WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Great Plains Region

Project/Site:L3RApplicant:EnbridgeInvestigators:BEH/BCSSoil Unit:I134ALandform:DepressionSlope (%):0 - 2%Latitude:Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typicalAre Vegetation□, or HydrologyConditions□, or HydrologyConditions□, or Hydrology				7 <mark>04467</mark> s time of yea disturbed?	_Subregion <u>cal Relief:</u> Longitude: ar? (If no, exp	NW CL -97.041	Classification: 86333 Datum: ks) ☑ Yes □ No normal circumstances present?		□ No	Date:06/23/14County:KittsonState:MNWetland ID:Sample Point:Sample Point:w-160n49w30-a1Community ID:Section:Section:Township:
Are Vegetatio		l □, or Hydrology S	Laturally prot	piematic?			⊠ Yes	□ No		Range: Dir:
			Yes	Yes				Hydric Soils Present? Yes		
Wetland Hydr			Yes							t Within A Wetland? Yes
Remarks: The wetland is located in a roadside ditch dominated by common spikerush and a mixture of grass species. HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check all that apply; Minimum of one primary or two secondary required):										
Primary:		·					y 1	,	Secondary:	
 A1 - Surface Water A2 - High Water Table A3 - Saturation B1 - Water Marks B2 - Sediment Deposits B3 - Drift Deposits B4 - Algal Mat or Crust B5 - Iron Deposits B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery B9 - Water-Stained Leaves 				 B11 - Salt Crust B13 - Aquatic Fauna C1 - Hydrogen Sulfide Odor C2 - Dry Season Water Table C3 - Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (not tille C4 - Presence of Reduced Iron C7 - Thin Muck Surface Other (Explain) 					 B6 - Surface Soil Cracks B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface B10 - Drainage Patterns C3 - Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (tilled) C8 - Crayfish Burrows C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery D2 - Geomorphic Position D5 - FAC-Neutral Test D7 - Frost-Heaved Hummocks (LRR F) 	
Field Observ	ations:									
Surface Water Present? Yes Image: Depthysical system Operation Operation						Present? Y				
Describe Reco	orded Data (stream gauge, mon	itoring well, aeria	al photos, pre	evious insp	ections),	if available:			
Remarks: Three inches of standing water is present at the sample point. SOILS Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)										
		letion, RM=Reduced M								
							-			1
Depth (In.)		Matrix Color (Moist)	%	Color (I	Moist)	Mottle %	es Type	Location	Texture	Remarks
							1			1

NPCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present).

NRCS Hydri	ic Soil Field Indicators (check here i	if indicators are not present):			
	A1- Histosol A2 - Histic Epipedon A3 - Black Histic	 S5 - Sandy Redox S6 - Stripped Matrix F1 - Loamy Muck Mineral 	Indicators for Problematic Soils¹ □ A9 - 1cm Muck (LRR I, J) □ A16 - Cost Prairie Redox (LRR F, G, H) □ S7 - Dark Surface (LRR G)		
	A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide A5 - Stratified Layers (LRR F) A9 - 1 cm Muck (LRR FGH) A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface A12 - Thick Dark Surface S1 - Sandy Muck Mineral	 F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix F3 - Depleted Matrix F6 - Redox Dark Surface F7 - Depleted Dark Surface F8 - Redox Depressions F16 - High Plains Depressions (MLF 	 F16 - High Plains Depressions (LRR H, outisde MLRA 72, 73) F18 - Reduced Vertic TF2 - Red Parent Material TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface Other (Explain in Remarks) 		
	S2 - 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (LRR G, H) S3 - 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (LRR F) S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix		¹ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.		
Restrictive Layer	Туре:	Depth:	Hydric Soil Present? Y		
Remarks:	Soil was not sampled due to safety cond vegetation and surface water.	cerns with digging in a roadside ditcl	h. The soil is assumed to be hydric based on the presence of hydrophytic		

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Great Plains Region

Project/Site:	L3R				Sample Point: w-160n49w30-a1	
VEGETATIO	N (Species identified in all uppercase are	e non-native	species.)			
Tree Stratum	(Plot size: 30 ft. radius)					
	<u>Species Name</u>	<u>% Cover</u>	Dominant	Ind.Status	S Dominance Test Worksheet	
1.						
2.					Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)	
3.						
4.					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)	
5.						
6.					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)	
7.						
8.					Prevalence Index Worksheet	
9.					Total % Cover of: Multiply by:	
10.					OBL spp. 31 $X 1 = 31$	
	 Total Cover =	0			FACW spp. 10 $x 2 = 20$	
	-				FAC spp. 0 $X 3 = 0$	
Sapling/Shrub	Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft. radius)				FAC spp.0x3 =0FACU spp.15x4 =60	
1.					UPL spp. 0 $x 5 = 0$	
2.						
3.					Total <u>56</u> (A) <u>111</u> (B)	
4.						
5.					Prevalence Index = $B/A = 1.982$	
6.	-					
7.	-					
8.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
9.					Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	
10.	-				X Dominance Test is > 50%	
10.	Total Cover =	0			$\frac{1}{X} \qquad \text{Prevalence Index is } \leq 3.0 \text{ *}$	
		0				
					Morphological Adaptations (Explain) *	
	(Plot size: 5 ft. radius)	00	V		Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) *	
1.	Eleocharis palustris	30	Y	OBL		
2.	Phalaris arundinacea	10	<u>N</u>	FACW		
3.	Elymus trachycaulus	10	<u>N</u>	FACU		
4.	Phleum pratense	5	<u>N</u>	FACU		
5.	Typha angustifolia	1	N	OBL		
6					Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast	
7.					height (DBH), regardless of height.	
8.						
9.					Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH, regardless of height.	
10.						
11.						
12.					Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size.	
13.						
14.						
15.					Woody Vines - All woody vines, regardless of height.	
	Total Cover =	56				
	-					
Woody Vine St	tratum (Plot size: 30 ft. radius)					
1.						
2.						
3.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Y	
5.						
4.						
	Total Cover =	0				
Remarks:	The ditch is dominated by common spikerush	n, reed car	nary grass	, and slen	nder wheatgrass.	
			, 0			
Additional Remarks:						
Autional						