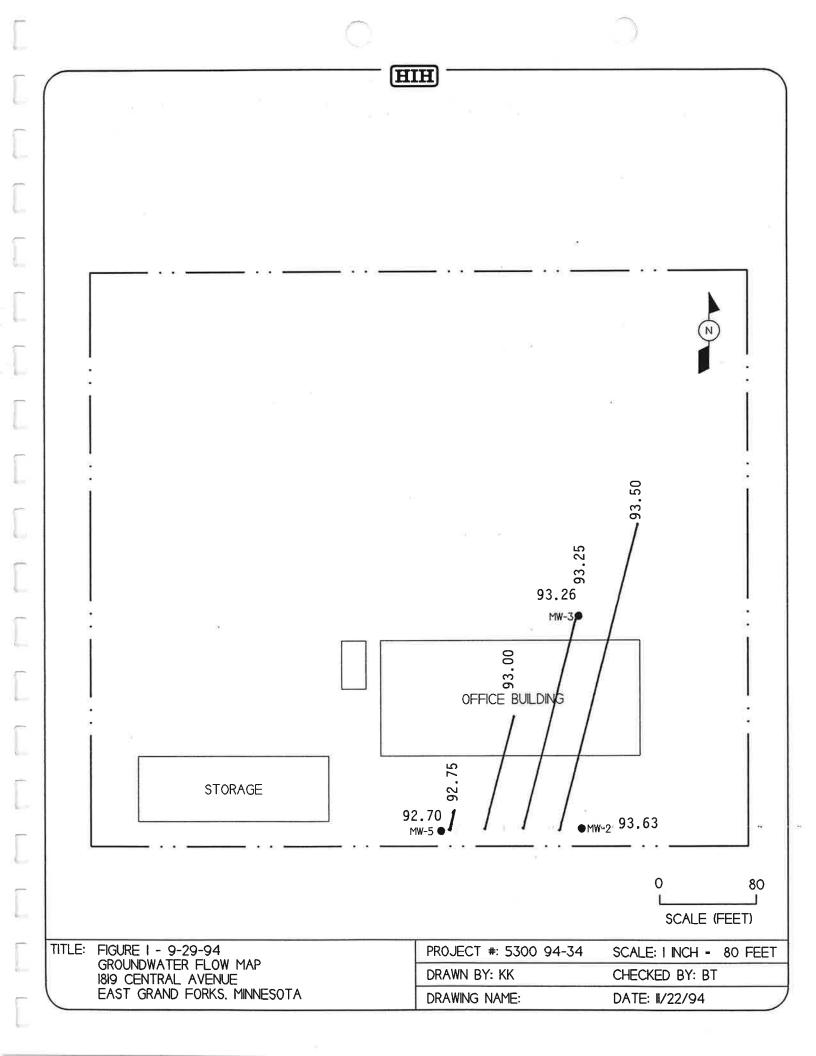
Date: 9-29-94

Weather Conditions: Clear and Sunny, 64° degrees

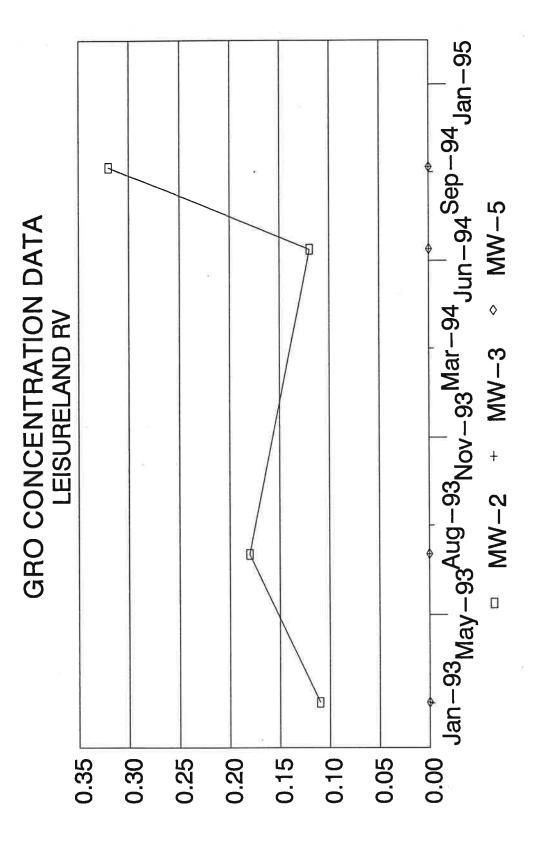
Comments	BAILED TO 18.5 FEET BELOW TOR	BAILED TO 18.0 FEET BELOW TOR	BAILED TO 18.20 FEET BELOW TOR				
Product Sheen	NONE	NONE	NONE				
Product Odor	NONE	NONE	NONE				
Volume Removed (gal.)	8.5	8.5	8.0				
1 well Volume (gal.)	2.4	2.2	2.1				
Dissolved Oxygen ppm	NA	NA	NA				
Well Depth (TOR)	20	20	20				
G.W. Elevation (TOR)	93.63	93.26	92.70				
Reference Elevation (TOR)	99.22	99.66	99.48				
Depth to G.W. (TOR)	5.59	6.40	6.78				
Time	9:34	9:26	9:32		64		
Well No.	MW-2	MW-3	MW-5				

Notes: TOR = Top of riser, MW = monitoring well





# CONCENTRATION (PPM)





Huntingdon

737 Pelham Boulevard St. Paul, Minnesota 55114-1739

> (612) 659-7600 FAX (612) 659-7515

REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSES

PROJECT:

LEISURELAND RV, 5300-94-34

DATE: October 13, 1994

**REPORTED TO:** 

HUNTINGDON ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Attn: BRAD TORGERSON

2105 SEVENTH AVENUE NORTH

FARGO ND 58102-3293

LABORATORY NO: 4411-04-10294

HPN: 10294

# INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the analyses of five samples received on October 3, 1994, from a representative of Huntingdon-Fargo branch. The scope of our services was limited to the parameters listed in the attached tables.

### **METHODOLOGY**

Analyses are performed according to Huntingdon Standard Operating Procedures. The procedures are based on the references stated in the analytical results tables.

# **RESULTS**

The results are listed in the attached tables.

### **REMARKS**

The samples were collected on September 29, 1994. If samples are not consumed in the analysis, they are held for two months from the date of sample receipt and then disposed, unless written instructions to the contrary are received.

HUNTINGDON ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Sharon Cenis

Project Manager

SC/SK/tb

Stephanie Kidder
Laboratory Manager



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:

# METHOD BLANK

METHOD BLANK

Compound:			$\underline{PQL}$
Acetone	ND	ND	25
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	5
2 Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
4 Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	<u>-</u> 1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND ND	5
(continued)	112	1110	5

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

$\boldsymbol{C}$	lient	Ш·

# METHOD BLANK

METHOD BLANK

TCT ID: Compound:			PQL
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	25
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	25
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	a: 1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1 ×
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	25
Toluene	ND	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	· ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2
1.1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	.1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
Surrogate Recoveries:			
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (PID)	94%	100%	
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (HALL)	101%	98%	
Fluorobenzene	102%	92%	
1,1-Dichloropropane	106%	115%	
Date Analyzed:	10/7-8/94	10/10/94	
		*1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-3	MW-5	
TCT ID:	41971	41975	
Compound:		110000	PQL
Acetone	ND	ND	25
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND.	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1 =
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND *	-1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	5
(continued)	2 120	- 12-	Ü

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-3	MW-5		
TCT ID:	41971	41975		
Compound:			<u>PQL</u>	
Ethylbenzene	ND	, ND	1	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1	
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	1	
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	1	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	25	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	25	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	» ND	1	
Methylene chloride	3	1	1	
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1	
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	1	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	1	
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	25	
Toluene	ND	ND	1	
1.2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND ·	ND	2	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	1	
Techloroethene	ND	ND	1	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	1	
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	1	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1	100
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2	
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1	
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1	
Surrogate Recoveries:				
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (PID)	94%	94%		
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (HALL)	98%	97%		
Fluorobenzene	102%	101%		
1,1-Dichloropropane	107%	106%		
Date Analyzed:	10/7/94	10/7/94		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in µg/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	BAILER BLANK	DUPLICATE	
TCT ID:	41977	41978	
Compound:	A03201031		POL
Acetone	ND	ND	25
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	2	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	, ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1 =
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND ND	ND ND	
Ethyl Ether	ND ND	ND ND	1 5
(continued)	ND	שא	S
(conditued)			

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	BAILER BLANK	DUPLICATE	
TCT ID:	41977	41978	
Compound:			PQL
Ethylbenzene	ND	27	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	3	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	25
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	25
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	2	3	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	ND	8	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	25
Toluene	ND	5	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	2	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	, ND	4	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	3	1
Surrogate Recoveries:			
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (PID)	94%	95%	
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (HALL)	100%	99%	
Fluorobenzene	100%	104%	
1,1-Dichloropropane	98%	105%	
Date Analyzed:	10/7/94	10/8/94	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference: Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

1 4	m.
lient	11)

**MW-2** 

TCT ID:	41976	
Compound:		$\underline{PQL}$
Acetone .	ND	25
Allyl Chloride	ND	10
Benzene	6	1
Bromobenzene	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	= 1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND .	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	5
(continued)		

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-2	
TCT ID:	41976	
Compound:		$\underline{PQL}$
Ethylbenzene	46 ,	2
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	6	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	25
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	25
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	» ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	2
Naphthalene	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	12	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	25
Toluene	11	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	4	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	2	1
Surrogate Recoveries:		
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (PID)	91%	
2-Fluorochlorobenzene (HALL)	95%	
Fluorobenzene	111%	
1,1-Dichloropropane	99 %	
Date Analyzed:	10/8-10/94	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference: Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.

	T N 0698 5371
	601 E. 48TH ST. P SIOUX FALLS, SD 57104-069 PHONE: 605/332-537
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18	۵

TCT NO. 09907

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

TCT USE ONLY

PHOJ. MGR. CLAS BC

PRIORITY

Z

INVOICE #

CUSTODY SEAL INTACT/NUMBER

2

JOB NAME

TEMPERATURE OF CONTAINER

FILTERED (YES/NO)

ANALYSES REQUEST

REPORT TO

PHONE

PRESERVED (CODE) REFRIGERATED (Y/N)

CODE A - NONE B - HNO3 C - H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> D - NaOH E-HC

BILL TOYCO, NAME, ADDRESS)

SAMPLE CONDITION

CHECK AMOUNT

PREPAY Y/N

CHECK NO.

