WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: SPP City/County: Carlton Sampling Date: 6/26/2013 11:38:49 AM

Applicant/Owner: Enbridge State: MN Sampling Point: CRC5051_200a2

Investigator(s): CDH/RJC Section, Township, Range: _____

Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Depression Local relief (concave, convex, none): LL

Slope (%): 0 - 2% Lat: 46.5891555684952 Long: -92.8489439333155 Datum: _____

Soil Map Unit Name: 990 NWI classification: PSSB

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✔ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✔ No _____

Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes ✔	No _____	**Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?** **Yes** ✔ **No** _____
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes ✔	No _____	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: _____
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes ✔	No _____	

Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
Hardwood swamp downslope from northern wet mesic hardwood forest.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)

- ☐ Surface Water (A1)
- ✔ High Water Table (A2)
- ✔ Saturation (A3)
- ☐ Water Marks (B1)
- ☐ Sediment Deposits (B2)
- ☐ Drift Deposits (B3)
- ☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- ☐ Iron Deposits (B5)
- ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13)
- ☐ Marl Deposits (B15)
- ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
- ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)
- ☐ Moss Trim Lines (B16)
- ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- ☐ Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- ☐ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
- ✔ Geomorphic Position (D2)
- ☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- ☐ Microtopographic Relief (D4)
- ✔ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes ☐	No ✔	Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present?	Yes ✔	No ☐	Depth (inches): 0.00
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes ✔	No ☐	Depth (inches): 0.00

Wetland Hydrology Present? **Yes** ✔ **No** ☐

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
Saturation observed at surface.

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: CRC5051

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. Populus tremuloides	20	Yes	FAC
2. Acer saccharum	10	Yes	FACU
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
Total Cover: 30			
50% of total cover: ____ 20% of total cover: ____			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)			
1. Fraxinus nigra	20	Yes	FACW
2. Populus tremuloides	10	No	FAC
3. Acer saccharum	10	No	FACU
4. Alnus incana	10	No	FACW
5. Corylus cornuta	5	No	FACU
6.			
Total Cover: 55			
50% of total cover: ____ 20% of total cover: ____			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)			
1. Calamagrostis canadensis	40	Yes	OBL
2. Rubus pubescens	30	Yes	FACW
3. Carex brunnescens	10	No	FACW
4. Impatiens pallida	10	No	FACW
5. Lycopus uniflorus	10	No	OBL
6. Poa palustris	10	No	FACW
7. Solidago gigantea	10	No	FACW
8. Carex intumescens	5	No	FACW
9. Galium asprellum	5	No	OBL
10. Ribes hirtellum	5	No	FACW
11. Stachys palustris	5	No	OBL
Total Cover: 145			
50% of total cover: ____ 20% of total cover: ____			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)			
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
Total Cover: 0			
50% of total cover: ____ 20% of total cover: ____			

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 80 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:		Multiply by:	
OBL species	65	x 1 =	65
FACW species	110	x 2 =	220
FAC species	30	x 3 =	90
FACU species	25	x 4 =	100
UPL species	0	x 5 =	0
Column Totals:	230 (A)		475 (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.07

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ___ Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
- ✔ Dominance Test is >50%
- ✔ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0[1]
- ___ Morphological Adaptations[1] (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
- ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation[1] (Explain)

[1]Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? **Yes** ✔ **No** ____

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Mature aspen dominating canopy with black ash dominating shrub layer. Bluejoint and dwarf raspberry dominate herbaceous layer.

SOIL

Sampling Point: CRC5051

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	Matrix %	Redox Features Color (moist)	Redox Features %	Type[1]	Loc[2]	Texture	Remarks
0 - 8	10YR 2/2	100					MMI	
8 - 14	10YR 3/1	90	10YR 4/6	10.00	C	M	SC	

[1]Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. [2]Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ___ Histosol (A1)
- ✔ Histic Epipedon (A2)
- ___ Black Histic (A3)
- ___ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- ___ Stratified Layers (A5)
- ___ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- ___ Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- ___ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- ___ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- ___ Sandy Redox (S5)
- ___ Stripped Matrix (S6)
- ___ Dark Surface (S7) (**LRR R, MLRA 149B**)
- ___ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (**LRR R, MLRA 149B**)
- ___ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (**LRR R, MLRA 149B**)
- ___ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (**LRR K, L**)
- ___ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- ___ Depleted Matrix (F3)
- ___ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- ___ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- ___ Redox Depressions (F8)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils[3]:

- ___ 2 cm Muck (A10) (**LRR K, L, MLRA 149B**)
- ___ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (**LRR K, L, R**)
- ___ 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (**LRR K, L, R**)
- ___ Dark Surface (S7) (**LRR K, L**)
- ___ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (**LRR K, L**)
- ___ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (**LRR K, L**)
- ___ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (**LRR K, L, R**)
- ___ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (**MLRA 149B**)
- ___ Mesic Spodic (TA6) (**MLRA 144A, 145, 149B**)
- ___ Red Parent Material (F21)
- ___ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- ___ Other (Explain in Remarks)

[3]Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: Large rocks.

Depth (inches): 14.00

Hydric Soil Present? **Yes** ✔ **No** ___

Remarks: Redox observed at 8 inches. Could only dig to 14 inches due to large rocks.