











MINNESOTA SAFETY COUNCIL

Drive SAFE Live SAFE

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# The Forces Involved If you shift the fulcrum to one side, it takes much more force to lift the same object. Your waist acts like the fulcrum in a lever system, on a 10:1 ratio. Lifting a ten pound object puts 100 pounds of pressure on your lower back. Image: State of the same object was an example.









## Result Of Poor Posture/Awkward Position

The compression on the discs becomes uneven and the muscles are in weaker positions, which can increase the risk of back injury.

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### Maintain Neutral Posture

- Postures where the body is aligned and balanced.
- Neutral postures minimize the stress applied to muscles, tendons, nerves and bones and allows for maximum control and force production.

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- Anything held away from your body is 7-10 times heavier to lift than anything held close. This means that the pressure on your back is also 7-10 times greater.
- Keeping the load close reduces the amount of force needed to lift, which also reduces the pressure on your spine.

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# Manual material handling solutions Reduce size. Provide handles. Use mechanical assists. Eliminate twisting & awkward positions.

























































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H <sub>2</sub> S	Effects of human		
0.13	Odor threshold		
10	PEL		
100	Coughing, eye irritation, loss of sense of smell after 2 to 5 minutes.		
500-700	Loss of consciousness and possible death in 30 minutes to one hour.		
1000-2000	Unconsciousness at once and death in a few minutes. <u>Death</u> may occur even if individual is moved to fresh air.		





















# What PPE do I need for: Receiving or Sorting Wastes?

- safety glasses with side shields or goggles
- footwear with reinforced toe protection or protective toe caps
- protective gloves
- long-sleeved shirt and pants or the equivalent
- protective apron or equivalent
- reflective vests for event collections
- respirator (if Facility has written respirator plan)

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- poly-coated-tyvek coverall or apron
- safety glasses with side shields or goggles

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- latex or nitrile gloves
- footwear protection
- chemically resistant gloves (if bulking flammables or aerosols)
- respiratory protection according to respiratory protection plan (if bulking flammables or aerosols).

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## What PPE do I need for: Lab Packing?

- safety glasses, goggles, or equivalent eye protection
- footwear with reinforced toe or toe caps or equivalent foot protection
- appropriate protective gloves
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants, or equivalent, Tyvek or equivalent
- respirator use (only if Facility has respirator program, see SOP 2.5 Respirator Program).
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- safety glasses with side shields, goggles, or equivalent
- foot protection
- protective gloves
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants or equivalent
- protective apron or equivalent

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• respirator (if Facility has written respirator plan)

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## What PPE do I need for: INCIDENTAL Spill Clean up

- Poly-coated Tyvek coverall or equivalent
- safety glasses or goggles
- chemical resistant gloves
- chemical resistant boot covers
- respiratory protection according to Facility respiratory protection plan
























































































Receiving/Sorting				
Hazard	Control Methods/Prevention			
	Safety cones and other safety markings, signs, adequate staffing for event, safety vests and other personal protective equipment, sand/salt, shovel, prevent ice buildup, signs			
Tripping, back injury, repetitive stress, etc. associated with material handling				
Inhalation of vapor or gas				
Splashes/dermal contact/ingestion				
Heat Stress				
Fire/explosion static				
Spills/leaking containers				
Noise				
Cuts/injuries				
Incompatibility concerns				
Punctures				
Other				
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Hazard Inhalation of vapor or gas	Control Methods/Prevention Respiratory protection (full-face or ½ mask) including the use of proper cartridges for the work being done, ventilation and make- up air	
Splashes/dermal contact		
Fire/explosion/ static		
Tripping, back injury, repetitive stress, etc., associated with material handling		
Cuts/injuries		
Spills/leaking containers		
Heat Stress		
Noise		
Tripping/slipping hazards		
Integrity of containers		
Incompatibility concerns		
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Lab packing	Control Methods/Prevention	
Inhalation of	Respiratory protection (full-face or ½ mask)	
vapor or gas	including the use of proper cartridges for the work being done, ventilation and make-up air	
Inhalation of dust, vapor, or gas		
Fire/explosion static		
Dermal Contact		
Tripping, back injury, repetitive stress, etc., associated with material handling		
Integrity of containers (lab pack and original chemical)		
Incompatibility: chemical to chemical or to sorbent packing material)		
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