AMErican Federal Swings Bould

PROJECT NAME 94-34

CLIENT P.O. # / PROJECT NO.

Rad Torgerson

CLIENT ADDRESS

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SAMPLED BY PHINT NAME/SIGNATURE DATE/TIME SAMPLED

(ADDITIONAL CHARGES MAY BE ASSESSED) UNKNOWN (COMMENT BELOW) SAMPLE DISPOSAL: RETURN TO CLIENT ... POSSIBLE HAZARD: YES \_\_\_

						\	\	\	<u> </u>	\	\	_	
NO.	CLIENT SAMPLE ID.	MATRIX	NO. OF CONTAINERS	CONTAINER TYPE									R
-	092994955, MU-3	Water	3	40m von	×								

					,					
NEW New New New New New New New New New New	CLIENT SAMPLE ID.	MATRIX	MATRIX CONTAINERS CONTAIL	CONTAINER TYPE	밆				REMARKS	TCT NO.
-	092994955, MW-3 - Water	Water	3	40m voA	\( \sigma \)					1461/
2	092984 1035, MU-5	3	J	*	×					24614
3	0\$28941110, Mis-2 J	- N. W.	4	11	×					966/1
4	09294936, De 1er Blank		7 2	4	×					4647
വ	092994, Duplicate	11 11	11 11	11 11	×					8+61h
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Addit	Additional Comments				ITEM	RELINGUISHED BY / AFFILIATION	Y / AFFILL	NOITA	ACCEPTED BY / AFFILIATION	DATE

\* SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

10/3 phd 17:31 Q.1 1.00

Brody Engerson HEE

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# Huntingdon

Huntingdon Engineering a tinvironmental, inc.
601 East 48th Street North
Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104-0698
(605) 332-5371
Fax: (605) 332-8488

REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

PROJECT:

AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK

DATE: October 13, 1994

REPORTED TO:

Huntingdon Engineering & Environmental, Inc.

Attn: Brad Torgerson

2105 Seventh Avenue North

Fargo, ND 58102

**LABORATORY NO: 6600 04-200** 

Date Received: 9-30-94 Date Sampled: 9-29-94 Authorization: 9-30-94

The results of the gasoline range organics analysis are listed in Table 1. The results of the diesel range organics analysis are listed in Table 2. The results of the lead analysis are listed in Table 3.

# TABLE 1 VOLATILE ANALYSIS

Parameter	MW-3 092994955 94-7711	MW-5 0929941035 94-7712	MW·2 0929941110 94-7713	Bailer Blank 092994930 94-7714	Duplicate 022994 94-7715		MDL
GRO	ND	ND	320	ND	250		30
SURROGATE RECOVERY: $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -Trifluorotoluen	e 97%	94%	97%	97%	101%	9	

All values are in ug/L. ug/L is equivalent to parts per billion.

MDL - Method Detection Limit

ND - Not Detected

Date Analyzed: 10-7-94 and 10-10-94

Method: Wisconsin Gasoline Range Organics

# TABLE 2 DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

Sample Identification	Diesel Range Organics (mg/L)	SURROGATE RECOVERY: Triacontane
MW-3 94-7711	ND	104%
MW-5 94-7712	ND a	103%
MW-2 94-7713	ND	82%
MDL	0.3	

All values are in mg/L which is equivalent to parts per million (ppm).

MDL - Method Detection Limit

ND - Not Detected

Date Extracted: 10-5-94

Date Analyzed: 10-7-94 and 10-10-94 Method: Wisconsin Diesel Range Organics

# LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

ACCURACY DATA

# Matrix Spike Matrix Spike Duplicate Relative Parameter Percent Recovery Percent Recovery DRO 100% 105% 5.0% Surrogate Recovery 85% 94% ---

**PRECISION DATA** 

# Huntingdon

# TABLE 3 LEAD ANALYSIS

Sample Identification	Lead (mg/L)
MW-3 94-7711	ND
MW-5 94-7712	ND
MW-2 94-7713	ND
LDL	0.1
Method*	239.1

LDL - Lower Detectable Limit

All values are in mg/L which is equal to parts per million (ppm).

# LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

# ACCURACY DATA

PRECISION DATA

Parameter

Sample # 94-7711

Matrix Spike

Matrix Spike Duplicate Percent Recovery

Relative

Lead

Percent Recovery 96%

100%

Percent Difference 4.1%

HUNTINGDON ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Deanna Wiarda

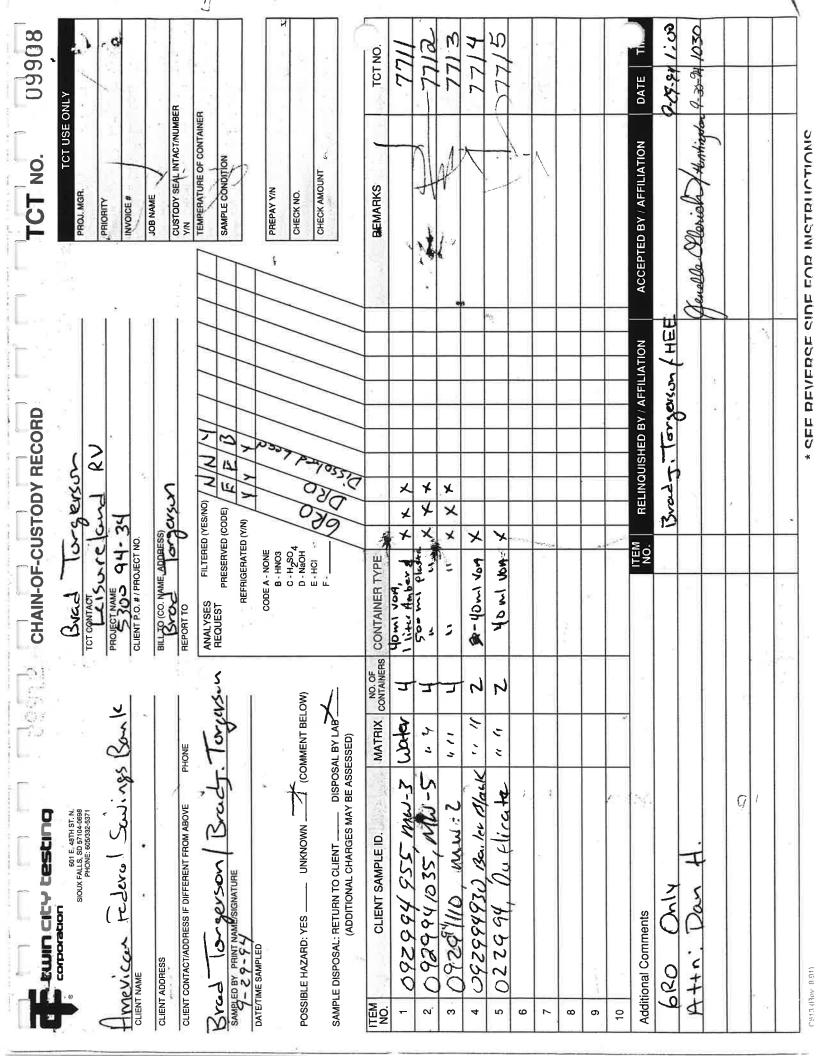
Gas Chromatography

Virginia VerMuli Laboratory Supervisor Dan T. Hanson Chemistry Manager

DW/VVM/DTH/kk 4-200dg&1.1far

Huntingdon

<sup>\*</sup> EPA 600/4-79-020, March 1979, "Methods for the Chemical Analysis of Water and Waste".



# KECEIVED

DEC 14 1993

MPCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

# REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION & CORRECTIVE ACTION DESIGN REPORT LEISURELAND RV EAST GRAND FORKS, MINNESOTA #5300 03-78 LEAK#0005934

Phone: (218) 773-9711

NOVEMBER 29, 1993

Twin City Testing Corp. 2105 7th Avenue North Fargo, North Dakota



# REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION & CORRECTIVE ACTION DESIGN REPORT 1819 CENTRAL AVENUE NW EAST GRAND FORKS, MINNESOTA #5300 03-78

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 Site Description

The subject site is Leisureland RV located on the northeast side of East Grand Forks, Minnesota at 1819 Central Drive (Figures 1, 2 and 3). The legal description of the property is Lot 11, Auditor's Plat of Outlots 1 through 23, SE¼, NE¼, Section 35, T152N, R50W, East Grand Forks, Polk County, Minnesota. The site consists of 6.4 acres. The site is occupied by two commercial buildings and an unused granary. Leisureland RV occupies the 21,120 square foot slab on grade building which was reportedly constructed in 1960. A small coffee shop is located in the southeast corner of the same building. The second slab on grade building (constructed in 1974) contains 10,000 square feet and was used for cold storage.

The former location of a 1,000 gallon underground storage tank (UST) removed from the site on November 18, 1992 was on the south side of the largest building (Figure 3). Mr. Tim Kerr of American Federal Savings Bank in East Grand Forks, North Dakota reported that the 1,000 gallon UST, which reportedly contained gasoline, replaced a 500 gallon UST which was excavated and removed from the site approximately 15 years ago. The original 500 UST reportedly had observable "leaks".

Quast Transfer Inc. is located north of the subject site. A frontage road and Central Avenue (Minnesota Highway 220) bound the site on the east. 3rd Avenue NW and residential and farm land are located west of the site. Valley Truck Parts and Service, Inc. and Breidenbach Welding Repair are adjacent to the southern boundary of the site. Valley Truck Parts and Service reportedly recently had two 1,000 gallon diesel USTs removed from the north side of their property. The two USTs on the Valley Truck property were located approximately 50 to 100 feet south of the location of MW-2. Mr. Doug Runyon of Valley Truck Parts stated that one



of the two 1,000 gallon USTs removed from his site had apparently leaked. No other details were given by Mr. Runyon. The nearest surface water is the Red River, approximately one mile to the west (Figure 1).

The site is located on the topographically flat plain of the former glacial Lake Agassiz. The glacial lake plain soils consists of dense, uniform, impermeable glacial lake clay up to 120 feet thick. The flat topography and the heavy texture of the soil cause poor natural drainage. Ditching has been extensive to remove storm runoff (USGS Water Resources of the Red Lake River Watershed, Northwestern Minnesota, HA-346, 1970).

The soils encountered at this site consist of glacial lake sediment composed primarily of "fat" clay. The upper 5 to 15 feet of the soil profile is commonly oxidized to a brown color. The remaining unweathered clay is gray in color. Discontinuous, localized lenses of silt occur in the clay. The upper 5 to 8 feet of lake sediment consist of silty lean clay. The remainder of the soil profile, to the terminus of the borings, consisted of brown to gray silty fat clay. The glacial lake sediments, glacial moraine and the subjacent Cretaceous and Paleozoic strata, are approximately 300 feet thick and overlie Precambrian crystalline bedrock. The fine-grained lake deposits generally are not a source of water in the area (USGS Water Resources of the Red Lake River Watershed, Northwestern Minnesota, HA-346, 1970).

# 1.2 Background Information

As part of a property transfer procedure, Twin City Testing (TCT) completed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) dated August 14, 1992 at the request of American Federal Savings Bank (AFSB). Research for that report (Appendix A) revealed the presence of a UST and an unused water well on the property. Recommendations from the TCT ESA included removing the UST and properly abandoning the well.

Representatives from Analysis, Research and Consulting Laboratories, Inc. (ARC) were on site on November 18, 1992 to "perform subsoil investigation and testing during the removal of a



1,000 gallon UST." The location of the 1,000 gallon UST removed from the site on November 18, 1992 was on the south side of the largest building (Figure 3). At that time, approximately 30 cubic yards of soil were excavated from the UST basin and an additional 20 cubic yards was removed from a trench dug to search for an unused water well, located on the south side of the property, in order to properly abandon the well. The well was not found during that excavation event. According to the Guidance Document #3 filed by ARC (Appendix A), the soil was treated by land application at the Grand Forks Landfill.

The ARC report dated November 27, 1992 (Appendix A) describes the UST excavation and removal. The UST excavation was performed by MARK II; certification #0603. No details about the disposal of the UST were available.

Five soil samples collected by ARC from the excavated soils indicated the presence of hydrocarbon vapors. ARC recommended further remedial investigations at the site.

Appendix B contains the available correspondence between the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) and AFSB. A memo dated August 6, 1992 stated that the MPCA approves AFSB plans to abandon the water well on the subject site. A letter from AFSB dated August 24, 1992, according to Mr. Tim Kerr, is to notify the MPCA of the 500 gallon UST that was removed from the site approximately 15 years ago. A letter from the MPCA dated November 25, 1992 states that AFSB must begin remedial investigations (RI) at the site. ARC reported to the MPCA that there was visible contamination in the soils when they supervised the removal of the 1,000 gallon UST from the subject site. The letter from AFSB dated December 14, 1992 stated that two competitive bids had been solicited and TCT had been chosen as the environmental consultant for the RI at the site.

Appendix B also contains MPCA Fact Sheet #6.



# 1.3 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of our work during this phase of the project was to provide information regarding the degree and extent of hydrocarbon contamination in the soils and groundwater associated with the site.

The scope of work performed for this phase of the project included the following:

- 1. advancing six soil borings to depths of up to 18 feet below grade;
- 2. screening the soil samples recovered from the borings for the presence and concentration of organic vapors as indicators of hydrocarbon contamination;
- 3. analyzing select soil samples from the borings for the presence and concentration of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene, (BTEX), gasoline range organics (GRO), methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) and Lead;
- 4. obtaining Minnesota Department of Health Monitoring Well Permits;
- 5. completing three of the borings as above grade monitoring wells;
- 6. developing the monitoring wells;
- 7. obtaining groundwater elevation data from the monitoring wells;
- 8. collecting two rounds of groundwater samples (per MPCA directives) from the monitoring wells and analyzing the samples for the presence and concentration of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the MN DOH 465 D list using GC/MS analysis, GRO, MTBE and Lead; and
- 9. preparing and submitting a report including data generated during our field work with our conclusions and recommendations based on that data.

# 2.0 PROJECT RESULTS

# 2.1 Soil Borings

During January 13 & 14, 1993, six soil borings were advanced by TCT to a depth of up to 19



feet below grade. The locations of the borings are shown on Figure 3. The borings were advanced using the methodologies presented in Appendix C.

Unfortunately, the only remaining soil profile data available is that found on the Minnesota Department of Health well records for MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5 (Appendix D). The field data regarding soil borings SB-1, SB-4 and SB-6 has been inadvertently lost, therefore soil profile information is not available for these borings. No PID data is available for any of the soil borings. Mr. Chris McLain of the MPCA was made aware of this by TCT, via telephone, on September 18, 1993. Mr. McLain said to note this in the report and proceed with the available data (phone conversation record dated September 18, 1993 in Appendix B).

The soil profile encountered in the borings (MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5) consisted of fill material from ½ to 3 feet below grade. Lean clay with some silty laminations was encountered from the base of the fill material to depths of approximately 7 to 8 feet. The borings were terminated at approximately 18 feet below grade in the fat clays encountered from the base of the lean clay to the terminus of the boring. Cross section sketches are included in Appendix D.

# 2.2 Soil Sample Analytical Results

One select soil sample from each of the six soil borings (SB-1 through SB-6) was collected and analyzed for the presence and concentration of BTEX, MTBE, GRO and Lead using the methodologies outlined in the laboratory reports included as Appendix E. The samples were found to contain the concentrations presented in Table 1.



TABLE 1
SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SAMPLE DEPTH INTERVAL	BENZENE	TOLUENE	ETHYL BENZENE	XYLENES	GRO	мтве	LEAD
SB-1 9%-11%	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.30
SB-2 7-9	20.0	5.90	3.70	11.0	240.0	11.0	8.20
SB-3 7-9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.20
SB-4 7-9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.90
SB-5 7-9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.60
SB-6 7-9	9.00	4.20	5.90	12.0	130.0	4.50	5.80
MDL	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	5.00	0.050	NA
LDL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.00

ND = Not Detected

NA = Not Applicable

MDL = Method Detection Limit for Hydrocarbon Compounds

LDL = Lower Detectable Limit for Lead

Results for Hydrocarbon Compounds Reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram) = ppm (parts per million)

Results for Lead Reported in mg/kg (milligrams/kilogram) = ppm (parts per million)

Figure 4 indicates the inferred extent of on-site residual soil contamination at the subject site. The extent of the off-site residual soil contamination is unknown.

# 2.3 Free Phase Product Observation

No free phase product was reportedly observed by ARC personnel during the UST excavation. No free phase product was observed by TCT personnel while conducting our RI activities.



### 2,4 Ground Water

Soil borings SB-2, SB-3 and SB-5 were completed as monitoring wells on January 18, 1993 using methods outlined in Appendix C. Specific construction details associated with MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5 are included in the "Monitoring well" data sheet along with the approved permit and monitoring well records in Appendix D.

Ground-water elevation data from the monitoring wells were measured by TCT personnel using methods presented in Appendix C. Ground-water elevation data sheets for the February 1, 1993 monitoring event are included in Appendix F. The elevations were measured in feet, relative to a datum of 100 feet, however, the information identifying the reference point is no longer available. Ground-water elevation trends based on data obtained to date is included as Figure 5. The potentiometric surface sketches including data obtained from the four measurement events are represented as Figures 6, 7, 8 and 9. Ground-water elevation data is presented in Table 2.

TABLE 2
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA

Monitoring Well ID	MW-2	MW-3	MW-5
Reference Elev. (FT)	99.22	99.66	99.48
TOS Elev.	94.22	94.66	94.48
BOS Elev.	79.22	79.66	79.48
1-25-93	88.41	90.53	88.36
2-1-93	90.42	90.38	90.05
7-18-93	97.17	94.71	94.49
9-30-93	94.08	93.84	94.10

Reference elevation and groundwater elevations are measured from the top of the riser.

-- = No measurement obtained TOS = Top of screen BOS = Bottom of screen



On February 1, 1993, TCT personnel conducted a rising head slug test on MW-3. Results of the analysis are presented in Appendix F. The data was analyzed using the Bouwer and Rice method by AQTESOLV (Geraghty & Miller Modeling Group). The results indicated an hydraulic conductivity (K) of 3.0 x 10<sup>-6</sup> feet per minute.

# 2.5 Ground-water Analytical Results

Groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5 and were analyzed for the presence and concentrations of BTEX, MTBE, GRO and Lead using the methods presented on the laboratory results in Appendix E. Only those VOCs which were present in detectible concentrations are reported below. The results of the analyses are presented in Table 3



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TABLE 3

# GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

1,3,5	0.005	ON ON	a a	8 8	88	8 8	NA	0.001	NA
1,2,4	O.00.0	22	88	ON ON ON	8 g	ON ON	NA	0.001	NA
TET	28	22	88	N ON ON	ND 0.002	ND CN	0.002	0.001	NA
n-P	ND 0.004	88	88	N QN QN	ND UND	ND ON	NA	0.001	NA
ISO	ND 0.002	88	S S	ND GN	N GN	N ON	0.300	0.001	NA
1,4	ON ON	88	S S	ND UD	ND 0.001	ND ON	0.010	0.001	NA
n-B	0.002	S S	S S	N ON	ND ON	N ON	NA	0.001	NA
LEAD	N ON	N ON ON	ND ON	1.3	SE 16	<b>1</b> / <b>1</b>	0.020	NA	0.050
GRO (**)	0.110	ON ON	ND ON	ND ON	ND UN	GN GN	NA	0.001	NA
MTBE (*)	ON ON	N CN	ND ND	ND UD	UN UN	UN UN	NA	0.001	NA
(a) XXI	ND 0.009	N G	ON ON	QN QN	ON ON	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	10.0	0.001	NA
ETH BENZ (*)	0.003	ON ON	ON ON	N ON ON	ND ON	S S	0.700	0.001	NA
TOL (*)	ND 0.021	ON ON	ON ON	N ON ON	S S	88	1.00	0.001	NA
BENZ (*)	ND 0.001	8 8 8	88	88	88	8 8	0.010	0.001	NA
	MW-2 (***)2-1-93 7-18-93	MW-3 2-1-93 7-18-93	MW-5 2-1-93 7-18-93	Method Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93	Bailer Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93	Trip Blank 2-1-93 7-18-93	RAL	PQL	TŒI

BENZ = Benzene TOL = Toluene ETH BENZ = Ethylbenzene XXL = Xylenes n-B = n-Butylbenzene 1,4 = 1,4 Dichloroethane Iso = Isopropylbenzene n-P = n-Propylbenzene TET = Tetrachloroethene 1,2,4 = Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5 = 1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene TET = Tetrachloroethene 1,2,4 = Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5 = 1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene (\*) = Analysed by MNDH Method 465D (\*\*) = Analyzed by the Wisconsin GRO method (\*\*\*) = "unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons" noted in sample All units listed in mg/l = ppm (parts per million)

N/A = Not Applicable -- = Parameter not analyzed ND = Not Detected

RAL = Recommended Allowshle Limits for Drinking Water Standards PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit LDL = Lower Detectable Limit

### 2.6 Receptor Survey

The <u>Petroleum Vapor Risk Assessment Survey</u> (MPCA Fact Sheet #22) was completed to determine which utilities might act as receptors. Figures 3 and 4 indicate the locations of the buried electric, sanitary sewer, telephone, natural gas and municipal water lines serving the subject site. PID readings were obtained from the storm sewers located east and west of the site and the sanitary sewer located west of the site. No organic vapors were detected from the three manholes that were checked. All buildings in the area appear to be built as slab on grade.

The groundwater receptor survey (MPCA Fact Sheet #23) included the review of 20 well logs, including the three monitoring wells installed by TCT at the subject site, supplied by the Minnesota Geological Survey (MGS). None of these well locations has been personally verified by MGS personnel. The deepest borehole on record within two miles of the site is 25 feet below grade. All 20 wells identified were either monitoring wells (19) with one single recovery well. The location of all these wells are shown on Figure 15. Well records for the 20 wells are contained in Appendix G. Table 4 contains the available information concerning each of the 20 wells in the format requested by the MPCA.



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TABLE 4

# AREA WELL DATA SUMMARY

WELL	MONITORING	MONITORING	MONITORING	RECOVERY	MONITORING															
AQUIFER	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TIEL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL	TILL
WATER LEVEL ELEVATION	9.10' BMP	9.30' BMP	8.93' BMP	13.6' BMP	12.17' BMP	13.5' BMP	10.6' BMP	9.4' BMP	9.73' BMP	10.35' BMP	9.98' BMP	12.00' BMP	12.00' BMP	12.00' BMP	7.5' BMP	7.5' BMP	7.5' BMP	7.5' BMP	7.5' BMP	9' BMP
BASE OF CASING ELEVATION	18' BG	14' BG	18' BG	22' BG	18' BG	18' BG	17' BG	16.5' BG	9, BG	19' BG	20' BG	19' BG	19° BG	19' BG	25' BG	25' BG	25' BG	18.17' BG	18.3' BG	18.32' BG
BASE OF WELL ELEVATION	18' BG	14' BG	18' BG	22' BG	18' BG	18' BG	17' BG	16.5' BG	19' BG	9' BG	10' BG	9' BG	9' BG	9' BG	10, BG	10' BG	10' BG	3.17' BG	3.3' BG	3.32' BG
GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UNIQUE WELL NUMBER	121234	121235	121236	465326	465327	465328	465329	465330	458854	458870	458871	444342	444343	444344	483569	483570	483571	522013	522012	522011

N/A = Not Available BG = Below Grade BMP = Below Measure Point



During initial excavation activities at the site on November 18, 1992, additional excavation was done to locate an old unregistered water well that was reportedly located on the south side of the site. The well was not found during the initial phase of excavation supervised by ARC. However, the well was later located in the previous excavation and was properly abandoned by Olson's Well Service of Halstad, MN on 9/30/93. The well abandonment record is included in Appendix G.

Mr. Leonard T. Pulkrabek of LTP Enterprises stated that virtually no one in the Grand Forks-East Grand Forks area uses well water because of poor quality. Mr. Pulkrabek stated that the Dakota formation is known to produce salty water from a depth of approximately 180 feet just west of Grand Forks, ND. Mr. Dan Boyce, with the city of East Grand Forks, MN, reported that the city obtains its municipal water supply from the Red Lake River approximately 1½ miles southwest of the site. Phone conversation records with city and corporate personnel concerning the presence of water wells in the area of the subject site are contained in Appendix G.

A Hydrogeological Setting and Ground Water Contamination Worksheet (MPCA Fact Sheet #24) was completed for the subject site and is presented in Appendix G.

### 3.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Review of the analytical results indicate that soils and groundwater at the site are impacted by hydrocarbon contamination in a manner consistent with losses of product from the former UST system.

Review of the data indicates that the eastern extent of contamination is bounded by SB-1 while the northern extent is bounded by SB-3. The western extent of contamination is bounded by SB-4 and SB-5. The southern extent of contamination is not yet identified as MW-2 is near the southern edge of the subject site (Figure 3 and Table 1). Soil analytical data indicate that there is hydrocarbon impacted soil at SB-6, adjacent to the former UST location, and in MW-2 which is south of the former UST location. Review of the data indicates that lateral migration of hydrocarbon contamination may have taken place within the laminations and lenses of silt within



the fat and lean clay layers between 3 and 8 feet below grade.

Review of the January 25, 1993 potentiometric surface (Figure 11) indicates groundwater flowing to the southwest. It is our opinion that ground-water levels associated with the three monitoring wells had not yet equilibrated as the wells had been installed only seven days prior to measuring the water levels. Ground-water recharge to the monitoring wells, in our opinion, is very slow due to the clay substrate present at the site. Review of Figure 12 indicates groundwater flowing to the west. Again, in our opinion, the ground-water levels in the monitoring wells may not yet have equilibrated. Review of the July 18,1993 potentiometric surface (Figure 13) indicates ground-water flowing to the northwest. Review of Figure 14 indicates ground-water flowing to the north. Hydraulic gradients at the subject site ranged from 0.023 on July 18, 1993 to 0.0014 on September 30, 1993.

Review of the ground-water analytical results indicates that no detectable concentrations of the analytes were measured in MW-3 and MW-5. MW-2 contains BTEX compounds in quantities below RALs. GRO was detected in MW-2. No detectable quantities of Lead or MTBE were present in the three monitoring wells. Review of the ground-water analytical results indicated 1,4 dichloroethane and tetrachloroethane was present in the bailer blank on the July 18, 1993 sampling event. None of these compounds were detected in any of the other samples collected during that sampling event.

There appears to be a potential for off-site diesel contamination migrating onto the subject site as indicated by the presence of "unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons" reported in the February 1, 1993 groundwater sample analytical results. The possibility of impacts to MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5 from off-site diesel sources should be further investigated.

Based on the low degree of hydrocarbon contamination remaining in the groundwater, it is our opinion that remediation may not be warranted at the subject site.

### 4.0 CORRECTIVE ACTION DESIGN

4.1 Objectives



The objectives of the proposed corrective actions will be to:

- Provide information regarding viable remedial options
- Continue sampling and monitoring activities

The groundwater cleanup goals for this site are set by the MPCA and are described in the Hydrogeologic Setting and Ground Water Characterization worksheet. The worksheet states that two conditions must be met at and beyond the site boundaries:

- 1. The RAL for VOC's.
- 2. The concentration of total hydrocarbons must be less then or equal to 1 part per million (ppm) at and beyond site boundaries.

The soil remediation cleanup goal is to meet the MPCA guidelines of 100 ppm total petroleum hydrocarbons in silts and clays (MPCA Fact Sheet #13, April, 1993).

### 4.2 Alternatives

Two proposed correction actions were considered for the site.

1. <u>Passive Remediation</u> This alternative would allow natural degradation and dispersion to occur and would involve implementation of a ground-water monitoring program.

Advantages: This alternative would not result in any significant disruption of the site when contrasted with a procedure such as excavation.

Disadvantages:

This alternative does not control future contaminant migration and associated potential impacts. The time for the site to reach a condition of acceptable levels of contamination is unknown.

2. <u>Excavation</u> This alternative would result in active remediation (removal) of contaminated soils.

Advantages: This alternative provides active source removal in a relatively short time frame.

Disadvantages:

This alternative would result in a significant disruption of activities at the site for a few days to a couple of weeks. Approximately 3 feet of overburden would have to be stripped and stockpiled on-site, for later use as clean fill, to excavate the contaminated soil potentially located between

Huntingdon Consulting Engineers of Environmental Scientists 3 and 12 feet below grade. The impacted soils that most likely occur under the building would not be excavable and would, therefore, not be remediated by this method. This alternative would require the removal and replacement of MW-2. This alternative will also require post-excavation groundwater monitoring.

### 4.3 Discussion of Alternatives

A review of the data indicates that the bulk of residual soil hydrocarbon contamination exists within a zone between three and twelve feet below grade.

In our opinion, passive remediation is a viable alternative for this site. Although contaminants detected in groundwater are below RALs, soil concentrations exceed the 100 PPM limit for soils. Quarterly sampling and monitoring should, in our opinion, be a part of any remedial option chosen. The monitoring program would provide information regarding contaminant fate, including degradation and dispersion resulting from natural processes. A re-evaluation should be performed after the first year of monitoring regarding the need for additional work.

Excavation, in our opinion, is not the most viable remediation option at this site. We estimate the excavation of contaminated soils would involve the removal of approximately 1,000 cubic yards of clean overburden prior to excavating approximately 2,500 cubic yards of contaminated soil to attain clean-up to an MPCA action level of 100 ppm. The hydrocarbon contaminated soils would be excavated and land applied for treatment. Excavation of the clays containing up to 240 ppm GRO would remove the main source of the hydrocarbon contamination. However, impacted soils beneath the building (down-gradient of the former UST) would not be excavable.

The configuration of the dissolved contaminant plume is unknown due to the potential influence of diesel fuel migrating onto the subject site from the former USTs on the Valley Truck Parts site located south of the subject site. The February 1, 1993 laboratory analysis for groundwater from MW-2 did contain "unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons" which could indicate diesel fuel may be present in MW-2 (the UST on the subject site contained gasoline).



### 5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

We recommend that one year of quarterly ground-water sampling and monitoring be conducted on MW-2, MW-3 and MW-5 to provide information regarding the potentiometric surface elevation, hydraulic gradient, groundwater flow direction and groundwater quality. In our opinion, the groundwater samples should be analyzed for the presence and concentration of BTEX, MTBE, GRO, DRO and dissolved Lead.

Finally, we recommend that this report be submitted to the MPCA for their review.

### **6.0 VERIFICATIONS**

The incorporation of the aforementioned measures would provide verification of their effectiveness in the form of water quality data.

If concentrations of hydrocarbons drop significantly or remain below RALs in the monitoring wells over the one year period, TCT may recommend the discontinuance of groundwater monitoring. However, if diesel fuel is detected in any of the on-site monitoring wells, migration of the diesel fuel from off-site sources would be indicated.

### 7.0 SITE ABANDONMENT PROCEDURES

### <u>Sealing</u>

Wells to be abandoned will be filled with neat cement grout using a tremie line under pressure in a continuous operation from the bottom of the well upward in accordance with the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) guidelines.

### Casing Cutoff

The well casing material will be cutoff at least 2 feet below land surface and native topsoil will be used to fill the hole produced.



### Abandoned Well Report

Abandoned well reports will be submitted to the MDH. The information given will include depth, diameter, static water level, casing schedule, geology, method of sealing, volume, and type of grout used.

All surface equipment and materials will be dismantled and removed from the site.

### **8.0 SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED CONCEPTUAL COSTS**

Twin City Testing Corporation anticipates providing a work plan and proposal regarding the aforementioned work upon MPCA corrective action plan approval.

### PASSIVE REMEDIATION

Institute a one year quarterly sampling schedule: sampling the 3 wells quarterly with three quarterly reports and one annual report.

Field Costs (per sampling event):

Milage = 200 miles @ 0.40/ mile =	\$80.00
Travel Time = $3 \text{ hrs } @ $50.00/\text{hr} =$	\$150.00
Sampling Time = 3 hrs @ \$50.00/hr =	\$150.00
Sample containers, bailers and rope =	\$110.00
Shipping Time = $1 \text{ hr } @ $50.00/\text{hr} =$	\$50.00
Freight =	<u>\$70.00</u>

Total per sampling event = \$610.00

Total per year = \$610.00 X 4 events = \$2,440.00

Sample Analysis (per sampling event)

BTEX, MTBE (via 465D) = \$165.00/sample X 3 per event =	\$495.00
GRO = \$75.00/sample X 3 per event =	\$225.00
DRO = \$85.00/sample X 3 per event =	\$255.00
Dissolved Lead = \$33.00/sample X 3 per event =	\$99.00

Total per sampling event = \$1,074.00

Total per year = \$1,074.00 X 4 events = \$4,296.00



### Reporting and Project Management

### Quarterly Reports

Env. Tech = $6 \text{ hrs } @ $69.00/\text{hr} =$	\$415.00
Env. Eng. = $1 \text{ hr } @ \$78.00/\text{hr} =$	\$80.00
Drafting = 1.5 hrs @ \$40.00/hr =	\$60.00
Project Management = 1.5 hrs @ \$78.00/hr =	<u>\$120.00</u>

Total per sampling event = \$675.00

Total per year for first 3 events = \$2.025.00

### **Annual Sampling Report**

Env. Tech = 13.5 hrs @ \$69.00/hr =	\$935.00
Env. Eng. = 1.5 hrs @ \$78.00/hr =	\$120.00
Drafting = 2 hrs @ \$40.00/hr =	\$80.00
Project Management = 3 hrs @ \$78.00/hr =	<u>\$235.00</u>

Total per year for last report =  $\frac{$1,370.00}{}$ 

TOTAL YEARLY MONITORING COSTS = \$10,131.00

ONE YEAR ESTIMATED COST = \$10,131.00



### 9.0 REMARKS

The recommendations contained in this report represent our professional opinions. These opinions were arrived at in accordance with currently accepted hydrogeologic, analytical and engineering practices at this time and location. Other than this, no warranty is implied or intended.

This report was prepared by:

Date:

Steven D. Jorgensen

Environmental Scientist

This report was reviewed by:

Date: 11/30/93 Tuny John

Tim Kenyon

Vice President - Environmental Services

### **FIGURES**

Figure 1: Site Topographic Map

Figure 2: Site Plat Map

Figure 3: Site Detail Sketch

Figure 4: Inferred Extent of Residual Soil Contamination

Figure 5: Potentiometric Surface Elevations

Figure 6: Potentiometric Surface Sketch, January 25, 1993

Figure 7: Potentiometric Surface Sketch, February 1, 1993

Figure 8: Potentiometric Surface Sketch, July 18, 1993

Figure 9: Potentiometric Surface Sketch, September 30, 1993

Figure 10: Benzene Concentration Data

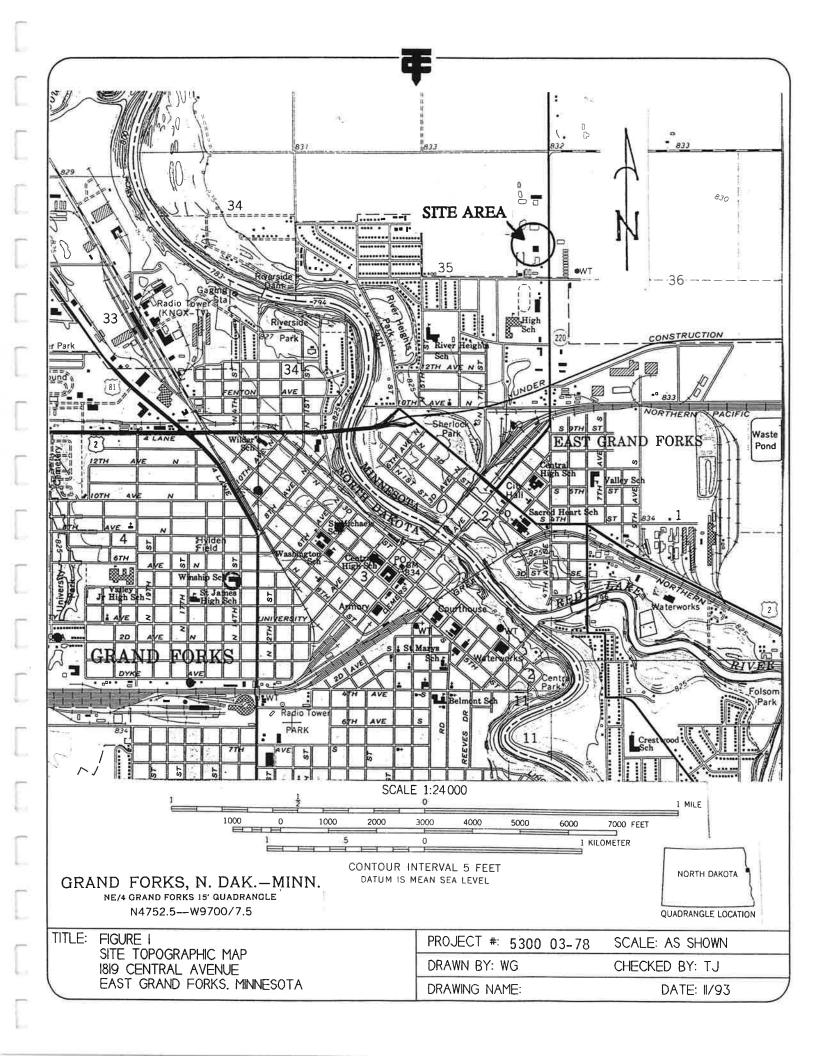
Figure 11: Toluene Concentration Data,

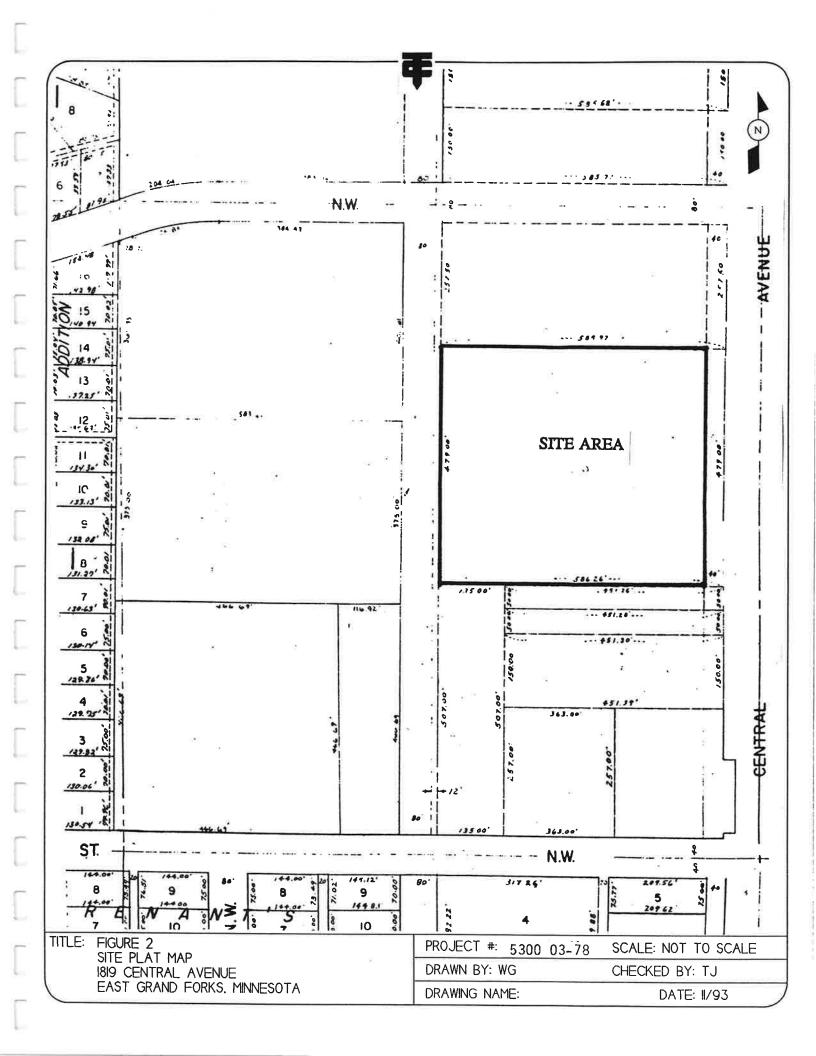
Figure 12: Ethyl Benzene Concentration Data, MW-2

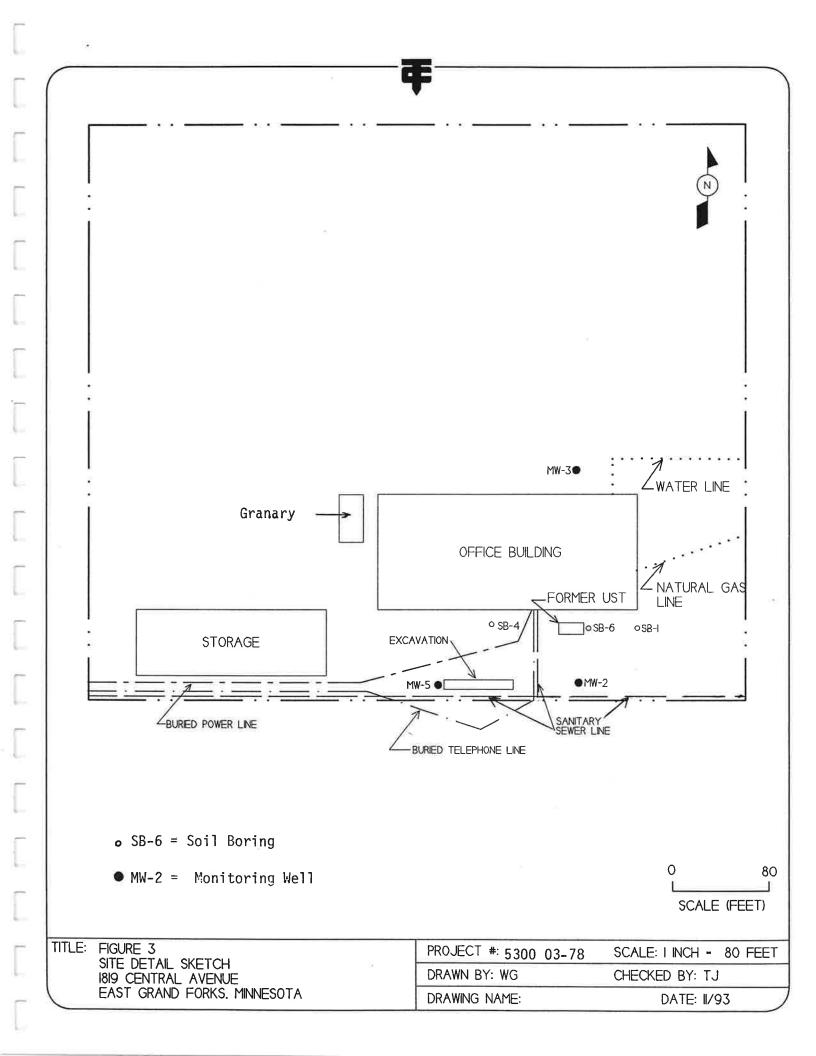
Figure 13: Xylene Concentration Data, MW-2

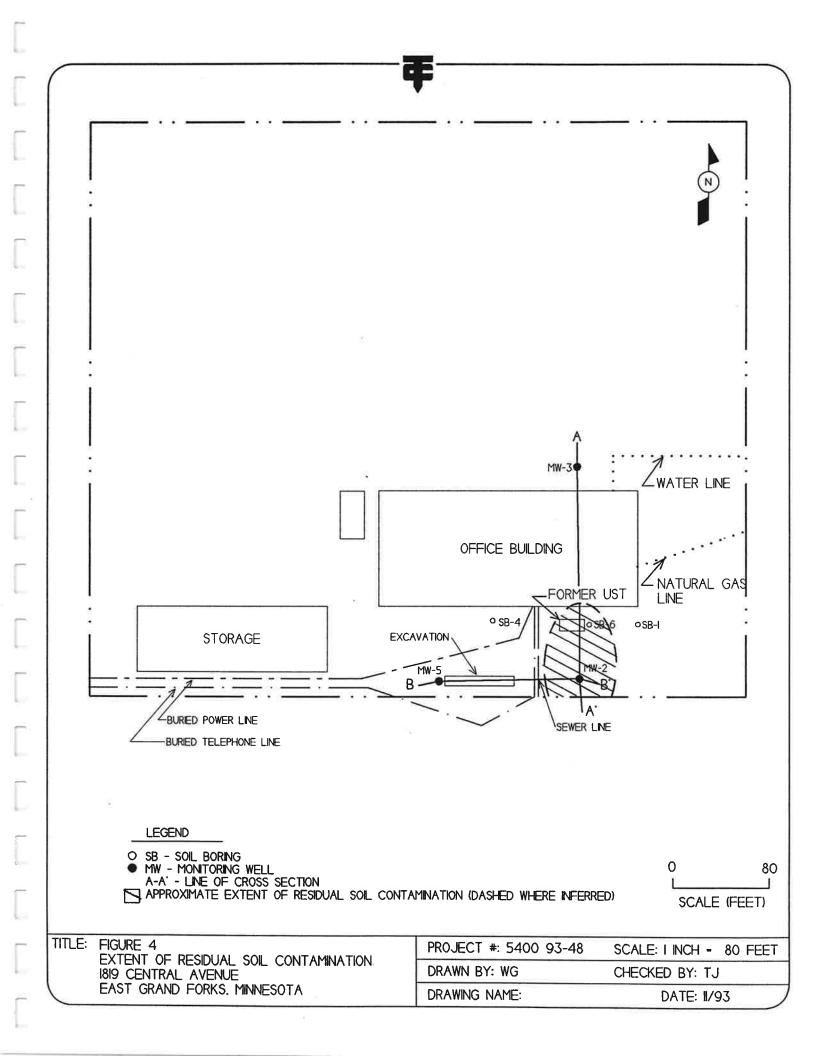
Figure 14: GRO Concentration Data, MW-2

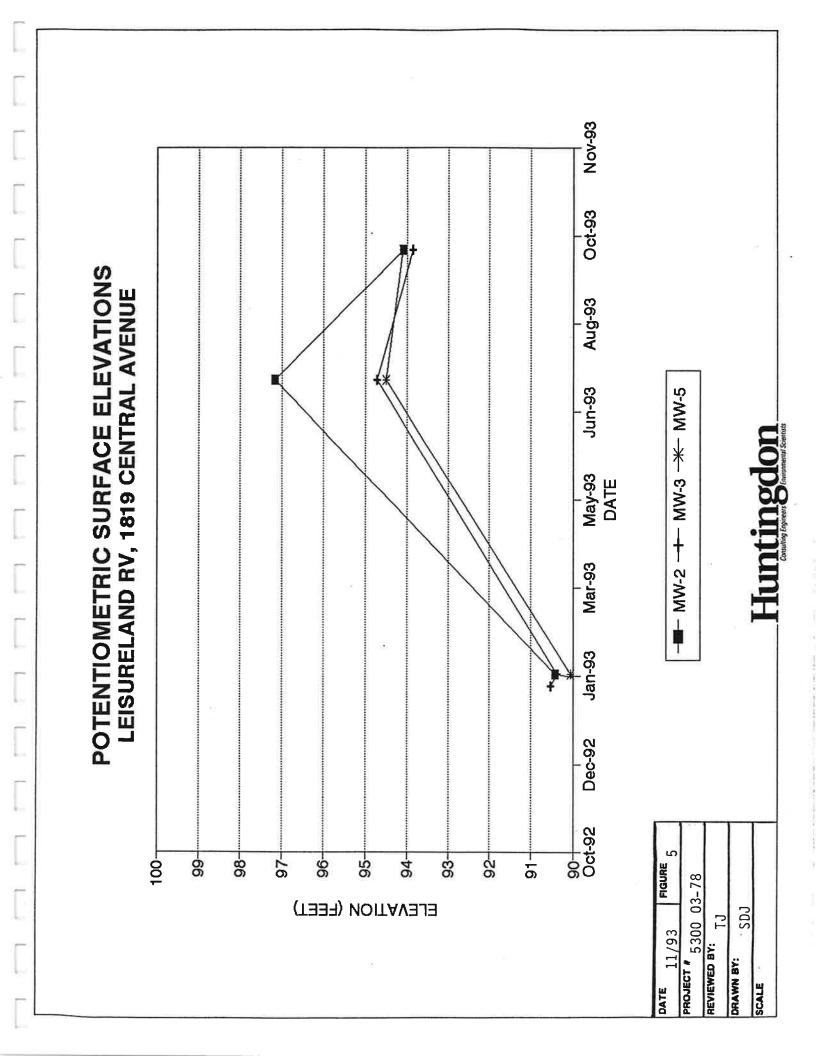
Figure 15: Location of Wells Within Two Miles of Site

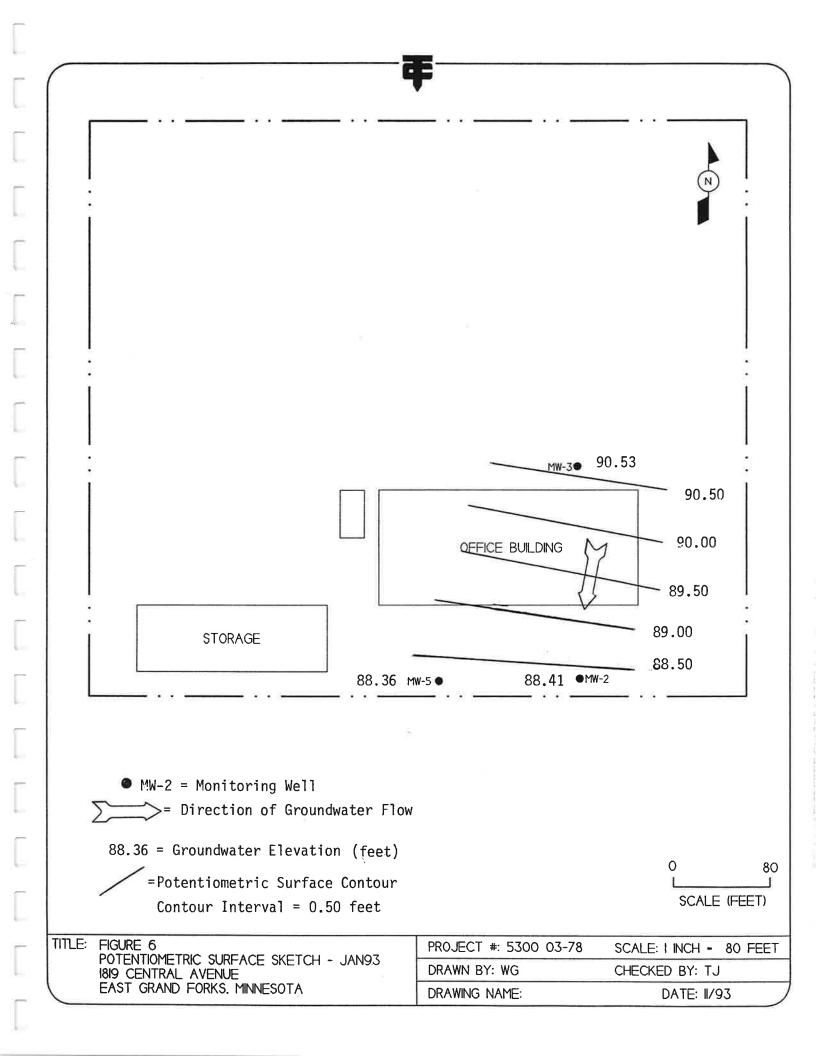


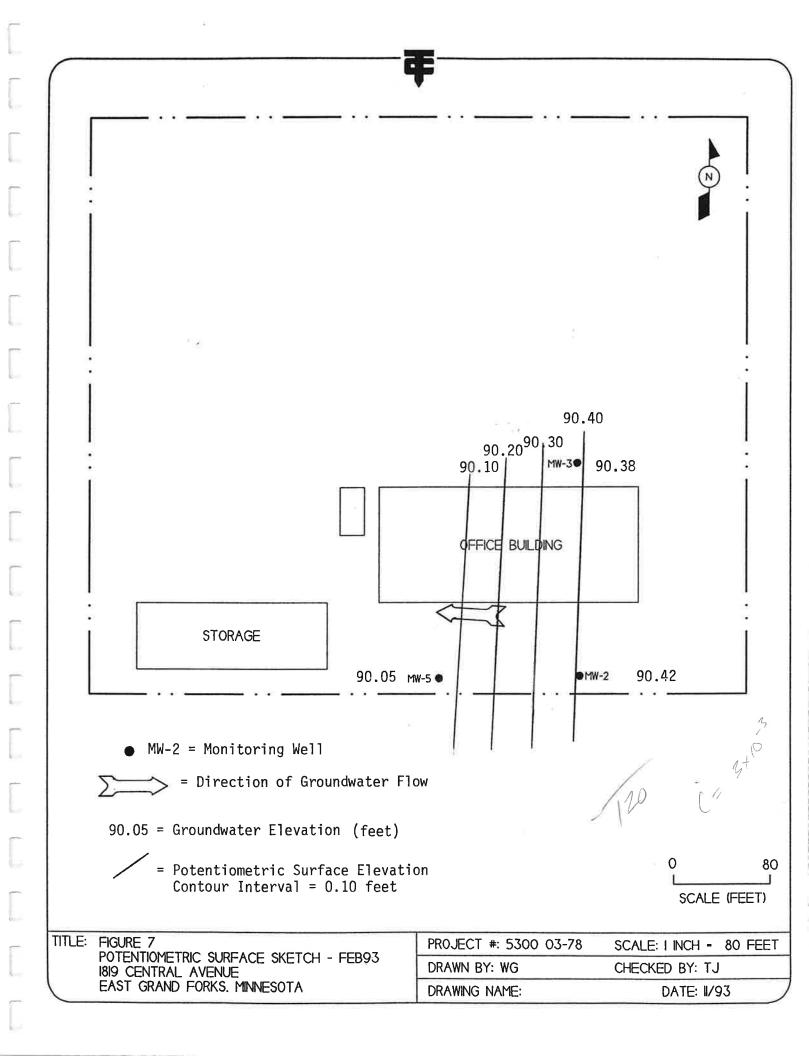


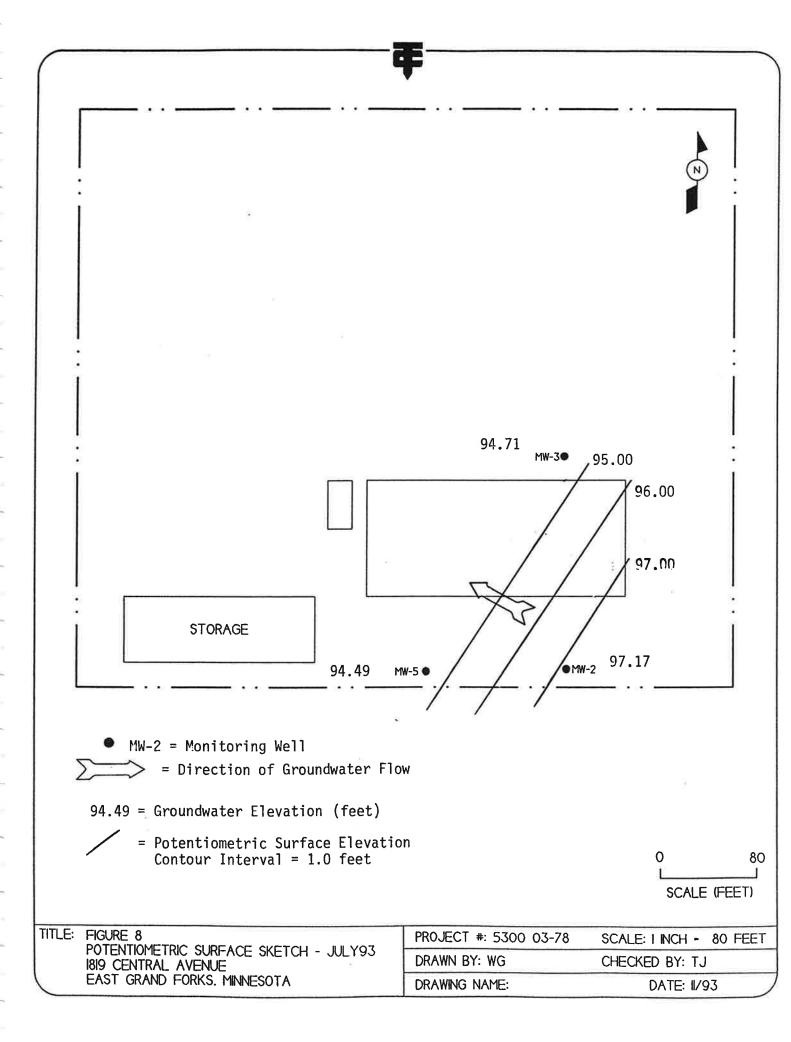


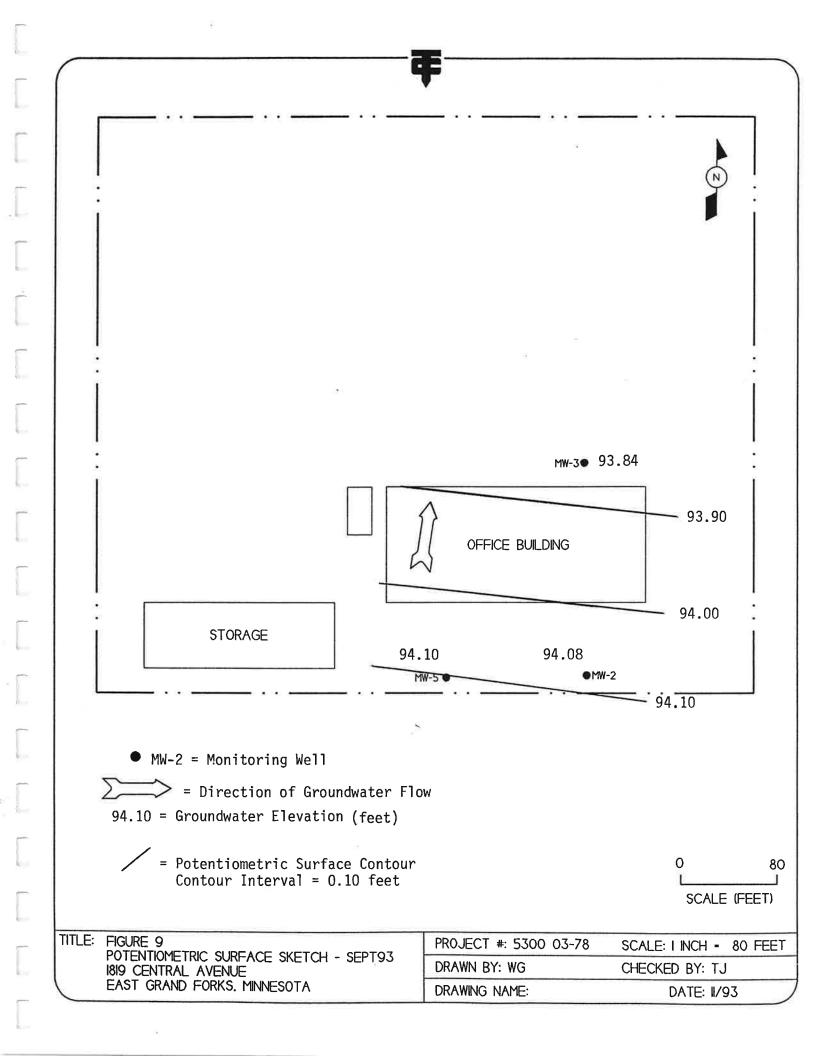














### **Twin City Testing Corporation**

601 East 48th Street North Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104-0698 (605) 332-5371

(605) 332-53/1 Fax: (605) 332-8488

REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

PROJECT: AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK

DATE: February 12, 1993

**REPORTED TO:** 

Twin City Testing Corporation

Attn: Brad Torgerson 1555-C North 42nd Street Grand Forks, ND 58206

**LABORATORY NO: 6600 03-101** 

### INTRODUCTION

On January 15, 1993, our laboratory received samples from the above referenced site. We were requested to conduct an analysis to determine the concentration of benzene, toluene, xylene, ethylbenzene, methyl tertiary butyl ether, gasoline range organics (GRO), and total lead in the samples according to EPA Methods.

### SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

TCT #	<u>Identification</u>
93-1482	SB-1, 9½-11½'
93-1483	SB-2, 7-9'
93-1484	SB-3, 7-9'
93-1485	SB-4, 7-9'
93-1486	SB-5, 7-9'
93-1487	SB-6, 7-9'

### METHODOLOGY

GRO concentrations were determined using methods similar to Wisconsin Gasoline Range Organics Methods with a Tekmar LSC-2 Liquid Sample Concentrator on a Perkin Elmer Sigma 3B Gas Chromatograph equipped with a flame ionization detector. Compounds were identified by column retention time and quantified by peak area comparisons to those of known standards using a Hewlett Packard 3396A Integrator.

The samples for lead were analyzed according to Method 3050 referenced in USEPA Methods Manual SW846. The solutions for lead were analyzed using a GBC Model 904 Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer.

### REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

LABORATORY NO. 6600 03-101

DATE: February 12, 1993

PAGE: 2

### RESULTS

The results of the GRO analysis are listed in Table 1. The results of the lead analysis are listed in Table 2.

### REMARKS

The samples were taken on January 13, 1993. The samples for GRO were analyzed on January 22, 23 and 26, 1993. The samples for GRO were consumed in the analysis. The sample extracts will be held for thirty days from the date of this report, then discarded unless other arrangements are made.

TWIN CITY TESTING CORPORATION

Mark Edeen

Gas Chromatography

Atomic Absorption

Dan T. Hanson

Chemistry Manager

ME/VV/DTH/kk 3-1011&g.gf

TABLE 1
GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS ANALYSIS
#6600 03-101
February 12, 1993

Parameter	SB-1 93-1482	SB-2 93-1483	SB-3 93-1484	MDL
GRO	ND	240,000	ND	5,000
Benzene	ND	20,000	ND	50
Toluene	ND	5,900	ND	50
Xylene	ND	11,000	ND	50
Ethylbenzene	Nd	3,700	ND	50
Methyl tertiary butyl ether	ND	11,000	ND	50
SURROGATE RECOVERY: $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -Trifluorotoluene	104%	100%	105%	

All values are in ug/kg. ug/kg is equal to parts per billion.

MDL - Method Detection Limit

ND - Not Detected



# TABLE 1 (cont.) GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS ANALYSIS #6600 03-101 February 12, 1993

Parameter	SB-4 93-1485	SB-5 93-1486	SB-6 93-1487	MDL
GRO	ND	ND	130,000	5,000
Benzene	ND	ND	9,000	50
Toluene	ND	ND	4,200	50
Xylene	ND	ND	12,000	50
Ethylbenzene	Nd	ND	5,900	50
Methyl tertiary butyl ether	ND	ND	4,500	50
SURROGATE RECOVERY: $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -Trifluorotoluene	105%	103%	108%	

All values are in ug/kg. ug/kg is equal to parts per billion.

MDL - Method Detection Limit

ND - Not Detected



TABLE 2 LEAD ANALYSIS #6600 03-101 February 12, 1993

		Lower
		Detectable
TCT #	<u>Lead</u>	Limit_
93-1482	7.3	2.0
93-1483	8.2	2.0
93-1484	7.2	2.0
93-1485	6.9	2.0
93-1486	4.6	2.0
93-1487	5.8	2.0

All results are in mg/kg.





REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSES

62 CROMWELL AVENUE ST. PAUL, MN 55114 PHONE 612/645-3601

PROJECT:

AMERICAN FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, 5400 93-48

DATE: February 20, 1993

**REPORTED TO:** 

Twin City Testing

Attn: Brad Torgerson 1505-C North 42nd Street Grand Forks, ND 58206

**LABORATORY NO: 4410 03-1012** 

### **INTRODUCTION**

This report presents the results of the analyses of five samples received on February 2, 1993, from a representative of Twin City Testing, Grand Forks. The scope of our services was limited to the parameters listed in the attached tables.

### **METHODOLOGY**

Analyses are performed according to Twin City Testing Standard Operating Procedures. The procedures are based on the references stated in the analytical results tables.

### RESULTS

The results are listed in the attached tables.

### REMARKS

The samples were collected on February 1, 1993. If samples are not consumed in the analysis, they are held for three months from the date of sample receipt and then disposed, unless written instructions to the contrary are received.

TWIN CITY TESTING CORPORATION

od Mitchell

Todd Mitchell

Project Manager

Susan Max

Laboratory Manager

TM/SM/NJW

### VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in µg/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	Method Blank	Method Blank	Method Blank	MW-2 <sup>2</sup>	
TCT ID:				308437	
Compound:					PQL
Acetone Allyl Chloride	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	10 10
Benzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	i
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	<sup>s</sup> ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	2	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	, ND	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2 **
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane (continued)	ND	ND	ND	ND	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Chromatographic profile also contains unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



## VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	Method Blank	Method Blank	Method Blank	MW-2 <sup>2</sup>	
TCT ID:				308437	
Compound:					<u>PQL</u>
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	3	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	ND	ND	10
Toluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	5	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Date Analyzed:	2/8-9/93	2/10-11/93	2/11-12/93	2/10-12/93	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Chromatographic profile also contains unidentified high boiling hydrocarbons.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

### VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in µg/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-3	MW-5	Trip Blank	Bailer Blank	
TCT ID:	308438	308439	308440	308441	
Compound:					<u>POL</u>
Acetone	ND	ND	ND	ND	10
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND *	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane (continued)	ND	ND	ND	ND	1

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-3	MW-5	Trip Blank	Bailer Blank	
TCT ID:	308438	308439	308440	308441	
Compound:					<u>PQL</u>
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	ND	ND	10
Toluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	ND	ND	1
Date Analyzed:	2/10/93	2/10/93	2/8-9/93	2/10-11/93	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



### GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS RESULTS EPA METHOD 8020

(All values are in  $\mu g/L$  which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	Method Blank	MW-2	MW-3	MW-5	
TCT ID:		308437	308438	308439	
Parameter:					<u>POL</u>
Gasoline Range Organics	ND	110	ND	ND	30
Surrogate Recovery:					
$\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -Trifluorotoluene	101%	107%	104%	103%	
Date Collected:		2/1/93	2/1/93	2/1/93	
Date Analyzed:	2/3/93	2/3/93	2/3/93	2/3/93	

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference: EPA Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, SW-846, November 1986, 3rd Edition.

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, PUBL-SW-140, April 1992.

### **ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

(All values are in µg/L which is equal to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:

MW-2

MW-3

MW-5

TCT ID:

308437

308438

308439

<u>Parameter</u>				<u>POL</u>	Test <u>Date</u>	Test Method
Lead	ND	ND	ND	50	2/9/93	200.7

ND = Not Detected

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

Reference: Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, EPA-600/4-79-020, March, 1983.

13-38 twincity testing

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

TCT NO.

04309

101-80 Sea- AMERIC TCT USE ONLY 占して Nogha CUSTODY SEALINTACTINUMBER 01hh TEMPERATURE OF CONTAINER SAMPLE CONDITION PROJ. MGR. JOB NAME INVOICE # PRIORITY

スス

Avenue

Central

TOT CONTACT | 819 Central | PROJECT NAME | 5400 95- 48

Federal Saving Bank

Hym erican

Torserson

Brad

FILTERED (YES/NO) /N/N/N

CLIENT P.O. #1 PROJECT NO. 93-48

SHLL TO (CO. NAME, ADDRESS)

SYLL TO (CO. NAME, ADDRESS)

80

Œ

PRESERVED (CODE) REFRIGERATED (Y/N)

ANALYSES REQUEST

PHONE

CLIENT CONTACT/ADDRESS IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE

CLIENT ADDRESS

Brad Torgers B SAMPLED BY PRINT NAMBSIGNATURE 2-1-93 DATECTIME SAMPLED

CODE A - NONE
B - HNO3
C - H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
D - NaOH
E - HCI

UNKNOWN K (COMMENT BELOW)

POSSIBLE HAZARD: YES \_\_

DISPOSAL BY LABY

SAMPLE DISPOSAL: RETURN TO CLIENT \_\_\_

7/2/2

35

9

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CHECK AMOUNT PREPAY Y/N CHECK NO.

3 MW BOHYESP 6RO MTB MATRIX NO. OF CONTAINER TYPE (ADDITIONAL CHARGES MAY BE ASSESSED) CLIENT SAMPLE ID.

7	CLIENT SAMPLE ID.	MAIRIX	MAI HIX CONTAINERS									REMARKS	TCT NO
	MW-2 02011360 Water	Water	ħ	# Som I VOAS	×	×	_						4004
	mw-3, 0201/045 water	wader	J	4	*	*	./						1007
	MM-5 02011247	water	7	4	X	* *							2004
	Trip Blank, oza 905 Water	water	<b>et</b> 3	40 ml vogs	×								Z S
	Bailer Blanic Ozoning Water	Water	43	Hom vons	*								30841
-				8									100 A
-													
							-	-			$\vdash$		
_			c		8	-		-					
						+	-		-	İ	╁		

2

S.S 4.30

Bread Expess

TIME

DATE

ACCEPTED BY / AFFILIATION

RELINQUISHED BY / AFFILIATION

NO.

2-1-93

A. - bo-ne Lanka

5

Bred Torgeren

Contamination

hydroxarbon

Possible

Additional Comments

9



REPORT OF: CHEMICAL ANALYSES

662 CROMWELL AVENUE ST. PAUL, MN 55114 PHONE 612/645-3601

PROJECT:

AMERICA FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, 5300 03-78

**DATE:** August 6, 1993

REPORTED TO:

Twin City Testing Corporation

Attn: Wayne Gerzewski 2105 7th Avenue N Fargo, ND 58102

**LABORATORY NO: 4410 03-2037** 

### INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the analyses of five samples received on July 20, 1993, from a representative of Twin City Testing Corporation, Fargo branch. The scope of our services was limited to the parameters listed in the attached tables.

### METHODOLOGY

Analyses are performed according to Twin City Testing Standard Operating Procedures. The procedures are based on the references stated in the analytical results tables.

### RESULTS

The results are listed in the attached tables.

### REMARKS

The samples were collected on July 18, 1993. If samples are not consumed in the analysis, they are held for two months from the date of sample receipt and then disposed, unless written instructions to the contrary are received.

TWIN CITY TESTING CORPORATION

Todd Mitchell

Project Manager

Stephanie Kidder Laboratory Manager

TM/SK/jd

### VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:

Method Blank

**Method Blank** 

TCT ID:

Compound:			<u>PQL</u>
Acetone	ND	ND	10
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
(continued)			

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:

Method Blank

Method Blank

TCT ID:

Compound:			<u>PQL</u>
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	5
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	5
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	10
Toluene	ND	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
Date Analyzed:	7/31-8/1/93	7/30-31/93	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



### VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	
TCT ID:	323109	323111	323112	
Compound:				POL
Acetone	ND	ND	ND	10
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	1	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	1	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	î
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	1
· F - F	ND	ND	ND	î

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	MW-5	MW-2	MW-3	
TCT ID:	323109	323111	323112	
Compound:				<u>PQL</u>
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	5
Ethylbenzene	ND	15	ND	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	ND	1
X Isopropylbenzene	ND	2	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	ND	5
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	ND	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	ND	1
	ND	4	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND	ND	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	ND	10
Toluene	ND	21	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	ND	1
↑ 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5	ND	1
× 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	2	ND	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	9	ND	1
Date Analyzed:	7/30-31/93	7/30-31/93	7/30-31/93	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.



### **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MNDH METHOD 465D**

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	Blank	Bailer Blank	
TCT ID:	323113	323114	
Compound:			POL
Acetone	ND	ND	10
Allyl Chloride	ND	ND	10
Benzene	ND	ND	1
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	1
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ND	1
Bromoform	ND	ND	5
Bromomethane	ND	ND	2
n-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ND	ND	2
Chloroform	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ND	ND	5
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	ND	5
Dibromochloromethane	, ND	ND	1
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	2
Dibromomethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND ·	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	1
2,2 Diomoropropare	עא	ND	1

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit ND = Not Detected

(continued)



# VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (continued) MNDH METHOD 465D

(All values are in  $\mu$ g/L which is equivalent to parts-per-billion)

Client ID:	Blank	Bailer Blank	
TCT ID:	323113	323114	
Compound:			<u>PQL</u>
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	1
Ethyl Ether	ND	ND	5
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ND	ND	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	ND	5
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	ND	ND	1
Methylene chloride	ND	ND	1
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1
n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	2	1
Tetrahydrofuran	ND	ND	10
Toluene	ND	ND	1
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	ND	1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND =	ND	1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2
o-Xylene, Styrene <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
m-p-Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	ND	ND	1
Date Analyzed:	7/30-31/93	7/30/93	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compounds not separated by this method.

PQL = Practical Quantitation Limit

ND = Not Detected

Reference:

Minnesota Department of Health, Method 465D.

